SEDGWICK, DETERT, MORAN & ARNOLD 1 JOHN T. RONAN, III (Bar No. 038372) R. SCOTT DIAZ (Bar No. 172301) FEB 2 4 1995 One Embarcadero Center, 16th Floor 3 San Francisco, California 94111-3765 Telephone: (415) 781-7900 MARIN COUNTY CLERK BY: E. Keswick Deputy 5 | Attorneys for Defendants AKZÓ NOBEL COATINGS, INC. 6 7 IN THE SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 8 9 IN AND FOR THE COUNTY OF MARIN 10 AS YOU SOW, a non-profit NO. 161842 11 corporation, STIPULATION FOR ENTRY OF 12 JUDGMENT; AND ORDER OF JUDGMENT Plaintiff, 13 14 AKZO NOBEL COATINGS, INC., et) 15 al., Defendants. 16 17 18 19 IT IS HEREBY STIPULATED, by and between plaintiff As 20 You Sow and defendant Akzo Nobel Coatings, Inc., through their respective representatives, that judgment in the above-entitled 21 action be entered in accordance with the terms of the settlement agreement between the parties, attached hereto as Exhibit A. 23 l /// 24

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SDSF2/105047

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February Dated: Clifford Attorneys for Plaintiff AS YOU SOW Dated: Roman, Attorneys for Defendant JAKZO NOBEL COATINGS, INC. IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that judgment be entered in accordance with the terms of the stipulation between the parties. the Superior Court

STIPULATION FOR ENTRY OF JUDGMENT; AND $\Omega\!RDER$ OF JUDGMENT SDSF2/105047

SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT

On January 31, 1995 in San Francisco, California, As You Sow ("AYS") and Akzo Nobel Coatings Inc. ("Akzo Nobel") agreed to the following terms and conditions:

WHEREAS:

AYS is a not-for-profit public interest foundation dedicated to promoting consumer awareness, protecting the environment and improving human health; and

Akzo Nobel is a company that manufactures and distributes coatings and paint products including, but not limited to, paints, primers, enamels, lacquers, urethanes, accelerators, hardeners, reducers, toners, bases, sealers, adhesives, fillers, putties, cleaners, additives, and other special-purpose products in the State of California that contain Proposition 65 listed chemicals including, but not limited to, carbon black, formaldehyde, chromium (hexavalent compounds) (including, for example, zinc chromate, strontium chromate, lead chromate and chromium oxide), lead and lead compounds (including, for example, lead chromate lead molybdate, lead sulfate, and lead titanate), silica (crystalline), antimony trioxide, toluene diisocyonate monomers, toluene, cadmium and cadmium compounds (including, for example, cadmium sulfoselenide 108, cadmium sulfide, cadmium sulfide/zinc sulfide, and cadmium sulfoselenide 20), nickel and nickel compounds, ethylene glycol monomethyl ether, and ethylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate; and

On January 1, 1991, toluene was officially listed by the State of California as a chemical known to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm, pursuant to Health and Safety Code §25249.8; and

(In February 27, 1987, chromium (hexavalent compounds) was officially listed by the State of California as a chemical known to cause cancer, pursuant to Health and Safety Code §25249.8; and

On February 27, 1987, lead was officially listed by the State of California as a chemical known to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm, and on October 1, 1992, lead and lead compounds were officially listed by the State of California as chemicals known to cause cancer, pursuant to Health and Safety Code §25249.8; and

On October 1, 1988, silica (crystalline) was officially listed by the State of California as a chemical known to cause cancer, pursuant to Health & Safety Code §25249.8; and

On January 1, 1988, formaldehyde was officially listed by the State of California as a chemical known to cause cancer, pursuant to Health & Safety Code §25249.8; and

On January 1, 1990, carbon black was officially listed by the State of California as a chemical known to cause cancer, pursuant to Health & Safety Code §25249.8; and

On October 1, 1990, antimony trioxide was officially listed by the State of California as a chemical known to cause cancer, pursuant to Health and Safety Codes §25249.8; and

On October 1, 1989, toluene diisocyonate was officially listed by the State of California as a chemical known to cause cancer, pursuant to Health and Safety Codes §25249.8; and

On October 1, 1987, cadmium and cadmium compounds (including, but not limited to, cadmium sulfoselenide 108, cadmium sulfide, cadmium sulfide, and cadmium sulfoselenide 20), were officially listed by the State of California as chemicals known to cause cancer pursuant to Health and Safety Codes §25249.8; and

On October 1, 1989, nickel and nickel compounds were officially listed by the State of California as chemicals known to cause cancer pursuant to Health and Safety Codes §25249.8; and

On January 1, 1989, ethylene glycol monomethyl ether and ethylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate compounds were officially listed by the State of California as chemicals known to cause borth defects or other reproductive harm pursuant to Health and Safety Codes §25249.8; and

On July 29, 1994, AYS provided Akzo Nobel with a document entitled "60-Day Notice" which provided Akzo Nobel with notice of its alleged failure to provide warnings relating to toluene in its products in violation of Health and Safety Code §25249.6; and

On September 30, 1994, AYS provided Akzo Nobel with an additional document entitled "60-Day Notice" of its alleged failure to provide warnings relating to Proposition 65 chemicals including, but not limited to carbon black, formaldehyde, chromium (hexavalent compounds), lead and lead compounds and silica (crystalline) in violation of Health and Safety Code \$25249.6 and

On December 16, 1994, AYS provided Akzo Nobel with an additional document entitled "60-Day Notice" of its alleged failure to provide warnings relating to Proposition 65 chemicals including, but not limited to antimony trioxide, toluene

, diisocyonate, aluminum flake, and C.I. Pigment Brown in violation of Health and Safety Code §25249.6 and

On December 20, 1994, AYS provided Akzo Nobel with an additional document entitled "60-Day Notice" of its alleged failure to provide warnings relating to Proposition 65 chemicals cadmium and cadmium compounds (including, but not limited to, cadmium sulfoselenide 108, cadmium sulfide, cadmium sulfide/zinc sulfide, and cadmium sulfoselenide 20), nickel and nickel compounds, ethylene glycol monomethyl ether, and ethylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate in violation of Health and Safety Code §25249.6 and

On October 12, 1994, AYS filed a complaint entitled AS You Sow v. Akzo Nobel, et al. (No. 161842) in California Superior Court for the County of Marin alleging violations of Business & Professions Code §17200 and Health & Safety Code §25249.6 on behalf of individuals in California who are being allegedly exposed to toluene, a Proposition 65-listed chemical in certain Akzo Nobel products; and

On December 23, 1994, AYS filed an amended complaint entitled As You Sow v. Akzo Nobel et al. (No. 161842) in Marin Superior Court alleging violations of Business and Professional Code §17200 and Health & Safety Code §25249.6 on behalf of individuals in California who are being allegedly exposed to toluene, carbon black, formaldehyde, chromium (hexavalent compounds), lead and lead compounds and silica (crystalline), and all Proposition 65-listed chemicals in certain Akzo Nobel products; and

On or about February 20, 1994, AYS shall amend its complaint entitled As You Sow v. Akzo Nobel et al. (No. 161842) in Marin Superior Court alleging violations of Business and Professional Code §17200 and Health & Safety Code §25249.6 on behalf of individuals in California who are being allegedly exposed to toluene, carbon black, formaldehyde, chromium (hexavalent compounds), lead and lead compounds and silica (crystalline), antimony trioxide, toluene diisocyonate, cadmium and cadmium compounds, nickel and nickel compounds, ethylene glycol monomethyl ether, and ethylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate and all Proposition 65-listed chemicals in certain Akzo Nobel products; and

AYS and Akzo Nobel desire to compromise, settle, and conclude all disputes, controversies, claims and causes of action of any kind which the parties hereto have, may have or claim to have against each other arising from or relating to the presence of Proposition 65 listed chemicals including but not limited to chromium (hexavalent compounds) (including, for example, zinc chromate, strontium chromate, lead chromate and chromium oxide), lead and lead compounds (including, for example, lead chromate

lead molybdate, lead sulfate, and lead titanate), silica (crystalline), formaldehyde, carbon black, antimony trioxide, toluene diisocyonate monomers, toluene, cadmium and cadmium compounds (including, but not limited to, cadmium sulfoselenide 108, cadmium sulfide, cadmium sulfide/zinc sulfide, and cadmium sulfoselenide 20), nickel and nickel compounds, ethylene glycol monomethyl ether, and ethylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate in Akzo Nobel's Products (as defined in \$1.1 below), so that Akzo Nobel has no further liability to AYS relating to or arising out of those Froduct's alleged failure to comply with Proposition 65, whether directly or by way of indemnification to retail or other sellers of the Products; and

In settling this matter on the terms and conditions hereinafter provided, AYS acknowledges that Akzo Nobel has made a good faith attempt to comply with §12601(c)(1)(C) by providing generic warnings to Akzo Nobel customers, distributors, retailers and jobbers, generic warning statements with some Material Safety Data Sheets sent into California, pursuant to California's Hazard Communication Standard.

AYS further acknowledges that Akzo Nobel has further made a good faith attempt to comply with § 12601(c)(1)(C) by providing warning materials to its customers, distributors, retailers and jobbers in October, 1994 which included warning stickers to be fastened to the labels of Products in their current inventory.

NOW, THEREFORE, THE PARTIES in and for good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which is hereby acknowledged, and in and for the covenants and promises hereinafter set forth, do hereby covenant and agree as follows:

1. Definitions.

1.1. "Products" manufactured or distributed by Akzo Nobel, For purposes of this settlement agreement, all coatings and paint products manufactured or distributed by Akzo Nobel's Car Refinish Business Unit including, but not Limited to, paints, primers, enamels, lacquers, urethanes, accelerators, hardeners, reducers, toners, bases, sealers, adhesives, fillers, putties, cleaners, additives, and other special-purpose products for automotive refinish and sign coatings that contain Proposition 65 listed chemicals, including, but not limited to chromium (hexavalent compounds) (including, for example, zinc chromate, strontium chromate, lead chromate and chromium oxide), lead and lead compounds (including, for example lead chromate lead molybdate, lead sulfate, and lead titanate), silica (crystalline), formaldehyde, carbon black, antimony trioxide, toluene diisocyonate monomers, toluene, cadmium and cadmium

compounds (including, but not limited to, cadmium sulfoselenide 108, cadmium sulfide, cadmium sulfide/zinc sulfide, and cadmium sulfoselenide 20), nickel and nickel compounds, ethylene glycol monomethyl ether, and ethylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate at levels that require a Proposition 65 warning. A list of Products which are covered by this Settlement Agreement is provided in Exhibit "A".

1.2. "Material Safety Data Sheet" ("MSDS") -- written or printed material containing information about a Product provided by Akzo Nobel to its customers to comply with state and federal Hazard Communications Program, 22 C.C.R. §5194 and 29 C.F.R. Part 1910, respectively.

2. Current Production.

- 2.1. Akzo Nobel agrees that after March 31, 1995, Akzo Nobel shall not directly sell in the State of California any of the Products it manufactures (or after June 30, 1995 for allied Products that Akzo distributes that are manufactured by other companies) unless each Product requiring a Proposition-65 warning bears a label warning as provided in ¶3.3.1-3.3.3, or Akzo Nobel affixes to the label of each Product a sticker with a clear and reasonable Proposition 65 warning.
- 2.2. The sticker shall read as hereinafter provided.
 - 2.2.1. For Products that contain as intended2/ ingredients Proposition 65 listed carcinogens only:

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

If is understood between the parties that the term "directly sell", as it appears throughout this Settlement Agreement defines those Products which Akzo knows or has reason to know will enter the state of California through Akzo Nobel's regular or planned distribution processes. Akzo shall not be liable for the distribution of those Products over which Akzo Nobel has no control.

It is understood between the parties that the term "intended ingredients" as it appears throughout this Settlement Agreement does not include unidentified and trace amounts of chemicals in products sold to Akzo Nobel by its suppliers.

2.2.2. For Products that contain as intended ingredients Proposition 65 listed reproductive toxicants:

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other

reproductive harm.

2.2.3. For Products that contain as intended ingredients Proposition 65 listed carcinogens and reproductive toxicants:

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

2.3. It is agreed that the sticker warning(s) in the form attached as Exhibit "B" shall constitute clear and reasonable warning(s) in compliance with Proposition 65.

3. Product Labeling.

3.1. Akzo Nobel shall begin within thirty (30) days, an orderly process of replacing its Product labels with reprinted Product labels to include a clear and reasonable Proposition 65 warning on the label of each Product as outlined in ¶ 3.1-3.3. The warning shall be

It is understood between the parties that the term "Products" as it appears in this provision (¶3) does not include those Allied Products Akzo Nobel distributes but does not manufacture. It is further understood Akzo Nobel will be in compliance with this Settlement Agreement, as it pertains to said Allied Products, by affixing the appropriate sticker warnings in accordance with provision 2.2.

printed on the label so that it is clear, reasonable and likely to be understood by an ordinary individual.

- 3.2. Akzo Nobel shall make best efforts to ensure that all Products directly sold in California by Akzo Nobel shall be labeled with reprinted Product labels containing the warnings of ¶3.3 no later than December 31, 1995. Notwithstanding this provision, Products manufactured prior to December 31, 1995 will be in compliance with this agreement so long as the Products are fastened with sticker warnings pursuant to provision 2 of this agreement.
- 3.3. The Label statement shall read as hereinafter provided.
 - 3.3.1. For Products that contain as intended ingredients Proposition 65 listed carcinogens only:

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

3.3.2. For Products that contain as intended ingredients Proposition 65 listed reproductive toxicants:

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

3.3.3. For Products that contain as intended ingredients Proposition 65 listed carcinogens and reproductive toxicants:

WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm.

- 3.4. It is agreed that the label warning(s) in the form attached as Exhibit "B" shall constitute clear and reasonable warning(s) in compliance with Proposition 65.
- 4. Warnings for Products in Commerce.
 - 4.1. In order to ensure that Proposition 65 warnings are provided for all Products previously shipped for sale into California without warnings, Akzo Nobel agrees that on or before March 31, 1995, it shall provide by

certified mail interim warning materials to direct customers, including wholesalers, distributors, jobbers, and body shops in the State of California that purchase Products directly from Akzo Nobel to provide warnings to those customers who were not provided warning materials by Akzo Nobel in October, 1994. The interim warning materials shall include sufficient warning stickers bearing safe harbor language and a letter of instruction for placement of the stickers on inventory not previously fastened with the warning stickers provided by Akzo Nobel in October 1994. A copy of this letter is attached hereto as Exhibit "C".

5. MSDS Revisions. Akzo Nobel will initiate revisions to its current Material Safety Data Sheets for the Products so that the warning on each MSDS will be consistent in wording with the on-label warning language required by ¶ 3.3.1-3.3.3. Final printed Material Safety Data Sheets incorporating the revised warnings will begin to be distributed promptly in the orderly and normal course of business and shall be completed on or before March 31, 1995. An example of an acceptable MSDS is attached as Exhibit "D".

6. Settlement Amount.

- 6.1. Restitution. As a restitutionary measure, Akzo Nobel agrees to contribute, pursuant to provision 16 of this agreement:
 - 5.1.1. \$35,000 to AYS for further enforcement of Proposition 65, for further educational materials by AYS and to contribute to the Environmental Law and Justice Clinic which is pursuing illegal toxic dumping into the San Francisco Bay.
 - 5.1.2. This restitutionary payment is being made pursuant to Business & Professions Code §17203.
- 6.2. Investigation. In an effort to defray AYS' investigation fees and costs, expert fees and costs, reasonable attorneys' fees, and any other costs incurred as a result of investigating and bringing this matter to Akzo Nobel's attention, litigating the matter, and negotiating a settlement in the public interest, Akzo Nobel shall pay AYS \$64,400 pursuant to provision 16 of this agreement.

6.3. Penalty.

- 6.3.1. Akzo Nobel further agrees to pay a civil penalty of \$20,000 pursuant to Health and Safety Code \$25249.7(d) in accordance with provision 16 of this agreement. Penalty monies shall be apportioned by AYS in accordance with Health and Safety Code \$25192.
- 7. Supplier information. Akzo Nobel agrees to provide AYS with representative Material Safety Data Sheets which Akzo Nobel has received from five of its suppliers of product components containing Proposition 65 chemicals lead, chromium, and toluene over the last two years, and representative copies of labels from the containers in which Akzo Nobel has received from five of its suppliers of products containing Proposition 65 chemicals lead, chromium, and toluene over the last two year period. Such information shall be provided to AYS by March 31, 1995.
- 8. No Admission. The parties agree to abide by the terms of this Settlement Agreement, however, nothing in the settlement will be construed as an admission by Akzo Nobel of any fact, finding, issue of law, or violation of law and it is understood and agreed that this Settlement Agreement and Release is a compromise of disputed claims.
- 9. Unenforceability. In the event that any of the provisions of the Agreement is held by a court to be unenforceable, the validity of the enforceable provisions shall not be adversely affected.
- 10. Governing Law. The terms of this Settlement Agreement will be governed by the laws of the State of California.
- AYS Release. AYS, in consideration of the Akzo Nobel 11. commitments and payments set forth herein, on its own behalf, its attorneys, employees, successors, assigns, predecessors, subrogees, principals, agents, consultants and insurers, does hereby release and forever discharge Akzo Nobel and all entities in the chain of commerce from manufacturing to end user, including but not limited to customers, wholesalers, distributors, retailers, jobbers manufacturers representatives, sign shops and automotive body shops distributing or using the Products, as well as each of Akzo Nobel's successors, assigns, predecessors, stockholders, officers, directors, subrogees, subsidiaries, trustees, corporate parents, affiliates, board members, agents, attorneys, employees and consultants of and from any and all claims, demands, actions, causes of action, duties,

debts, sums of money, suits, reckonings, contracts, controversies, agreements, promises, damages, responsibilities, obligations, liabilities and accounts of whatsoever kind, nature or description, direct or indirect, at law or in equity, in contract or tort or otherwise arising out of or relating, directly or indirectly, to the Products' compliance with Proposition 65, or arising from or relating to any facts or legal theories involving the Products' compliance with Proposition 65; it being the specific intent and purpose of the parties hereto that this Settlement Agreement and release shall extend to any and all perscins, corporations, associations, or other entities and to any and all of the matters aforesaid, whether now known or unknown, which exist or might be claimed to exist at, or prior to the date hereof; and AYS, its attorneys, employees, successors, assigns, predecessors, subrogees, principals, agents, consultants and insurers, and each of them, expressly waive, release and relinquish any and all claims or rights to assert that any such matter, cause or thing of any kind or nature whatsoever has been, through oversight or error or intentionally or unintentionally, omitted with respect to the Products' compliance with Proposition 65.

Akzo Nobel Release. Akzo Nobel, in consideration of the 12. terms set forth herein, on its own behalf, its attorneys, employees, successors, assigns, predecessors, subrogees, principals, agents, consultants and insurers, does hereby release and forever discharge AYS as well as each of their successors, assigns, predecessors, stockholders, officers, directors, subrogees, subsidiaries, trustees, corporate parents, affiliates, board members, agents, attorneys, employees and consultants of and from any and all claims, demands, actions, causes of action, duties, debts, sums of money, suits, reckonings, contracts, controversies, agreements, promises, damages, responsibilities, obligations, liabilities and accounts of whatsoever kind, nature or description, direct or indirect, at law or in equity, in contract or tort or otherwise arising out of or relating, directly or indirectly, to the Products' compliance with Proposition 65, or arising from or relating to any facts or legal theories involving the Products, compliance with Proposition 65; it being the specific intent and purpose of the parties hereto that this settlement agreement and release shall extend to any and all persons, corporations, associations, or other entities and to any and all of the matters aforesaid, whether now known or unknown, which exist or might be claimed to exist at, prior to, or after the date hereof; and Akzo Nobel, its attorneys, employees, successors, assigns, predecessors, subrogees, principals, agents, consultants and insurers, and each of them, expressly waive, release and relinquish any and all claims or rights to assert that any such matter, cause or

- thing of any kind or nature whatsoever has been, through oversight or error or intentionally or unintentionally, omitted with respect to the Products' compliance with Proposition 65.
- 13. AYS agrees to prepare, execute and file within 90 days of the execution of this agreement a Stipulation For Entry Of Judgment as well as a Judgment On Stipulation For Entry Of Judgment for the pending litigation entitled <u>As You Sow v. Akzo Nobel Coatings Inc.</u> (No. 161842) with the Superior Court of Marin County.
- 14. This Settlement Agreement shall be terminable at Akzo Nobel's option by written notice at any time after ninety (90) days of the execution of this Settlement Agreement if the California Superior court for Marin County has failed to (1) sign the Judgement on Stipulation For Entry or Judgment and (2) approve and confirm this Settlement Agreement as fair and reasonable.
- 15. In the event a dispute arises with respect to provisions of this agreement addressing payment of monies from Akzo Nobel to AYS, the prevailing party shall be entitled to recover costs and attorneys' fees incurred as a result of the aforementioned dispute to the extent the court finds such fees and costs reasonable.
- 16. Payments from Akzo Nobel to AYS pursuant to provision 6 shall be due in full within five (5) working days from the date Akzo Nobel is provided oral or written notice of AYS's fulfillment of provision 13 so long as AYS has fulfilled its obligation to amend the complaint entitled As You Sow v. Akzo Nobel Coatings Inc. (No. 161842) in Marin Superior Court to allege violations of Business and Professional Code §17200 and Health & Safety Code §25249.6 on behalf of individuals in California who are being allegedly exposed to toluene, carbon black, formaldehyde, chromium (hexavalent compounds), lead and lead compounds and silica (crystalline), aluminum flake, C.I. Pigment Brown 24, antimony trioxide, toluene diisocyonate, cadmium and cadmium compounds, nickel and nickel compounds, ethylene glycol monomethyl ether, and ethylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate and all Proposition 65-listed chemicals in certain Akzo Nobel products.
- 17. It is agreed that both Akzo Nobel and AYS shall comply with all procedures necessary to amend the aforementioned complaint as required under this agreement and to seek entry of the Judgment On Stipulation For Entry Of Judgment.
- 18. Authority to Execute. The undersigned are authorized to execute this Settlement Agreement on behalf of their

respective parties and have read, understood and agree to all of the terms and conditions of this Settlement Agreement.

AGREED TO:

Dated:

AGREED TO:

By: William O. Wiso - Secretary
Akzo Nobel Coatings Inc.
W: Wisam Welss

Dated: January 31, 1995

Exhibit A

AKZO NOBEL - EXHIBIT A

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Grip-Flex Spray: Cool White, Blue White, High Intensity White, Soft White, Ivory, Clear, Matte Clear & Colorless Base, Solar Clear, High Impact Additive, Tough Coat Clear, Earth Yellow, Poppy Orange(LF), Poppy Orange, Citrus Orange, Golden Yellow(LF), Golden Yellow, Lemon Yellow(LF), Lemon Yellow, Spring Yellow, Sunset Orange, Gold Metallic, Champion Blue, Royal Purple, Regal Blue, Monarch Blue, Magenta, Maroon, Radiant Red, Unique Red(LF), Unique Red, Earth Red, Cherry Red, Flame Red(LF), Flame Red, Bright Scarlet(LF), Bright Scarlet, Dark Brown, Medium Bronze (Duranodic 312), Dark Bronze (Duranodic 313), Dark Bronze (Duranodic 313E), Earth Brown, Erin Green, Hunter Green, Aluminum Metallic, Black, Jet Black

Grip-Flex Screen: Tough Coat Clear, Poppy Orange, Golden Yellow, Lemon Yellow, Unique Red, Flame Red, Bright Scarlet, Cool White, High Intensity White, Soft White, Dark Brown

Grip-Gard Stock Products: Medium Bronze, Dark Bronze, Dark Bronze(E), Anodic Black, Citrus Orange, Golden Yellow, Lemon Yellow, Unique Red, Flame Red, Earth Brown, VPS-1 Base Clear

Grip-Gard Primer System: Grip-Gard Wash Primer

Grip-Gard Solvent & Additives: 883 Accelerator, Grip-Gard Gloss Modifier, Brushing/Rolling Additive, M600

Grip-Gard Intermix: Medium Metallic Very Coarse, Medium Metallic Coarse, Medium Metallic Coarse Sparkle, Orange Red, Light Chrome Yellow, Chrome Yellow

Grip-Flex Intermix: White, Dark Yellow, Light Yellow, Yellow Oxide, Dark Red, Violet Rouge, Brilliant Red, Red Oxide, Black, Dark Orange, Orange, Medium Green, Blue Green, Green Blue, Bright Blue, Violet

Maskants: Transparent Grip-Mask, Pink Grip-Mask, Blue Grip-Mask, Transparent Strip-it, Blue Strip-it

Grip-Flex Solvents & Additives: PC & Ecology Spray Thinner, Fast PC & Ecology Spray Thinner, Fast Spray Thinner & Cleaner, Spray Thinner & Remover, Trouble Free, Grip-Gard HS Brushing/Rolling Additive

Meta-Flex: White, Clear, Gold Metallic, Medium Bronze Metallic 312, Dark
Bronze Metallic 313, Dark Bronze Metallic 313E, Aluminum Metallic, Flat Black,
Zinc Chromate Wash Primer (A), Brushing/Rolling Additive, 1 Step Brite Lite.

Bronze Metallic 313, Dark Bronze Metallic 313E, Aluminum Metallic, Flat Black Zinc Chromate Wash Primer (A), Brushing/Rolling Additive, 1 Step Brite Lite White,

Shoneys Pole Paint Brown or Bronze, OGF 26265

<u>Chromatic</u>

Bulletin Colors: Black, Flat Black, Vermillion (Warm Red), White, Super White, Fire Red, Bright Red, Carmine, Maroon, Medium Brown, Medium Orange, Primrose Yellow, Lemon Yellow, Chrome Yellow, Light Green, Emeraid Green, Medium Green, Dark Green, Blue Green, Brilliant Blue, Light Blue, Process Blue, Dark Blue,

Purple, Magenta (Rhodamine Red), Reflex Blue, Medium Gray,

Fluorescent Bulletin Colors: Aurora Pink, Neon Red, Rocket Red, Fire Orange, Blaze Orange, Arc Yellow, Saturn Yellow, Signal Yellow, Horizon Blue, Lightning Yellow, Filteray D Clear

One-Coat Lettering Enamels: Black, Vermillion (Warm Red), White, Fire Red, Bright Red, Imitation Gold, Maroon, Medium Brown, Dark Brown, Ivory, Medium Orange, Primrose Yellow, Lemon Yellow, Chrome Yellow, Emerald Green, Process Green, Medium Green, Green Transparent, Dark Green, Blue Green, Light Blue, Process Blue, Transparent Blue, Brilliant Blue, Dark Blue, Purple, Magenta (Rhodamine Red), Process Purple, Rubine Red Transparent, Reflex Blue, Medium Gray, Tinting Black, Tinting White

Background Enamels: White, Black, Bright Red, Lemon Yellow, Medium Green, Brilliant Blue

Industrial Enamels: High Performance White, High Performance White (fast), White, Black, Ivory, Fleet White S6001, Cat Yellow LF S3007, IE0001 Black Mod. Acrylic, S001 Super Jet Black, Highway Cat Yellow S3006

Industrial Maintenance Coatings: Rust Inhibitive Gray, Mainenance Brown, Walnut Brown, Walnut Brown Semi-Gloss, Medium Brown, Cedar Brown Trim, Backing Gray

Primers & Block Outs: Fast Dry Block Out White, 602 High Viscosity Block Out White, Masonite Primer White, Metal & Wood Primer White, Red Oxide Primer #1080, White Metal Primer #1081, Gray Metal Primer #1082

Art Poster Colors: White, Black, Fire Red, Bright Red, Orange, Ultra Blue, Dark Blue, Light Green, Dark Green, Light Yellow, Chrome Yellow, Blue Green, Magenta, Purple, Brown

Japan Colors:

Dropblack C, Lampblack, Prussian Blue, Ultramarine Blue, C.P. Green L (Light), C.P. Green M (Medium), Emerald Green, Bulletin Red, Liberty Red M (Medium), Signcraft Red, Venetian Red, Flake White, French Zinc White, Chrome Yellow L (Light), Chrome Yellow M (Medium), Chrome Yellow O (Orange), French Yellow Ochre, Burnt Sienna, Raw Sienna, Burnt Umber, Raw Umber, Van Dyke Brown Pictorial Oil Colors: Cadmium Orange, Cadmium Red Light, Cadmium Red Medium, Cadmium Yellow Light, Cadmium Yellow Medium Additives, Driers, Clear Coatings: Jones' Cream, Clear Flattening Paste, Gannet Brown, Slow Set Block Out White, Fast Dry Block Out Gray, Neon Speed Dry White Background, Quick Rubbing Varnish

Sikkeris Car Refinish

Degreasers: Sikkens Cleaning Solvent, M600, OTO Degreaser.

Polyester Puttys and Bodyfillers: Polysurfacer & Hardener, Kombi Putty
Self-Etching Primers/Primer Surfacers: Washfiller 580, Washprimer CR,
Washprimer EM, Washprimer EM CF, Washprimer S15/55 Black, Washprimer
S15/84 Red, Washprimer Black CF, Washprimer Red CF
Primers/Fillers/Sealers: Sikkens Priming Filler 680 Beige and Gray, Chassis
Black 3.5

Autocryl Mixing Colors: 330MS, 330C, 563, 572, 573, 330M

Autonova Mixing Colors: 563, 572

Autobase Mixing Colors: 259, 261, 262, 333CC, 333C, 333CS, 333M, 333EC, 333 MS, 333P, 333PR, 333PB, 341, 400, 528, 530, 533,538, 550, 563, 568, 572, 573, 579, 666, 744, 777, 952, 956, 971, 977, 333PG, 335, 101, 333DC, 333DF, 332 BA, 332 GA, 332 RA, 332 VA, 334 BA, 334 GA, 334 GB, 334 RA, 334 WA, 334 WB

Clear Coats: Basefix 790, Basefix, Autocoat LV Clear

Hardeners and Reducers: Autocryl 3+1 Filler Hardener, Washhardener, Blending Agent 790, SRA Reducer, Autocryl Non-Stop Reducer, Autocryl XT Reducer, Thinner 680, Autobase 790 Reducer Fast, Autobase 790 Reducer Slow

Special Products and Additives: Autonova Acclerator, Autocryl Accelerator 889, Autocoat LV 444 Flattener

Exhibit B

Attachment B

Provision 2. Warning Stickers Samples

Provision 2.2.1 "carcinogens"

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the state of California to cause cancer.

Provision 2.2.2 "reproductive toxicants"

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the state of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Provision 2.2.3 "carcinogens and reproductive toxicants"

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the state of California to cause cancer and birth defects or other reproductive harm. 3

Exhibit C

(Date)

CERTIFIED MAIL

Dear Akzo Nobel Customer:

California's Proposition 65 regulations require user warnings on all products which contain chemicals known to this State of California to cause cancer, birth defects or reproductive harm. The regulation includes a clause that any citizen or group may prosecute a violator. Recent court cases in California have resulted in fines of up to \$1 Million for paint manufacturers and \$100,000 for paint sellers; all in our industry.

Violators may now be considered as <u>any</u> business (i.e., manufacturers, wholesale distributors, collision repair shops, sign shops, commercial manufacturers of all sizes, etc.) that sell and distribute, or use in their operations; products without proper warnings. In addition, these actions show that now <u>very specific warning text</u> must be used on the label.

The Akzo Nobel Car Refinishing Business Unit has been labeling all products sold and distributed in California since October, 1994. However, there may still be in your inventory Akzo Nobel products that were manufactured prior to October, 1994 and therefore do not include the required warning label. Proposition 65 chemicals, that are sold in California, must be labeled with the appropriate warning immediately.

Enclosed is what we believe will be sufficient number of stickers for you to apply to your unlabeled inventory and instruction for their application. We suggest that you apply them <u>immediately</u> to ensure compliance with California's Proposition 65 requirements and eliminate potential future liability. If additional stickers are required, please contact your Akzo Nobel supplier or representative. We understand that this will cause some inconvenience in your operation, however Proposition 65 warning requirements are affecting virtually every manufacturer, distributor, seller and user of products in our industry.

If you have any questions or concerns regarding Proposition 65 or your potential liabilities, please call Jim Lallement (404) 441-8628 or Charles Stone (404) 441-8622 at Akzo Nobel Car Refinishes Headquarters.

Thank you for your continuing support of Akzo Nobel products.

Cordially,

Signature (TBD) Title

attachments

cc: California Akzo Nobel Sales Personnel

Exhibit D



Date of Preparation: November, 1994

Section 1 - Product Information

Manufacturer.

Akzo Nobel Coatings Inc.

Canadian Supplier.

5555 Spalding Drive Norcross, GA 30092

Akzo Nobel Coatings Ltd. 110 Woodbine Downs Blvd. Unit #4 Etobicoke, Ontario

USA

Canada M9W 5S6

Emergency Telephone:

For US transportation

For Canadian transportation

For poison information

emergencies call -

emergencies call -

call -

Chemtrec: 800-424-9300

Canutec: 613-996-6666

Poisindex: 303-832-3332

Product Class:

Resin - Solvent Blends

Product Codes (item numbers US-Canadian):

Elast-O-Actif 006000 - 1016601 Autocoat LV Flex 006009 - NA Novaflex 006004 - 1015450

Autonova Accelerator 00601200/6014 - 1015350/101535 Autocryl Temp-O-Gloss 006023 - 1017201/1017205

Autocryl Accelerator 889 006120/006122 - 1015750/1015751

Autocryl Extra Top 006210 - NA Autocryl Gloss Resin 006001 - NA Temp-O-Actif 2 (105032 - NA Anti Silicon 006054 - 1016450

Section II - Hazardous Ingredients

		0001101111-110	2414045	ing real cites					
	% by		Vapor	ACGIH	OSHA	LD ₅₀	LD ₅₀	LC ₅₀	. _ .
Hazardous Ingredient	weight	CAS No.	Press.	T∟V	PEL	Oral	Derm	Inhal.	LEL
Elast-O-Actif contains:	_								
N-butyl Acetate	20-40%	123-86-4	8.0	150ppm	150ppm	14000	n. av.	2000	1.7
Xylene (SARA313)	16.2%	1330-20-7	9.5	100ppm	100ppm	4300	14100	5000	1.5
Ethylbenzene (SARA313)	3.8%	100-41-4	10.0	100ppm	100ppm	3500	5000	4000	1.0
Hindered Amine	1-5%	41556-26-7	n. ap.	n. av.	n. av.	n, av.	n. av.	n. av.	n.ap
Autocoat LV Flex contains:									
N-butyl Acetate	10-20%	123-86-4	8.0	150ppm	150ppm	14000	n. ay.	2000	1.7
Ethyl Amyl Ketone	10-20%	541-85-5	2.1	25ppm	25ppm	3500	n. av.	3484	n.ap
Methyl Amyl Ketone	10-20%	110-43-0	2.1	50ppm	100ppm	1600	10000	2000	1.1
Xylene(SARA313)	1.2%	1330-20-7	9.5	100ppm	100ppm	4300	14100	5000	1.5
Hindered Amine	1-5%	41556-26-7	n, ap.	n. av.	n. av,	n. av.	n. av.	n, av.	n.ap
Novaflex contains:									
Xylene (SARA313)	17.8%	1330-20-7	9.5	100ppm	100ppm	4300	14100	5000	1.5
Benzotriazole Complex	1-5%	25973-55-1	n. ap.	n. av.	n. av.	7750	1100	0.4mg/l	n.ap
Propylene Glycol Methyl Ether	20-40%	107-98-2	12.5	100ppm	100ppm	6052	12000	· n, av,	1.6
Autocryl Accelerator 889 conta	ins:								
Acetone (SARA313)	28.0%	67-64-1	186.0	750ppm	750ppm	n. av.	n, av.	n. av.	2.2
N-butyl Acetate	10-20%	123-86-4	8.0	150ppm	150ppm	14000	n. av.	2000	1.7
Xylene(SARA313)	7.5%	1330-20-7	9.5	100ppm	100ppm	4300	14100	5000	1.5
Ethylbenzene(SARA313)	1.6%	100-41-4	10.0	100ppm	100ppm	3500	5000	4000	1.0
Ethyl Acetate	5-10%	141-78-6	72.8	400ppm	400ppm	11300	П, 8V.	1600	2.2
Propylene Glycol Methyl Ether Acetate	5-10%	108-65-6	3.8	n, av.	n. av.	8532	5000	n. av.	1.5
Isopropyl Alcohol	1-5%	67-63-0	32.4	400ppm	400ppm	5840	13000	12000	2.0
Toluene (SARA313) (P65)	15.8%	108-88-3	22.0	50ppm	100ppm	5000	14000	4000	1.2
Temp-O-Gloss contains:				• •					
Aromatic Petroleum 150	5-10%	64742-94-5	1.0	50ppm	500ppm	n, av.	n, av.	n, av.	1.0
N-butyl Acetate	10-20%	123-86-4	8.0	150ppm	150ppm	14000	n. av.	2000	1.7
Hydrotreated Naphtha	1-5%	64742-48-9	110.0	200ррт	100ppm	15300	19100	13.mg/1	1.0
Propylene Glycol Methyl Ether	5-10%	107-98-2	12.5	100ppm	100ppm	6052	12000	n. av.	1.6
Propylene Glycol Methyl Ether Acetale	20-40%	108-65-6	3.8	n, av.	n. av.	8532	5000	n, av.	1.5
Xylene(SARA313)	6.8%	1330-20-7	9.5	100ppm	100ppm	4300	14100	5000	1.5
Ethylbenzene(SARA313)	1.4%	100-41-4	10.0	100ppm	100ppm	3500	5000	4000	1.0

÷	% by		Vapor	ACGIH	OSHA	LD ₅₀	LD ₅₀	LC ₅₀	
 Hazardous Ingredient 	weight	CAS No.	Press.	TLV	PEL	Oral	Derm	Inhal.	LEL
Autonova Accelerator contains	s:								
Acetone (SARA313)	23,7%	67-64-1	186.0	750ppm	750ppm	n. av,	n, av.	л. вv.	2.2
Aromatic Naphtha 100	1-5%	64742-95-6	3.0	50ppm	500ppm	4700	n. av.	3670	0.9
N-butyl Acetate	20-40%	123-86-4	8.0	150ppm	150ppm	14000	n. av.	2000	1.7
Methyl Isoamyl Ketone	1-5%	110-12-3	4.5	50ppm	100ppm	4760	10000	n. 8V.	1,1
Xylene(SARA313)	6.8%	1330-20-7	9.5	100ppm	100ppm	4300	14100	5000	1.5
Ethylbenzene(SARA313)	1.4%	100-41-4	10.0	100ppm	100ppm	3500	5000	4000	1.0
Totuene (SARA313) (P65)	16.0%	108-88-3	22.0	50ppm	100ppm	5000	14000	4000	1.2
Extra Top contains:									
N-butyl Acetate	70-90%	123-86-4	8.0	150ppm	150ppm	14000	n. av.	2000	1.7
Trimethylbenzene	1-5%	25551-13-7	n. ap.	25ppm	25ppm	n. av.	n. av.	n. av.	n.ap
Cumene (SARA313)	4.8%	98-82-8	< 10	50ppm	50ppm	1400	n. av.	8000	0.9
Autocryl Gloss resin contains	:								
Xylene(SARA313)	30.8%	1330-20-7	9.5	100ppm	100ppm	4300	14100	5000	1,5
Ethylbenzene(SARA313)	6.7%	100-41-4	10.0	100ppm	100ppm	3500	5000	4000	1.0
Temp-O-Actif 2 contains:									
Aromatic Naphtha 100	5-10%	64742-95-6	3.0	50ppm	500ppm	4700	n. av.	3670	0.9
N-butyl Acetate	10-20%	123-86-4	8.0	150ppm	150ppm	14000	n. ev.	2000	1,7
Propylene Glycol Methyl Ether Acetate	20-40%	108-65-8	3.8	n, av.	n. av.	8532	5000	n, av.	1.5
Tert-butyl Alcohol(SAR4313)	31,5%	75-65-0	40.0	100ppm	100ppm	n. av.	n. ev,	n, av,	n.ap
2-butoxy Ethyl Acetate(SARA313)	15.0%	112-07-2	0.5	n. av.	n. av.	2400	1500	n. av.	8,0
Anti Silicon contains:									
N-butyl Acetate	20-40%	123-86-4	8.0	150ppm	150ppm	14000	n. av.	2000	1.7
Xylene(SARA313)	6.6%	1330-20-7	9.5	100ppm	100ppm	4300	14100	5000	1.5
Ethylbenzene(SARA313)	1.4%	100-41-4	10.0	100ppm	100ppm	3500	5000	4000	1.0
Isobutyl Alcohol	40-70%	78-83-1	8.8	50ppm	50ppm	2460	4240	π. av.	1.7

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94 Malatila	Mr per Cal	Elseb

Boiling Range	% Volatile	Wt. per Gal.	Flash		NFPA	Odor
	Volume	(Spec. Grav.)	Point	LEL	Flam.	Threshold
177-284F (81-140C)	65	8.2 (0.98)	76F (24C)	1.0	IB	0.0063ppm
260-324F (127-162C)	42	8.5 (1.02)	83F (28C)	1.0	10	0.0063ppm
248-284F (120-140C)	60	8.4 (1.01)	87F (31C)	0.9	10	15.0ppm
133-344F (56-173C)	88	7.4 (0.89)	11F (12C)	0,9	18	0.0063ppm
195-380F (91-193C)	85	7.9 (0.95)	88F (31C)	0.9	IÇ	0.0063ppm
133-295F (56-146C)	93	7.3 (0.88)	4F (-16C)	1.0	I B	0.0063ppm
260-262F (127-128C)	92	7.3 (0.88)	80F (27C)	0.9	10	0.0063ppm
195-380F (91-193C)	71	8.2 (0.98)	104F (40C)	0.9	IC	0.092ppm
181-367F (83-186C)	99	7.2 (0.86)	79F (26C)	0.8	1 C	0.0063ppm
223-300F (106-149C)	99	6.9 (0.83)	78F (26C)	1.0	I C	0,0063ppm
	177-284F (81-140C) 260-324F (127-162C) 248-284F (120-140C) 133-344F (56-173C) 196-380F (91-193C) 133-295F (56-146C) 260-262F (127-128C) 196-380F (91-193C) 181-367F (83-186C)	Volume 177-284F (81-140C) 65 260-324F (127-162C) 42 248-284F (120-140C) 60 133-344F (56-173C) 88 196-380F (91-193C) 85 133-295F (56-146C) 93 260-262F (127-128C) 92 196-380F (91-193C) 71 181-367F (83-186C) 99	Volume (Spec. Grav.) 177-284F (81-140C) 65 8.2 (0.98) 260-324F (127-162C) 42 8.5 (1.02) 248-284F (120-140C) 60 8.4 (1.01) 133-344F (56-173C) 88 7.4 (0.89) 196-380F (91-193C) 85 7.9 (0.95) 133-295F (56-146C) 93 7.3 (0.88) 260-262F (127-128C) 92 7.3 (0.88) 196-380F (91-193C) 71 8.2 (0.98) 181-367F (83-186C) 99 7.2 (0.86)	Volume (Spec. Grav.) Point 177-284F (81-140C) 6S 8.2 (0.98) 76F (24C) 260-324F (127-162C) 42 8.5 (1.02) 83F (28C) 248-284F (120-140C) 60 8.4 (1.01) 87F (31C) 133-344F (56-173C) 88 7.4 (0.89) 11F (12C) 196-380F (91-193C) 85 7.9 (0.95) 88F (31C) 133-295F (56-146C) 93 7.3 (0.88) 4F (-16C) 260-262F (127-128C) 92 7.3 (0.88) 80F (27C) 195-380F (91-193C) 71 8.2 (0.98) 104F (40C) 181-367F (83-186C) 99 7.2 (0.86) 79F (26C)	Volume (Spec. Grav.) Point LEL 177-284F (81-140C) 65 8.2 (0.98) 76F (24C) 1.0 260-324F (127-162C) 42 8.5 (1.02) 83F (28C) 1.0 248-284F (120-140C) 60 8.4 (1.01) 87F (31C) 0.9 133-344F (56-173C) 88 7.4 (0.89) 11F (12C) 0.9 196-380F (91-193C) 85 7.9 (0.95) 88F (31C) 0.9 133-295F (56-146C) 93 7.3 (0.88) 4F (-16C) 1.0 260-262F (127-128C) 92 7.3 (0.88) 80F (27C) 0.9 195-380F (91-193C) 71 8.2 (0.98) 104F (40C) 0.8 181-367F (83-186C) 99 7.2 (0.86) 79F (26C) 0.8	Volume (Spec. Grav.) Point LEL Flam. 177-284F (81-140C) 65 8.2 (0.98) 76F (24C) 1.0 1 B 260-324F (127-162C) 42 8.5 (1.02) 83F (28C) 1.0 1 C 248-284F (120-140C) 60 8.4 (1.01) 87F (31C) 0.9 1 C 133-344F (56-173C) 88 7.4 (0.89) 11F (12C) 0.9 1 B 196-380F (91-193C) 85 7.9 (0.95) 88F (31C) 0.9 1 C 133-295F (56-146C) 93 7.3 (0.88) 4F (-16C) 1.0 1 B 260-262F (127-128C) 92 7.3 (0.88) 80F (27C) 0.9 1 C 196-380F (91-193C) 71 8.2 (0.98) 104F (40C) 0.9 1 C 181-367F (83-186C) 99 7.2 (0.86) 79F (26C) 0.8 1 C

LD₅₀ Oral - rat mg/m³, LD₅₀ Dermal - rabbit mg/m³, LC₅₀ Inhalation - rat mg/m³ unless otherwise specified.

Chemicals marked with (SARA313) are subject to the requirements of Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986 (EPCRA); see Section IX - Regulatory Information. Chemicals marked with (P65) are regulated in California by Proposition 65; see Section IX - Regulatory Information.

Section III - Physical Data

Evaporation Rate: Slower than ether Vapor Density: Heavier than air Boiling Range: See Section II Weight per Gallon: See Section II

Percent Volatile by Volume: See Section II

Physical state: Liquid

Odor and Appearance: organic odor, clear liquid

Odor Threshold (ppm): See Section II Vapor Pressure: See Technical Table

Freezing point, Coefficient of water/oil distribution, pH: Not

applicable or not available

Section IV - Fire or Explosion Hazard

Flash Point (SFCIC): See Section II Lower Explosive Limit: See Section II NFPA Flammability: See Section II

Extinguishing Media: Foam, carbon dioxide, dry chemicals. Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Keep containers tightly closed, isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions. During emergency conditions,

overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain

medical attention.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Water should be used to cool containers exposed to fire. Fire fighting personnel should wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Section V-Reactivity Data

Stability: Stable under non-emergency conditions. Incompatibility (materials to avoid): Alkalis, acids, oxidizers, alkali metals, nitric acid, sodium hydroxide. Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid: High temperates, flame, sparks. Hazardous Decomposition Products: Oxides of carbon, various hydrocarbons.

Section VI - Toxicological Properties

Threshold Limit Value: None established for this product. For further information, see Section II - Hazardous Ingredients Cancer Risks: No ingredients in these products are known to NTP, IARC, ACGIH or OSHA to be carcinogenic.

Exposure Effects: Acute and Chronic Inhalation: Nasal and respiratory initation, dizziness, weakness, fatigue, nausea, headache, possible unconsciousness, chemical pneumonitis, central nervous system depression and even asphyxiation. Delayed lung damage, kidney, liver, and cardiac disorders, red blood cell and leukocyte disorders which may result in anemia. Skin contact: Extraction of natural oils with resulting dry skin, irritation, redness and dermatitis. Chronic sensitization to skin may occur.

Eye contact: Irritation, redness, pain, blurred vision, sensation of seeing halos around lights.

Ingestion: Gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea; kidney damage, blood system damage.

Other Health Effects:

Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents may be harmful or fatal. Reports have associated repeated and prokinged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Aromatic hydrocarbons have been shown in animal studies to cause adverse effects on blood and blood forming tissues and may in rare cases sensitize the heart causing cardiac arrhythmia.

2-Butoxyethyl Acetate has been shown in animal studies to cause adverse effects on blood and blood forming tissues, Butyl acetate may be very toxic. A 4 hour LC₅₀ of 160 ppm in male and female rats has been reported by 3M (unreviewed). Overexposure to isopropanol may cause skin sensitization.

Section VII - Preventive Measures

Steps To Be Taken in Case Material is Refeased Or Spilled: Remove all sources of ignition. Avoid breathing vapors, ventilate confined area. Dike to reduce extent of spill. Remove with inert absorbent using non-sparking tools. If necessary report to applicable government agency.

Waste Disposal Method: Dispose of in accordance with federal, state or provincial and local pollution requirements. In addition, rags, spray booth filters, paint suits, empty cans, etc., contaminated with product may be hazardous waste. Determine whether contaminated items are hazardous and dispose of as appropriate.

Respiratory Protection: Adequate ventilation is required. In confined areas use NIOSH/MSHA approved airline respirator or hood. If monitoring demonstrates levels below TLV or PEL wear a NIOSH/MS:HA approved respirator device. In cases where no monitoring for airborne contaminants has been carried out, assume maximum exposure and use paint suit, goggles, gloves, and air supplied respiratory equipment. See safety equipment supplier for evaluation and recommendation.

Ventilation: Provide sufficient ventilation to keep vapor concentration below the given TLV and/or PEL. For baking finishes, exhaust vapors emitted during heating. Remove decomposition products formed during welding or flame cutting of surfaces coated with this product.

Protective Gland Required for prolonged or repeated contact. Refer to safety equipment supplier for effective glove recommendations.

Eye Protection: Use safety goggles designed to protect against splash of liquids when spraying or when working with open liquids such as during mixing or pouring.

Other Protective Equipment: Eye bath and shower should be available. Use chemical resistant apron, boots or other clothing if needed to avoid repeated or frequent contact. Liquid may penetrate shoes and leather causing delayed irritation. Hygienic Practices: Wash hands before eating, smoking, or using the washroom. Launder clothing before reuse. Precautions To Be Taken in Handling And Storing: Store containers out of sun and away from heat, sparks, and open flames. Close all containers after each use. Consult NFPA and local codes for additional storage requirements. Other Precautions: Do not take internally. Use approved bonding and grounding procedures. Observe label precautions. Keep closures tight and container upright to prevent leakage. Never use pressure to empty container, drum is not a pressure vessel. Avoid breathing sanding dust. Do not weld or flame cut on empty drum.

Section VIII - First Aid Measures

Emergency and First Aid Procedures:

Inhalation - move to fresh air, give artificial respiration if necessary.

Skin contact - wash with soap and water, not solvent. Eye contact - flush with water for at least 15 minutes, consult a physician.

Ingestion - drink one or two glasses of water to dilute. Do not induce vomiting. Consult a physician or poison control center immediately. Treat symptomatically,

Medical Conditions Prone to Aggravation: Pulmonary conditions, skin disorders.

Section 1X - Regulatory information

OSHA: These products are considered hazardous under the Federal OSHA Hazard Communication Standard.

WHMIS: B2;D2B SARA Title III:

Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances: None Section 311 / 312 Hazard Cetegories: Immediate health, delayed health, fire hazard.

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals: acetone, xylene, ethylbenzene, cumene, tert-butyl alcohol, 2-butoxyethyl acetate, and toluene. You may be required to submit this MSDS to state and local emergency response agencies (SERC & LEPC) and to your local fire department. Also, you may be affected by other sections of this law, depending on the chemicals and amounts that you inventory at your location. To learn more about your responsibilities, call the EPA Hotline (800) 535-0202

RCRA: When discarded in their supplied form, these product meet the hazard criteria of "ignitability" and must be considere as hazardous waste D001.

TSCA status: All ingredients are TSCA registered.
CEPA status: All ingredients are listed on the DSL or NDSL
Proposition 65: Autonova Accelerator contains toluene.
WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the
State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. 889 Accelerator contains toluene. WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of Californic cause birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Transportation:

Ground Shipments:

Proper Shipping Name: Paint Related Material

Hazard Class or Div.sion: 3 UN Identification Number: UN1263

Packaging Group: III (Autonova Accelerator and Autocryl

Accelerator 889 II)

Hazard Label: Flammable Liquid IMO / IMDG (Ocean) Shipments:

Proper Shipping Name: Paint Related Material

Hazard Class or Division: 3.3 (Autonova Accelerator and

Autocryl Accelerator 889 3.2)
UN Identification Number: UN1263

Packaging Group: İll (Autonova Accelerator and Autocryl

Accelerator 889 II)

Hazard Label: Flammable Liquid

IMDG Page (English translation): 3372 (Autonova Accelerator

and Autocryl Accelerator 889: 3268)

Marine Pollutant No

ICAO / IATA (Aircrait) Shipments:

Proper Shipping Name: Paint Related Material

Hazard Class or Division: 3

UN Identification Number: UN1263

Packaging Group: III (Autonova Accelerator and Autocryl

Accelerator 889 II)

Hazard Label: Flammable Liquid

Packaging Instructions Passenger Aircraft (IATA English translation): 309 or Y309 (Autonova Accelerator and Autocryl

Accelerator 889: 305 or Y305)

Packaging Instructions Cargo Aircraft (IATA English translation): 310 (Autonova Accelerator and Autocryl

Accelerator 889: 307)

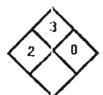
Special Provisions: A3, A7, A72

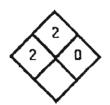
Elast-O-Actif Autonova /Accelerator Autocryl Arcelerator 889

Autocoat LV Flex Novaflex Temp-O-Gloss Autocryl Gloss Resin Temp-O-Actif II Anti Silicon Extra Top

NFPA 704

NFPA 704







Prepared by Akzo Nobel Coatings Car Refinish Manufacturing Operations Department.

Phone: 404-441-8628

Reference sources used in addition to raw material supplier MSDS information:

American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, 1993-1994 Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents and Biological Exposure Indices, ACGIH, Cincinnati, OH 1993.

Lewis, Richard J. Sr., Hazardous Chemicals Desk Reference, Third Edition, Van Nostrand Reinhold, New York, 1993. U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Disease Control, NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, NIOSH, Cincinnati, OH, 1990.

DO NOT HANDLE UNTIL THE MANUFACTURER'S SAFETY PRECAUTIONS HAVE BEEN READ AND UNDERSTOOD, REGULATIONS REQUIRE THAT ALL EMPLOYEES BE TRAINED ON MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEETS FOR ALL PRODUCTS WITH WHICH THEY COME IN CONTACT.

While Akzo Nobel Coatings Inc. believes that the data contained herein are accurate and derived from qualified sources, the data are not to be taken as a warranty or representation for which Akzo Nobel Coatings Inc. assumes legal responsibility. They are offered solely for your consideration, investigation and verification. Any use of these data and information must be determined by the user to be in accordance with applicable federal, state and local laws and regulations.



Washprimers and Washfillers

Date of Preparation: November, 1994

Section I - Product Information

Manufacturer:

Akzo Nobel Coatings Inc.

5555 Spalding Drive

Norcross, GA 30092

USA

Canadian Supplier:

Akzo Nobel Coatings Ltd. 110 Woodbine Downs Blvd. Unit #4 Etobicoke, Ontario

Canada M9W 5S6

Emergency Telephone:

For US transportation

emergencies call -

Chemtrec: 800-424-9300

For Canadian transportation emergencies call -

Canutec: 613-996-6666

For poison information

Poisindex 303-832-3332

Product Class:

Undercoatings

Product Codes (US - Canadian):

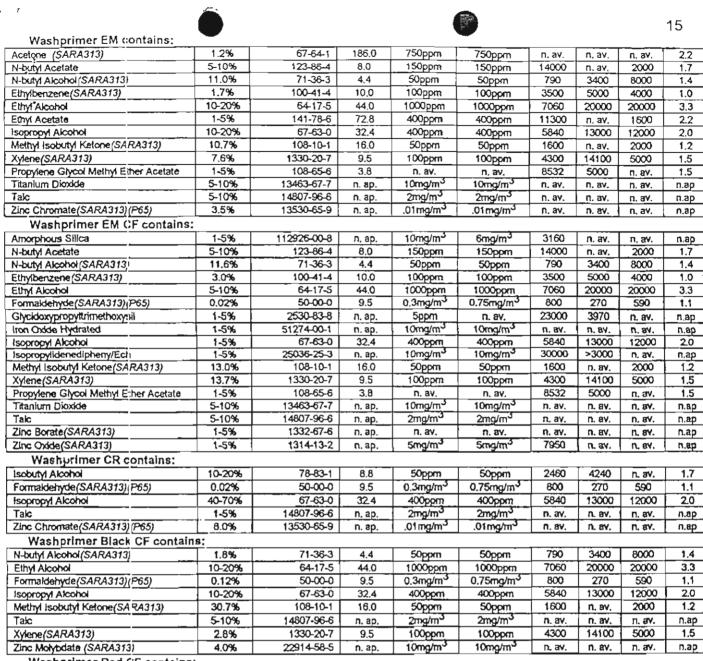
Washprimer CR 1040/1042 - 1018250/1018205 Washprimer EM 1070/1072 - 1017350/1017351 Washfiller 580 1004/1005 - 1017601/1017605 Washprimer Red \$15/84 1002/1003 - NA Washprimer Black S15/55 1008/1010 - 1017705

Washprimer Red CF 2247 - NA Washprimer Black CF 1035 - NA

Washprimer EM CF 001045/001046 - 1019601/1019603

Section II - Hazardous Ingredients

		Section if an	BE WIGO GO	mg. calcina					
Hazardous Ingredient	% by weight	CAS No.	Vapor Press.	ACGIH TLV	OSHA PEL	LD ₅₀ Oral	LD ₅₀ Dem	LC ₅₀ Inhal	LEL
S15/84 contains	Weight	0/10:	11000.	124		Olai	COLINI	111, 121,	
Xylene(SARA313)	2.8%	1330-20-7	9.5	100ppm	100ppm	4300	14100	5000	1.5
Taic	5-10%	14807-96-6	n. ap.	2mg/m ³	2mg/m ³	n, av.	n, av.	n. av.	n.ap
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone(SARA313)	30.7%	108-10-1	16.0	50ppm	50ppm	1600	n. av.	2000	1.2
Ethyl Alcohol	10-20%	64-17-5	44.0	1000ppm	1000ppm	7060	20000	20000	3.3
Isopropyl Alcohol	10-20%	67-63-0	32.4	400ppm	400ррт	5840	13000	12000	2.0
Formaldehyde (SARA313) (F65)	0.09%	50-00-0	9.5	0.3mg/m ³	0.75mg/m ⁻³	800 ·	270	590	1.1
N-butyl Alcohol(SARA313)	1,7%	71-36-3	4.4	50ppm	50ppm	790	3400	8000	1.4
Lead Titanate (SARA313) (P55)	1.6%	12060-00-3	n. ap.	.15mg/m ³	.05mg/m ³	n. av.	n. av.	n, av,	nap
Iron Oxide Red	5-10%	1309-37-1	n. ap.	5mg/m ³	n, ap.	n. av.	n. av.	n. av.	n.ap
Strontlum Chromate(SARA:)13)(P65)	1,9%	7789-06-2	n, ap.	.0005mg/m ³	,5mg/m ⁻⁵	3118	n. av.	n, av.	n.ap
Zinc Chromate(SARA313)(1765)	2.1%	13530-65-9	n. ap.	.01mg/m ³	.01mg/m ³	n, av.	n. av.	n. av.	п.ар
S15/55 contains				·					
Xylene(SARA313)	1.8%	1330-20-7	9.5	100ppm	100ppm	4300	14100	5000	1.5
Talc	5-10%	14807-96-6	n. ap.	2mg/m³	2mg/m ³	n. av.	h, av.	n. av.	n.ap
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (SAF/A313)	29.9%	108-10-1	16.0	50ppm	50ppm	1600	n. av.	2000	1.2
Ethyl Alcohol	10-20%	64-17-5	44.0	1000ppm	1000ppm	7060	20000	20000	3.3
Isopropyl Alcohol	5-10%	67-63-0	32.4	400ppm	400ppm	5840	13000	12000	2.0
Formaldehyde(SARA313)(F65)	0.07%	50-00-0	9.5	0.3mg/m ³	0.75mg/m ³	800	270	590	1.1
N-butyl Alcohol(SARA313)	2.9%	71-36-3	4.4	50ppm	50ppm	790	3400	8000	1,4
Lead Titanate (SARA313) (F65)	3.5%	12060-00-3	n. ap.	.15mg/m ³	.05mg/m ³	n, av.	n, av.	n, av.	n.ap
Strontium Chromate (SARA 313) (P65)	0.9%	7789-06-2	n. ap.	.0005mg/m ³	.5mg/m ³	3118	n. av.	n. av.	n.ap
Zinc Chromate(SARA313)(.965)	0.9%	13530-65-9	n. ap.	.01mg/m ³	.01 mg/m ⁻³	n. av.	n, av.	n. av.	n.ap
Ethyl Acetate	1-5%	141-78-6	72.8	400ppm	400ppm	11300	n. av.	1600	2.2
Iron Magnetite	10-20%	1309-38-2	n.ap.	n. av.	n. av.	n. av.	n. av.	n. av.	п.вр
Methyl Alcohol(SARA313)	1.1%	67-56-1	96.0	200ppm	200ррт	5628	200000	64000	1.1
Mica	1-5%	12003-38-2	n. ap.	3mg/m ³	n. av.	It. av.	n. ev.	n. av.	n.ap
Washfiller 580 contains:									
N-butyl Acetate	10-20%	123-86-4	8.0	150ppm	150ppm	14000	n. av.	2000	1.7
N-butyl Alcohol(SARA313)	14.4%	71-36-3	4.4	50ppm	50ppm	790	3400	8000	1.4
Ethylbenzene(SARA313)	1.4%	100-41-4	10.0	100ppm	100ppm	3500	5000	4000	1.0
Isopropyl Alcohol	10-20%	67-63-0	32.4	400ppm	400ppm	5840	13000	12000	2.0
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (SARA313)	5.2%	108-10-1	16.0	50ppm	50ppm	1600	n, av.	2000	1.2
Xylene (SARA313)	6.3%	1330-20-7	9.5	100ppm	100ppm	4300	14100	5000	1,5
Formaldehyde(SARA313)(1265)	0.004%	50-00-0	9.5	0.3mg/m ³	0,75mg/m ³	800	270	590	1.1
Propylene Glycol Methyl Ether Acetate	1-5%	108-65-5	3.8	л, ау.	п. ау,	8532	5000	n. av.	1.5
Titanium Dioxide	10-20%	13463-67-7	n. ap.	10mg/m ³	10mg/m ³	ก. av.	n. av.	n. av.	n.ap
Talc	5-10%	14807-96-6	n. ap.	2mg/m ³	2mg/m ³	л. ау.	n. av.	n. av.	n.ap
Zinc Chromate(SARA313), P65)	4.3%	13530-65-9	n, ap.	.01mg/m ³	.01mg/m ³	n. av.	n. av.	n. av.	n.ap



Washprimer Red CF contains	s:								
Iron Oxide Red	1-5%	1309-37-1	n. ap.	5mg/m ³	n. ap.	n. av,	n. av.	ก. ฮง.	n.ap
N-butyl Alcohol(SARA313)	1.8%	71-36-3	4.4	50ppm	50ppm	790	3400	8000	1.4
Ethyl Alcohol	10-20%	64-17-5	44.0	1000ppm	1000ppm	7060	200000	20000	3.3
Formaldehyde(SARA313)(P65)	0.12%	50-00-0	9.5	0.3mg/m ⁻³	0.75mg/m ³	800	270	590	1.1
Isopropyl Alcohol	10-20%	67-63-0	32.4	400ppm	400ppm	5840	13000	12000	2.0
Methyl Isobutyl Ketone (SARA313)	30.7%	108-10-1	16.0	50ррт	50ppm	1600	n, av.	2000	1.2
Talc	5-10%	14807-96-6	n. ap.	2mg/m ³	2mg/m ³	n. av.	n. av.	n. av.	n.ap
Xylene(SARA313)	2.8%	1330-20-7	9,5	100ppm	100ppm	4300	14100	5000	1.5
Zinc Molybdate (SARA313)	4.0%	22914-58-5	n, ap.	10mg/m ³	10mg/m ³	n. av,	n. av.	n. av.	n.ap

Further Information for Individual Products

	% Volatile	Wt per Gal.	Flash	··· ·-	NFPA	Odor
Boiling Range	Volume	(Spec. Grav.)	Point	LEL	Flam,	Threshold
180-243F (82-117C)	90	7.3 (0.88)	54F (12C)	1.7	1 B	1.25 ppm
133-295F (56-146C)	79	9.0 (1.08)	54F (12C)	1.0	1B	0,0063 ppm
133-295F (56-146C)	76	9.4 (1.13)	64F(18C)	1.0	18	0,0063 ppm
171-284F (77-140C)	83	8.4 (1.01)	54F (12C)	1.0	18	1,25 ppm
147-284F 64-140C)	81	9.0 (1.08)	50F (10C)	1.0	I B	1,25 ppm
171-284F (77-140C)	77	8.2 (0,98)	54F (12C)	1,0	1 B	1.25 ppm
171-284F (77-140C)	76	8.1 (0.97)	54F (12C)	1.0	IB	1.25 ppm
	180-243F (82-117C) 133-295F (56-146C) 133-295F (56-146C) 171-284F (77-140C) 147-284F 64-140C) 171-284F (77-140C)	Boiling Range Volume 180-243F (82-117C) 90 133-295F (56-146C) 79 133-295F (56-146C) 76 171-284F (77-140C) 83 147-284F 64-140C) 81 171-284F (77-140C) 77	Boiling Range Volume (Spec. Grav.) 180-243F (82-117C) 90 7.3 (0.88) 133-295F (56-146C) 79 9.0 (1.08) 133-295F (56-146C) 76 9.4 (1.13) 171-284F (77-140C) 83 8.4 (1.01) 147-284F 64-140C) 81 9.0 (1.08) 171-284F (77-140C) 77 8.2 (0.98)	Boiling Range Volume (Spec. Grav.) Point 180-243F (82-117C) 90 7.3 (0.88) 54F (12C) 133-295F (56-146C) 79 9.0 (1.08) 54F (12C) 133-295F [56-146C) 76 9.4 (1.13) 64F(18C) 171-284F (77-140C) 83 8.4 (1.01) 54F (12C) 147-284F 64-140C) 81 9.0 (1.08) 50F (10C) 171-284F (77-140C) 77 8.2 (0.98) 54F (12C)	Boiling Range Volume (Spec. Grav.) Point LEL 180-243F (82-117C) 90 7.3 (0.88) 54F (12C) 1.7 133-295F (56-146C) 79 9.0 (1.08) 54F (12C) 1.0 133-295F (56-146C) 76 9.4 (1.13) 64F (18C) 1.0 171-284F (77-140C) 83 8.4 (1.01) 54F (12C) 1.0 147-284F 64-140C) 81 9.0 (1.08) 50F (10C) 1.0 171-284F (77-140C) 77 8.2 (0.98) 54F (12C) 1.0	Boiling Range Volume (Spec. Grav.) Point LEL Flam. 180-243F (82-117C) 90 7.3 (0.88) 54F (12C) 1.7 18 133-295F (56-146C) 79 9.0 (1.08) 54F (12C) 1.0 18 133-295F [56-146C) 76 9.4 (1.13) 64F (18C) 1.0 18 171-284F (77-140C) 83 8.4 (1.01) 54F (12C) 1.0 18 147-284F 64-140C) 81 9.0 (1.08) 50F (10C) 1.0 18 171-284F (77-140C) 77 8.2 (0.98) 54F (12C) 1.0 1 B

LD_{so} Oral - rat mg/m⁻¹, LD_{so} Dermal - rabbit mg/m⁻³, LC_{so} Inhalation - rat mg/m⁻³ unless otherwise specified,

nemicals marked with (SARA313) are subject to the requirements of Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community. Chemicals marked with (P65) are regulated in Regulatory Information. Chemicals marked with (P65) are regulated in Regulatory Information.

hemicals marked with (SARA313) are subject to the requirements of Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community (P65) are regulated in a light-to-Know Act of 1986 (EPCRA); see Section IX - Regulatory Information.

California by Proposition 65: see Section IX - Regulatory Information. Skin contact: Extraction of natural oils with resulting dry skin. SAIR CORRACT. EXPRESSION OF HARDEST ONS WITH resuming dry skin. Irritation, redness and dermatitis. Chronic sensitization to skin. Casilornia by Proposition 65: see Section IX - Regulatory Information. Eye contact: Initation, redness, pain, blurred vision,

Section III - Physical Data

Evaporation Rate: Silower than ether Vapor Density: Heavier than air Boiling Range: See Section II Weight per Gallon: See Section II

Percent Volatile by Volume: See Section II

Odor and Appearance: organic odor, colored liquid Physical state: Liquid

Odor Threshold (ppin): See Section !! Freezing point. Coefficient of water/oil distribution, pH: Not Vapor Pressura: See Technical Table

Section IV - Fire or Explosion Hazard Extinguishing Media: Foam, carbon dioxide, dry chemicals. applicable or not available. Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Keep containers unusual rire and Explosion nazards. Neep containers tightly closed, isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Closed containers may explode when and open marne. Louised comments may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Application to hot surfaces requires axhases a examina hear whileshou to not solitous. special precautions. During emergency conditions, a health overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health overexpussing to describosition products may eause a near hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attantion

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Water should be used to cool containers exposed to fire. Fire fighting personnel should medical attention.

wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Section V. Reactivity Data

Stability. Stable under non-emergency conditions. Incompatibility (malerials to avoid): Alkalis, acids, oxidizers, water, alkali metals, halogenated solvents, nitric acid, halogen compounds, Sodium hydroxide, hydrogen peroxide.

Conditions to Avoici: High temperatures, flame, sparks high Hazardous Polymerization: May occur.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Oxides of carbon and nitrogen, tumes, various hydrocarbons, toxic fumes, aldehydes, butyraldenyde, acroleina, crotonal, formaldehyde, humidity, moisture.

Section VI - Toxicological Properties Threshold Limit Value: None established for this product acids, butyric acid, hydrogen gas. For further information, see Section II - Hazardous Ingredients Cancer Risks: Hexivalent chromium from chromate compounds is listed by ACGIH as a confirmed human compounds to notice by as a known carcinogen and IARC as carcinogen (A1). NTI) as a known carcinogen and the carcinogen (A1). being carcinogenic to humans (group 1). Lead from lead compounds is listed by ACGIH as a suspected human compounds is listed by Account as a suspected number carcinogenic carcinogen (A2), and by IARC as possibly being carcinogenic carcinogen (A2). to humans (group 1). Formaldehyda is listed by OSHA as a cancer hazard, ACGIH as a suspected human carcinogen (A2), NTP as reasonably anticipated to be a carcinogen and IARC as carcinogenic to humans (Group 2A). Ethyl alcohol has been as carcinogenic to humans (Group 2A). The hasad unon chronic determined to be carcinonanic by tapic based unon chronic determined to be carcinogenic by IARC based upon chronic exposure through human consumption vis the drinking of

alcoholic beverages, over time. Inhalation: Nasal and respiratory irritation, dizziness, Exposure Effects: Acute and Chronic weakness, faligue, nausea, headache, possible unconsciousness, chemical pheumonitis, central nervous system depression and even asphyxiation. Delayed lung damage, kidney, liver, and cardiac disorders, red blood cell and leukocyte disorders which may result in anemia.

sensation of seeing halos around lights.
Ingestion: Gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and sensation of seeing halos around lights. dianhes, kidney damage, blood system damage.

Unner Health Effects:
Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling intentional misuse by believerately concentrating and innating the contents may be harmful or fatal. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. with permanent brain and nervous system demays.

Prolonged abuse of ethanol may cause permanent liver, blood and cardiovascular damage.

Hexavalent chromium compounds may cause dermatitis, skin

and cardiovascular damage.

nexavalent unumum compounds may coose demands, and respiratory sensitization, skin ulceration, irritate and

damage mucous membranes, cause kidney damage and

purmonary evenia.

Methyl alcohol is readily absorbed through the skin. Weinyl alcount is readily absorbed intought the skill. Overexposure to include allowers that the price of the pr pulmonary edema. Overexposure to priguopanus may cause skill sensitived into

Repeated Intake of lead by inhalation and/or ingestion may cause hearing damage.

cause lead poisoning, birth defects, anemia and kidney Buryl acetate may be very toxic. A 4 hour LC50, of 160 ppm in

buty acetate may us very toxic. As moun co50 or non permitting and female rats has been reported by 3M (unreviewed). Aromatic hydrocarbons have been shown in animal studies to Canse adverse effects ou plood and plood towning fissnes and may in rate cases sensitize the heart causing cardiac

amhythmia.

Steps To Be Taken in Case Material is Released Or Spilled:

Remove all sources of ignition. Avoid breathing vapors, ventilate confined area. Dike to reduce extent of spill. Remove with inert absorbent using non-sparking tools. If necessary

Waste Disposal Method: Dispose of in accordance with report to applicable government agency. Transa Dispussi mening. Dispuse of in sectioning min federal, state of provincial and local pollution requirements. In addition, rags, spray booth filters, paint suits, empty cans, etc.,

audition, rays, spray booth may be hazardous waste. Determine whether contaminated frems are hazardous and

Respiratory Protection: Adequate ventilation is required. In dispose of as appropriate.

confined areas use NIOSH/MSHA approved air supplied respirator. If monitoring demonstrates levels below TLV or respirator. It monitoring demonstrates reveils below TLV of PEL wear a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator device. If using

S15/55 or S15/84, be aware that these primers contain lead. Use NIOSHMSHA approved respirator with HEPA Dust Cartridges for concentrations below 0.05mg/m³ as Pb. For concentrations above 0.05 mg/m² as Pb, use air supplied respirator. See OSHA Standard 29 CFR Section 1910.1025

See safety equipment supplier for evaluation and recommendation. In cases where no monitoring for airbon contaminants has been carried out, assume maximum exposure and use paint suit, goggles, gloves, and air supr

Neutilation: Provide sufficient ventilation to keep vapor concentration below the given TLV and/or PEL. For bal respiratory equipment concentuation ustow the given ILV and the Remning finishes, exhaust vapors emitted during heating. Remninishes, exhaust vapors emitted during heating. decomposition products formed during welding or flar of surfaces coated with this product.

Protective Gloves: Required for paged or repeated contact. Refer to safety equipment supplier for effective glove recommendations.

Eye Protection: Use safety goggles designed to protect against splash of liquids when spraying or when working with open liquids such as during mixing or pouring.

Other Protective Equipment: Eye bath and shower should be available. Use chemical resistant apron, boots or other clothing if needed to avoid repeated or frequent contact. Liquid may penetrate shoes and leather causing delayed irritation.

Hygienic Practices: Wash hands before eating, smoking, or using the washroom. Launder clothing before reuse.

Precautions To Be Taken in Handling And Storing: Store containers out of sun and away from heat, sparks, and open flames. Close all containers after each use. Consult NFPA and local codes for additional storage requirements.

Other Precautions: Do not take internally. Use approved bonding and grounding procedures. Observe label precautions. Keep closures tight and container upright to prevent leakage. Never use pressure to empty container, drum is not a pressure vessel. Avoid breathing sanding dust. Do not weld or flame cut on empty drum.

Section VIII - First Aid Measures

Emergency and First Aid Procedures:

Inhalation - move to fresh air, give artificial respiration if necessary.

Skin contact - wash with soap and water, not solvent; Eye contact - flush with water for at least 15 minutes, consult a physician;

Ingestion - drink one or two glasses of water to dilute. Do not induce vomiting. Consult a physician or poison control center immediately. Treat symptomatically

Medical Conditions Prone to Aggravation: Pulmonary conditions, skin discreters, neurological disorders.

Section IX - Regulatory Information:

OSHA: These products are considered hazardous under the Federal OSHA Hazard Communication Standard.

WHMIS: B2;D2A SARA Title III;

Section 302 Extremity Hazardous Substances: None Section 311 / 312 Hazard Categories: Immediate health, delayed health, fire hazard.

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals: acetone, xylene, methyl isobutyl ketone, n-butanol, methyl alcohol, lead compounds, chromium (hexavalent) compounds, zinc compounds, ethylbenzene and formaldehyde. You may be required to submit this MSDS to state and local emergency response agencies (SERC & LEPC) and to your local fire department. Also, you may be affected by other sections of this law, depending on the chemicals and amounts that you inventory at your location. To learn more about your responsibilities, call the EPA Hotline (800) 535-0202

RCRA: When discurded in its supplied form, this product meets the hazard criteria of "Ignitability" and must be considered as hazardous waste D001. All products with the exception of EMCF, Red CF and Black CF contain chromium to the extent that they would be also classified as D007. S15/84 and S15/55 also contain lead to the extent that they would be also classified as D008.

TSCA status: All ingredients are TSCA registered.

CEPA status: All ingredients are listed on the DSL or NDSL.

Proposition 65: S15/55 and S15/84 contain lead, WARNING:

This product contains a chemical known to the State of

California to cause cancer. S15/55, S15/84 EM, CR and 580

contain hexavalent chromium. WARNING: This product

contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause

cancer. All of these products except Washprimer EM

contain formald e. WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

Transportation: Ground Shipments:

Proper Shipping Name: Paint Hazard Class or Division: 3 UN Identification Number: UN1263

Packaging Group: III

Hazard Label: Flammable Liquid IMO / IMDG (Ocean) Shipments: Proper Shipping Name: Paint Hazard Class or Division: 3.2 UN Identification Number: UN1263

Packaging Group: 111

Hazard Label: Flammable Liquid IMDG Page (English translation): 3268

Marine Pollutant: No

ICAO / IATA (Aircraft) Shipments: Proper Shipping Name: Paint Hazard Class or Division: 3

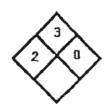
UN Identification Number: UN1263

Packaging Group: These product would normally be classified as Packaging Group II, however, they may be reclassified as III due to their viscosity (IATA Dangerous Goods Regulations, 1994, reference 3.3.3, page 47)

Hazard Label: Flammable Liquid

Packaging Instructions Passenger Aircraft (IATA English translation): 309 or Y309, when reclassified as PG III. Packaging Instructions Cargo Aircraft (IATA English translation): 310, when reclassified as PG III. Special Provisions:A3, A7, A72

NFPA 704



Section X - Preparation Information

Prepared by Akzo Nobel Coatings Car Refinish Manufacturing Operations Department.

Phone: 404-441-8628

Reference sources used in addition to raw material supplier MSDS information:

American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, 1993-1994 Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents and Biological Exposure Indices, ACGIH, Cincinnati, OH 1993.

Lewis, Richard J. Sr., Hazardous Chemicals Desk Reference, Third Edition, Van Nostrand Reinhold, New York, 1993. U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Disease Control, NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, NIOSH, Cincinnati, OH, 1990.

DO NOT HANDLE UNTIL THE MANUFACTURER'S SAFETY PRECAUTIONS HAVE BEEN READ AND UNDERSTOOD. REGULATIONS REQUIRE THAT ALL EMPLOYEES BE TRAINED ON MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEETS FOR ALL PRODUCTS WITH WHICH THEY COME IN CONTACT.

While Akzo Nobel Coatings Inc. believes that the data contained herein are accurate and derived from qualified sources, the data are not to be taken as a warranty or representation for which Akzo Nobel Coatings Inc. assumes legal responsibility. They are offered solely for your consideration, investigation and verification. Any use of these data and information must be determined by the user to be in accordance with applicable federal, state and local taws and regulations.



Cleaners and Degreasers

Date of Preparation: November, 1994

Section I - Production Information

Manufacturer.

Akzo Nobel Coatings Inc.

Canadian Supplier:

Akzo Nobel Coatings Ltd. 110 Woodbine Downs Blvd,

5555 Spalding Drive Norcross, GA 30092

Unit #4 Etobicoke, Ontario Canada M9W 5S6

USA

For Canadian transportation

For poison information

For US transportation emergencies call -

emergencies call -

Chemtrec: 800-424-9300

Canutec: 613-996-6666

Poisindex 303-832-3332

Product Class:

Emergency Telephone:

Solvent Blend

Product Codes (US - Canadian):

M600 Wax & Grease Remover (6040/6041-1015551/1015552)

Sikkens Cleaning Solvent (5003/5004-NA)

OTO Quick Degreaser (5007/5009-1052351/1522352)

Cleaning Solvent 790 (5006-NA) Anti-static Degreaser (5013-1054205) Lacquer Thinner 10:10 (NA-1036320)

Section II - Hazardous Ingredients

	% by		Vapor	ACGIH	OSHA	LD ₅₀	LD ₅₀	LC ₅₀	
Hazardous Ingredient	weight	CAS No.	Press.	TLV	PEL	Oral	Dem	Inhal.	LEL
M600 contains:									
VM & P Naphtha	40-70%	8032-32-4	38.0	300ppm	300ppm	n, av.	n. av.	1600	0.9
Xylene (SARA313)	3.2%	1330-20-7	9.5	100ppm	100ppm	4300	14100	5000	1.5
Ethylbenzene(SARA313)	0.8%	100-41-4	10.0	100ppm	100ppm	3500	5000	4000	1.0
Aliphatic Hydrocarbons	10-30%	64742-89-8	60.0	50ppm	500ppm	18400	3600	16000	1.0
Stoodard Solvent	5-10%	8052-41-3	2.0	100ppm	100ppm	n, av.	n. av.	n. av.	1.0
Ethyl Acetate	5-10%	141-78-6	72.8	400ppm	400ррт	11300	n, av,	1600	2.2
Sikkens Cleaning Solvent con	tains;								
Acetone (SARA313)	50.0%	67-64-1	186.0	750ppm	750ppm	n. av.	n. av.	Π, 87.	2.2
N-butyl Acetate	5-10%	123-86-4	8.0	150ppm	150ppm	14000	n. av.	2000	1.7
Toluene(SARA313)(P65)	45.0%	108-88-3	22.0	50ррт	100ppm	5000	14000	4000	1.2
OTO Quick Degreaser contain	15			 				-	
Isoprepyl Alcohol	5-10%	67-63-0	32.4	400ррт	400ррпп	5840	13000	12000	2.0
Ethylbenzene(SARA313)	15.2%	100-41-4	10.0	100ppm	100ppm	3500	5000	4000	1.0
VM&P Naphtha	10-30%	8032-32-4	38,0	300ppm	300ppm	n, av,	n. av.	1600	0.9
Xylene(SARA313)	64.8%	1330-20-7	9.5	100ppm	100ppm	4300	14100	5000	1.5
Lacquer Thinner 1020 contain	s:								
Methyl Alcohol(SARA313)	18.0%	67-56-1	96,0	200ppm	200ppm	5628	20000	64000	1.1
Toluene(SARA313)(P65)	59.0%	108-88-3	22,0	50ppm	100ppm	5000	14000	4000	1.2
Methyl Ethyl Ketone (SARA(113)	23.0%	78-93-3	77.5	200ppm	200ppm	2737	13000	9610	1.1
Anti-static Degreaser contains	s:			,					
Isobutyl Alcohol	40-70%	78-83-1	8.8	50ppm	50ppm	2460	4240	n, av.	1.7
Stoddard Solvent	40-70%	8052-41-3	2.0	100ppm	100ppm	n. av.	n. av.	n, av.	1.0
Cleaning Solvent 790 contains	S:					1 14		1 1 1 1 1	
Methyl Isobutyl Kelone (SAFA313)	55.0%	108-10-1	16.0	50ppm	50r.pm	1600	n, av.	2000	1.2
N-butyl Alcohol (SARA313)	10.0%	71-36-3	4.4	50ppm	50ppm	790	3400	8000	1.4
Xylene(SARA313)	24.3%	1330-20-7	9.5	100ppm	100ppm	4300	14100	5000	1.5
Acetone (SARA313)	5.0%	67-64-1	186.0	750ppm	750ppm	n. av.	n, av.	h. av.	2.2
Ethylbenzene(SARA313)	5.7%	100-41-4	10.0	100ppm	100ppm	3500	5000	4000	1.0
		outher Information				2300	1 2300	,500	1.4

Further Information for Individual Products

		% Volatile	Wt, per Gal.	Flash Point		NFPA	Odor
Product	Boiling Range	Volume	(Spec, Grav.)	(SFCC)	LEL	Flam.	Threshold
M600 Wax & Grease Remover	168-385F (76-196C)	100	6.2 (0.73)	30F (-1C)	0.9	18	6.3 ppm
Sikkens Cleaning Solvent	133-293F (56-145C)	100	7.1 (0.85)	40F (4C)	1.2	18	3.6 ppm
OTO Quick Degreaser	180-293F (82-145C)	100	7.1 (0.85)	55F (13C)	0.9	IB	20.0 ppm
Cleaning Solvent 790	133-248F (56-140C)	100	6.8 (0.82)	10F (-12C)	1.0	I B	1.25 ppm
Anti-static Degreaser	233-385F 112-196C)	98.8	6.5 (0.78)	82F (28C)	1,0	10	15.0 ppm
Lacquer Thinner 1020	147-232F (64-111C)	100	7.1 (0.84)	21C (-6C)	1.1	18	6.7 ppm

LD₅₀ Oral - rat mg/m³, LD₅₀ Dermal - rabbit mg/m³, LC₅₀ Inhalation - rat mg/m³ unless otherwise specified.

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Chemicals marked with (SARA313) are subject to the requirements of Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986 (EPCRA); see Section IX - Regulatory Information. Chemicals marked with (P65) are regulated in California by Proposition 65; see Section IX - Regulatory Information.

Section III - Physical Data

Evaporation Rate: Slower than ether Vapor Density: Heavier than air Bolling Range: See Section II Weight per Gallon: See Section II

Percent Volatile by Volume: See Section II

Physical state: Liquid

Odor and Appearance: organic odor, clear liquid

Odor Threshold (ppm): See Section II Vapor Pressure: See Technical Table

Freezing point, Coefficient of water/oil distribution .pH: Not

applicable or not available

Section IV - Fire or Explosion Hazard

Flash Point (SFCC): See Section II Lower Explosive Limit: See Section II NFPA Flammability: See Section II

ExtInguishing Media: Foam, carbon dioxide, dry chemicals. Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Do not use M-600 on fiberglass or plastic due to potential of fire from static. Keep containers tightly closed, isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions. During emergency conditions, overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Water should be used to cool containers exposed to fire. Fire fighting personnel should wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Section V-Reactivity Data

Stability: Stable under non-emergency conditions. Incompatibility (materials to avoid): Alkalis, acids, oxidizers, liquid chlorine, oxygen, sodium hypochlorite, calcium hypochlorite.

Hazardous Polymerization: Will not occur.

Conditions to Avoid: High temperatures, flame, sparks.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Oxides of carbon, toxic fumes, various hydrocarbons, aldehydes,

Section VI - Toxicological Properties

Threshold Limit Value: None established for this product. For further information, see Section II - Hazardous Ingredients Cancer Risks: No ingredients in these products are known to NTP, IARC, ACGIH or OSHA to be carcinogenic. Exposure Effects: Acute and Chronic Inhalation: Nasal and respiratory irritation, dizziness, weakness, fatigue, nausea, headache, possible unconsciousness, chemical pneumonitis, central nervous system depression and even asphyxiation. Delayed lung damage, kidney, liver, and cardiac disorders, red blood cell and leukocyte disorders which may result in anemia. Skin contact: Extraction of natural oils with resulting dry skin, irritation, redness and dermatitis. Chronic sensitization to skin may occur.

Eye contact: Irritation, redness, pain, blurred vision, sensation of seeing halos around lights.

Ingestion: Gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea; kidney damage, blood system damage.

Other Health Effects:

Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents may be harmful or fatal. Reports have associated are repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Aromatic hydrocarbons (xylene, toluene, etc.) have been shown in animal studies to cause adverse effects on blood and blood forming tissues and may in rare cases sensitize the heart causing cardiac arrhythmia.

Butyl acetate may be very toxic. A 4 hour LC₅₀ of 160 ppm in . male and female rats has been reported by 3M (unreviewed). Overexposure to butanol combined with high noise levels may cause hearing damage.

Overexposure to methanol may lead to loss of sight; it is readily absorbed through the skin.

Overexposure to isopropanol may cause skin sensitization.

Section VII - Preventive Measures

Steps To Be Taken in Case Material is Released Or Spilled: Remove all sources of ignition. Avoid breathing vapors, ventilate confined area. Dike to reduce extent of spill. Remove with inert absorbent using non-sparking tools. If necessary report to applicable government agency.

Waste Disposal Method: Dispose of in accordance with federal, state or provincial and local pollution requirements. In addition, rags, spray booth filters, paint suits, empty cans, etc., contaminated with product may be hazardous waste. Determine whether contaminated items are hazardous and dispose of as appropriate.

Respiratory Protection: Adequate ventilation is required. In confined areas use NIOSH/MSHA approved air supplied respirator. If monitoring demonstrates levels below TLV or PEL wear a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator device. In cases where no monitoring for airborne contaminants has been carried out, assume maximum exposure and use paint suit, goggles, gloves, and air supplied respiratory equipment. See safety equipment supplier for evaluation and recommendation.

Ventilation: Provide sufficient ventilation to keep vapor concentration below the given TLV and/or PEL.

Protective Gloves: Required for prolonged or repeated contact. Refer to safety equipment supplier for effective glove recommendations.

Eye Protection: Use safety goggles designed to protect against splash of liquids when spraying or when working with open liquids such as during mixing or pouring.

Other Protective Equipment: Eye bath and shower should be available. Use chemical resistant apron, boots or other clothing if needed to avoid repeated or frequent contact. Liquid may penetrate shoes and leather causing delayed irritation. Hyglenic Practices: Wash hands before eating, smoking, or using the washroom. Launder clothing before reuse. Precautions To Be Taken In Handling And Storing: Store containers out of sun and away from heat, sparks, and open flames. Close all containers after each use. Consult NFPA

and local codes for additional storage requirements.

Other Precautions: Do not use M-600 on fiberglass or plastic due to potential of fire from static. Do not take internally. Use

approved bonding and grounding properties. Observe label precautions. Keep closures tight and container upright to prevent leakage. Never use pressure to empty container, drum is not a pressure vessel. Do not weld or flame cut on empty drum.

Section VIII - First Aid Measures .

Emergency and First, Aid Procedures:

Inhalation - move to fresh air, give artificial respiration if

Skin contact - wash with soap and water, not solvent. Eye contact - flush with water for at least 15 minutes, consult a physician;

Ingestion - drink one or two glasses of water to dilute. Do not induce vomiting. Consult a physician or poison control center immediately. Treat symptomatically

Medical Conditions Prone to Aggravation: Pulmonary conditions, skin disorders.

Section IX - Regulatory Information

OSHA: These products are considered hazardous under the Federal OSHA Hazard Communication Standard.

WHMIS: B2;D2B SARA Title III:

Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances: None Section 311 / 312 Hazard Calegories: Immediate health, delayed health, fire hazard.

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals: xylene, ethylbenzene, acetone, toluene, methyl alcohol, methyl isobutyl ketone and n-butyl alcohol. You may be required to submit this MSDS to state and local emergency response agencies (SERC & LEPC) and to your local fire department. Also, you may be affected by other sections of this law, depending on the chemicals and amounts that you inventory at your location. To learn more about your responsibilities, call the EPA Hotline (800) 535-0202

RCRA: When discarded in its supplied form, these products meets the hazard criteria of "ignitability" and must be considered as hazardous waste D001. In addition, it may meet the criteria of F003 and F005 listed solvents.

TSCA status: All ingredients are TSCA registered.
CEPA status: All ingredients are listed on the DSL or NDSL.
Proposition 65: Sikkens Cleaning Solvent and Lacquer
Thinner 1020 contain toluene. WARNING: This product
contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause
birth defects or other reproductive harm.

Transportation:

Ground Shipments:

Proper Shipping Name: Paint Related Material

Hazard Class or Division: 3
UN Identification Number: UN1263

Packaging Group: II (Anti-Static Degreaser III)

Hazard Label: Flammable Liquid IMO / IMDG (Ocean) Shipments: Proper Shipping Name: Paint

Hazard Class or Division: 3.2 (Anti-Static Degreaser 3.3)

UN Identification Number: UN1263

Packaging Group: II (Anti-Static Degreaser III)

Hazard Label: Flammable Liquid IMDG page (English translation): 3268

(Antistatic Degreaser 3372)

Hazard Class or [on: 3 UN Identification Number: UN1263

Packaging Group: III (Anti-Static Degreaser II)

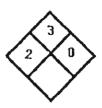
Hazard Label: Flammable Liquid

Packaging Instructions Passenger Aircraft (IATA English translation): 305 or Y305 (Anti-Static Degreaser 309 or Y309)

Packaging Instructions Cargo Aircraft (IATA English translation): 307 (Anti-Static Degreaser 310)

Special Provisions:A3, A7, A72

NFPA 704



Section X - Preparation Information

Prepared by Akzo Nobel Coatings Car Refinish Manufacturing Operations Department.

Phone: 404-441-8628

Reference sources used in addition to raw material supplier MSDS information:

American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, 1993-1994 Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents and Biological Exposure Indices, ACGIH, Cincinnati, OH 1993.

Lewis, Richard J. Sr., Hazerdous Chemicals Desk Reference, Third Edition, Van Nostrand Reinhold, New York, 1993. U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Disease Control, NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, NIOSH, Cincinnati, OH, 1990.

DO NOT HANDLE UNTIL THE MANUFACTURER'S SAFETY PRECAUTIONS HAVE BEEN READ AND UNDERSTOOD, REGULATIONS REQUIRE THAT ALL EMPLOYEES BE TRAINED ON MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEETS FOR ALL PRODUCTS WITH WHICH THEY COME IN CONTACT.

While Akzo Nobel Coatings Inc. believes that the data contained herein are accurate and derived from qualified sources, the data are not to be taken as a warranty or representation for which Akzo Nobel Coatings Inc. assumes legal responsibility. They are offered solely for your consideration, investigation and verification. Any use of these data and information must be determined by the user to be in accordance with applicable federal, state and local laws and regulations.

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Body Fillers and Hardeners

Date of Preparation: November, 1994

Section I - Product Information

Manufacturer:

Akzo Nobel Coatings Inc.

5555 Spalding Drive

Norcross, GA 30092

USA

Canadian Supplier. Akzo Nobel Coatings Ltd.

110 Woodbine Downs Blvd.

Unit #4 Etobicoke, Ontario

Canada M9W 5S6

Emergency Telephone:

For US transportation

emergencies call -

emergencies call -

For Canadian transportation

For poison information cail -

Chemtrec: 800-424-9300

Canutec: 613-996-6666

Polsindex 303-832-3332

Product Class:

Body fillers and hardeners

Product Codes (item numbers US-Canadian):

Polysurfacer & Hardener (002006 & 004008 - 1019101)

Polystop LP & Hardener (NA - 1034333) Kombi Putty (003005' - 1034635)

Polykit (003009 - 103432) Polykit AS (003020 - 1033833) Polymetal (NA ~ 1034733)

Polystop LP (003000 - 1034332) Polysoft (003012 - 1034831)

Polyfiber (NA - 1034532)

		Section II - Ha	zardous !	ngredients					
	% by		Vapor	ACGIH	OSHA	LD ₅₀ Oral	LD ₅₀	LC ₅₀	
Hazardous Ingredient	weight	CAS No.	Press.	TLV	PEL	Oraf	Derm	Inhal.	LEL
Polysurfacer contains:									_
Styrene(SARA313)	21.6%	100-42-5	4.5	50ppm	50ppm	5000	π. av.	n. av.	1.1
Talc	10-20%	14807-96-6	п, ар.	2mg/m ³	2mg/m ³	n. av.	n. av.	n. av.	п.ар
Barium Sulfate	5-10%	7727-43-7	n, ap.	10mg/m ³	10mg/m ³	n. av.	n, av.	n. av.	n.ap
Formaldehyde(SARA313)(P55)	<0.02%	50-00-0	9.5	_0.3mg/m ³	0.75mg/m ³	800	270	590	1.1
Ethyl Acetate	1-5%	141-78-8	72.8	400ppm_	400ppm	11300	n. av.	1600	2.2
Toluene (SARA313) (P65)	1.9%	108-88-3	22.0	50ppm	_100ppm	5000	14000	4000	1.2
Titanium Dioxide	1-5%	13463-67-7	n, ap.	10mg/m ³	10mg/m ⁻³	n. av.	n. av.	n. av.	n.ap
Xylene(SARA313)	1-5%	1330-20-7	9.5	100ppm	100ppm	4300	14100	5000	1.5
Calcium Carbonate	5-10%	471-34-1	n. ap.	10mg/m ³	15mg/m ⁻³	n. av.	n. ay.	n. av.	n.ap
Polykit AS contains:	•					-			
Calcium Carbonate	5-10%	471-34-1	n. ap.	10mg/m ⁻⁵	15mg/m ³	n. av.	II, 8V.	n. av.	n.ap
Lithopone(SARA313)	4.8%	1345-05-7	п, ар.	n. av.	n. av.	n. av.	n. av.	n, av,	п.вр
Styrene(SARA313)	11.7%	100-42-5	4.5	50ppm	50ppm	5000	n. av.	n. av.	1.1
Titanium Dioxide	1-5%	13463-67-7	n. ap,	10mg/m ³	10mg/m ³	n. av.	n. av.	n. av.	n.ap
Talc	20-40%	14807-96-6	п. ар.	2mg/m ³	2mg/m ³	n. av.	n. av.	n, av.	n.ap
Polystop LP contains:									
Lithopone(SARA313)	15.6%	1345-05-7	n. ap.	n, av.	n. av.	n, av.	n. av.	n, ev.	n.ap
Organolphilic Clay	1-5%	68953-58-2	п. ар.	n, av,	n. av.	π, av.	n. av.	n, av.	n,ap
Amorphous Silica	1-5%	112926-00-8	n. ap.	10mg/m ³	6mg/m ³	3160	n, 8y.	n, av.	n.ap
Styrene(SARA313)	13.7%	100-42-5	4,5	50ppm	50ррт	5000	n, av.	n, av.	1,1
Titanium Dioxide	1-5%	13463-67-7	п. ар.	10mg/m ³	10mg/m ³	n. av.	n, av.	n, av.	n.ap
Talc	20-40%	14807-96-8	n. ap.	2mg/m ³	2mg/m ³	n, av.	n, av.	ŋ, av.	n.ap
Polysoft contains:									
Calcium Carbonate	5-10%	471-34-1	n. ap.	10mg/m ⁻⁵	15mg/m ³	ก. 8۷.	n. av.	n, av.	n.ap
Titanium Dioxide	1-5%	13463-67-7	n. ap.	10mg/m ⁻³	10mg/m ³	n. av.	n. av.	h. av.	n.ap
Talc	10-20%	14807-96-6	n. ap.	2mg/m ³	2mg/m ³	n. av.	n. av.	ກ. av.	n.ap
Lithopone (SARA313)	5,4%	1345-05-7	п. ар.	n, av.	n. av.	n. av.	n, av.	n, av.	n.ap
Kaolin	5-10%	1332-58-7	n, ap	10mg/m ³	10mg/m ³	n. av.	n, av.	n, av.	n.ap
Styrene(SARA313)	14.4%	100-42-5	4.5	50ppm	50ppm	5000	R. av.	n_av.	1.1
Polykit contains:									
Calcium Carbonate	5-10%	471-34-1	n. ap.	10mg/m ³	15mg/m ⁻³	ก. ลง.	n. 8v.	n. av.	n.ap
Lithopone(SARA313)	4.5%	1345-05-7	n. 8p,	n. av.	n. av.	n, av.	n. av.	n. av.	n.ap
Kaolin	1-5%	1332-58-7	n. ap	10mg/m ⁻³	10mg/m ³	n. av.	n. 8V.	n. av.	n.ap
Styrene(SARA313)	12.6%	100-42-5	4.5	50ppm	50ppm	5000	n. av.	n. av.	1.1
Titanium Dioxide	1-5%	13463-67-7	n. ap.	10mg/m ³	10mg/m ⁻³	n. av.	n. av.	n. av.	n.ap
Taic	20-40%	14807-96-6	п. ар.	2mg/m ³	2mg/m ³	n. av.	n. av.	n. av.	n.ap
Polyfiber contains:									
Amorphous Silica	1-5%	112926-00-8	n. ap.	10mg/m ³	6mg/m ³	3160	n. av.	n. av.	n.ap
Barium Sulfate	10-20%	7727-43-7	п. вр.	10mg/m ³	10mg/m ³	n, av.	n. av.	n. av.	n.ap
Styrene(SARA313)	23.7%	100-42-5	4.5	50ppm	50ppm	5000	n. av.	n. av.	1.1
Talc	10-20%	14807-96-6	n. ap.	2mg/m ³	2mg/m ³	n. av,	n. av.	n. av.	n.ap

Kombi Putty contains:	500 E								
Barium Sulfate	1-5%	7727-43-7	n. ap.	10mg/m ³	Tumg/m ³	n. av.	n. av.	n. av.	n.ap
N-butyl Acetate	10-20%	123-86-4	8.0	150ppm	150ppm	14000	n, av,	2000	1.7
N-butyl Alcohol (SARA313)	1.8%	71-36-3	4.4	50ppm	50ppm	790	3400	8000	1.4
2-butoxy Ethyl Acetate (SAR 4313)	2.3%	112-07-2	0.5	n, av.	n. av.	2400	1500	n. av,	8.0
Calcium Carbonate	5-10%	471-34-1	n. ap.	10mg/m ³	15mg/m ⁻³	rt. av.	n. av.	n. av.	n.ap
Ethyl Alcohol	1-5%	64-17-5	44.0	1000ppm	1000ppm	7060	20000	20000	3.3
Lithopone (SARA313)	16.4%	1345-05-7	n, ap.	n. av.	n, av.	n, av,	n. av.	n. av.	n.ap
Toluene(SARA313)(P65)	1.3%	108-88-3	22.0	50ppm	100ppm	5000	14000	4000	1.2
Light Petroleum Distillate	1-5%	64742-47-8	2.0	n, av.	500ppm	5000	3160	n, av.	0.6
Ethylbenzene (SARA313)	1.2%	100-41-4	10,0	100ppm	100ppm	3500	5000	4000	1.0
Xylene(SARA313)	7.0%	1330-20-7	9.5	100ррт	100ppm	4300	14100	5000	1.5
Tako	10-20%	14807-96-6	n. ap.	2mg/m ³	2mg/m ³	n. av.	n, av.	n. av.	n.ap
Texanol	1-5%	26265-77-4	<0.1	n, av,	n. av.	n. av.	n. av.	n. av.	1.0
Zinc Sulfide(SARA313)	2.2%	1314-98-3	n. ap.	n. av.	n. av.	n, av.	n, av,	n, av.	n.ap
Polymetal contains:									
Aluminum (SARA313)	1.4%	7429-90-5	n. ap.	10mg/m ³	10mg/m ³	n. av.	n. av.	n. av.	n.ap
Amorphous Silica	1-5%	112926-00-8	ก. สp.	10mg/m ³	6mg/m ³	3160	ก. ฮง.	n. av.	n.ap
Barlum Sulfate :	10-20%	7727-43-7	n. ap.	10mg/m ³	10mg/m ³	n. av.	n, av.	n. av,	n.ap
Styrene(SARA313)	12.0%	100-42-5	4.5	50ppm	50ppm	5000	n. av.	n. av,	1.1
Talc	20-40%	14807-96-6	n, ap.	2mg/m ³	2mg/m ³	n. av.	n, av.	n, av,	п.ар
The hardeners for bodyfillers	s contain:				·				
Benzoyl Peroxide (SARA313)	50.0%	94-36-0	n. ap.	5mg/m ³	5mg/m ³	7710	n. av.	n. av.	n,ap
Dibutyl Phthalate(SARA31:1)	27.0%	84-74-2	n. ap	5mg/m ³	5mg/m ³	12000	n. av.	7900	n.ap
The Polysurfacer Hardener	contains:								
Cyclohexanone Peroxide	20-40%	12262-58-7	n. ap.	n, av.	n. av.	880	n, av.	n. av.	n.ap
	Furthe	r Physical Infor	nation for	Individual Pr	roducts				
		% Volatile	Wt. Per G	al. Fla	sh Point		NEPA		Odor

		% Volatile	Wt. Per Gal.	Flash Point		NFPA	Ödor
Product	Boiling Range	Volume	(Spec. Grav.)	(SFCC)	LEL	Flam.	Threshold
Polysurfacer	168-293F (76-145C)	31.9	13.0 (1.56)	79F (26C)	1.0	I C	0.052 ppm
Polykit AS	293F (145C)	24.8	15.8 (1.89)	90F (32C)	1.1	IC	0.052 ppm
Polykit	293F (145C)	30.0	16.0 (1.92)	84F (29C)	1.1	1 C	0.052 ppm
Polysoft	293F (145C)	21.4	11.0 (1.32)	84F (29C)	1.1	I C	0.052 ppm
Polystop LP	293F (145C)	30.0	. 16,0 (1.92)	84F (29C)	1.1	IC	0.052 ppm
Kombi Putty	171-490F (77-254C)	58,3	13.0 (1.56)	61F (16C)	0.6	1B	0.063 ppm
Polysurfacer Hardener	168-420F (76-216C)	54.0	8.2 (0.98)	23F (-5C)	2.2	1C	n, av.
Bodyfiller Hardener	212-642F (100-339C)	26.4	9.6 (1.15)	n. ap.	n. ap.	n, ap.	n, av.

LD₅₀ Oral - rat mg/m³, LD₅₀ Dermal - rabbit mg/m³, LC₅₀ Inhalation - rat mg/m³ unless otherwise specified.

Chemicals marked with (SARA313) are subject to the requirements of Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986 (EPCRA); see Section IX - Regulatory Information. Chemicals marked with (P65) are regulated in California by Proposition 65; see Section IX - Regulatory Information.

Section III - Physical Data

Evaporation Rate: Slower than ether Vapor Density: Heavier than air Boiling Range: See Section II Weight per gallon: See Section II

Percent Volatile by Volume: See Section II

Physical state: paste (Polysurfacer Hardener - liquid) Odor and Appearance: organic odor, colored paste

(Polysurfacer Hardener - clear liquid)
Odor Threshold (ppm): See Section II
Vapor Pressure: See Technical Table

Freezing point, Coefficient of water/oil distribution ,pH: Not

applicable or not available

Section IV - Fire or Explosion Hazard

Flash Point (SFCC): See Section II NFPA Flammability. See Section II Lower Explosive Limit: See Section II

Extinguishing Media: Foam, carbon dioxide, dry chemicals. Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Keep containers tightly closed, isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks

and open flame. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions. During emergency conditions, overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Water should be used to cool containers exposed to fire. Fire fighting personnel should wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Section V- Reactivity Data

Stability: Stable under non-emergency conditions.

Incompatibility (materials to avoid): Alkalis, acids, oxidizers, alkali metals, halogenated solvents, nitric acid, halogen

compounds, water, sodium hydroxide.

Hazardous Polymerization: May occur.

Conditions to Avoid: High temperatures, flame, sparks, high

humidity, light, water, moisture

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Oxides of carbon,

toxic fumes, various hydrocarbons, aldehydes.

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Proposition 65: Kombi putty and Pourfacer contain toluene. WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. Polysurfacer contains formaldehyde, WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

Transportation:

Ground Shipments: Bodyfillers

Proper Shipping Name: Paint Related Material

Hazard Class or Division: 3 UN Identification Number: UN1263

Packaging Group: III (Kombi Putty reclassified as III, because

of viscosity as per 49CFR)
Hazard Label: Flammable Liquid

Ground Shipments: Polysurfacer Hardener, this product is exempted from modal requirements as per DOT-E1119.

Ground Shipments: Bodyfiller Hardeners

Proper Shipping Name: Organic Peroxide type C, solid

(dibenzoyl peroxide)

Hazard Class or Division: 5.2
UN Identification Number: UN3104
Packaging Group: Not applicable
Hazard Label: Organic Peroxide

IMO / IMDG (Ocean) Shipments: Bodyfillers Proper Shipping Name: Paint Related Material Hazard Class or Division: 3.3 (Kombi Putty 3.2)

UN Identification Number: UN1263 Packaging Group: III (Kombi Putty II) Hazard Label: Flammable Liquid

IMDG Page (English translation): 3372 (Kombi Putty 3268)

Marine Pollutant: No

IMO / IMDG (Ocean) Shipments: Bodyfiller Hardeners Proper Shipping Name: Organic Peroxide type C, solid

(dibenzoyl peroxide)
Hazard Class or Division: 5,2
UN Identification Number: UN3104
Packaging Group: Not applicable
Hazard Label: Organic Peroxide
IMDG Page (English translation): 5224

Marine Pollutant: No

IMO / IMDG (Ocean) Shipments: Polysurfacer Hardener Proper Shipping Name: Organic Peroxide type D, liquid

(cyclohexanone percxide)
Hazard Class or Division: 5.2
UN Identification Number: UN3105
Packaging Group: Not applicable
Hazard Label: Organic Peroxide
IMDG Page (English translation): 5225

Marine Pollutant: No

ICAO / IATA (Aircraft) Shipments: Bodyfillers Proper Shipping Name: Paint Related Material

Hazard Class or Division: 3 UN Identification Number: UN1263

Packaging Group: III (Kombi Putty reclassified as per IATA

Dangerous Goods Regulations 3.3.3)
Hazard Label: Flammable Liquid

Packaging Instructions Passenger Aircraft (IATA English

translation): 309 or Y309

Packaging Instructions Cargo Aircraft (IATA English

translation): 310

Special Provisions: A3, A7, A72

ICAO / IATA (Aircrait) Shipments: Bodyfiller Hardener

Proper Shipping Name: Organic Peroxide type C, solid

(dipenzoyl peroxide)

Hazard Class or Division: 5.2 UN Identification Number: UN3104 Packaging Group: (Not applicable Hazard Label: Offic Peroxide

Packaging Instructions Passenger Aircraft (IATA English

translation); 510

Packaging Instructions Cargo Aircraft (IATA English

translation): 513

Special Provisions: A20

ICAO / IATA (Aircraft) Shipments: Polysurfacer Hardener Proper Shipping Name: Organic Peroxide type D, liquid

(cyclohexanone peroxide)
Hazard Class or Division; 5.2
UN Identification Number: UN3105
Packaging Group: Not applicable
Hazard Label: Organic Peroxide

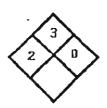
Packaging Instructions Passenger Aircraft (IATA English

translation): 500

Packaging Instructions Cargo Aircraft (IATA English

translation): 502 Special Provisions: A20

NFPA 7D4



Section X - Preparation Information

Prepared by Akzo Nobel Coatings Car Refinish Manufacturing Operations Department.

Phone: 404-441-8628

Reference sources used in addition to raw material supplier

MSDS information:

American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, 1993-1994 Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents and Biological Exposure Indices, ACGIH, Cincinnati, OH 1993.

Lewis, Richard J. Sr., Hazardous Chemicals Desk Reference, Third Edition, Van Nostrand Reinhold, New York, 1993. U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Disease Control, NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, NIOSH, Cincinnati, OH, 1990.

DO NOT HANDLE UNTIL THE MANUFACTURER'S SAFETY PRECAUTIONS HAVE BEEN READ AND UNDERSTOOD. REGULATIONS REQUIRE THAT ALL EMPLOYEES BE TRAINED ON MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEETS FOR ALL PRODUCTS WITH WHICH THEY COME IN CONTACT.

While Akzo Nobel Coatings Inc. believes that the data contained herein are accurate and derived from qualified sources, the data are not to be taken as a warranty or representation for which Akzo Nobel Coatings Inc. assumes legal responsibility. They are offered solely for your consideration, investigation and verification. Any use of these data and information must be determined by the user to be in accordance with applicable federal, state and local laws and regulations.

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Threshold Limit Value: None establed for this product. For further information, see Section II - Hazardous Ingredients Cancer Risks: Styrene is listed by IARC as possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B). Ethyl Alcohol has been determined to be carcinogenic by IARC based upon chronic exposure through human consumption via the drinking of alcoholic beverages, over time. Formaldehyde is listed by OSHA as a potential cancer hazard, ACGIH as a suspected human carcinogen (A2), NTP as reasonably anticipated to be a carcinogen and IARC as probably carcinogenic to humans (Group 2A).

Exposure Effects: Acute and Chronic Inhalation: Nasal and respiratory irritation, dizziness, weakness, fatigue, nausea, headache, possible unconsciousness, chemical pneumonitis, central nervous system depression and even asphyxiation. Delayed lung damage, kidney, liver, and cardiac disorders, red blood cell and leukocyte disorders which may result in anemia. Skin contact: Extraction of natural oils with resulting dry skin, irritation, redness and dermatitis. Chronic sensitization to skin may occur.

Eye contact: Irritation, redness, pain, blurred vision, sensation of seeing halos around lights.

Ingestion: Gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea; kidney damage, blood system damage.

Other Health Effects: Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents may be harmful or fatal. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage.

Aromatic hydrocarbons (e.g. toluene and xylene) have been shown in animal studies to cause adverse effects on blood and blood forming tissues and may in rare cases sensitize the heart causing cardiac arrhythmia.

2-Butoxyethyl Acetate has been shown in animal studies to cause adverse effects on blood and blood forming tissues. Butyl acetate may be very toxic. A 4 hour LC₅₀ of 160 ppm in male and female rats has been reported by 3M (unreviewed). Overexposure to aluminum may cause pulmonary fibrosis. Overexposure to butanol combined with high noise levels may cause hearing damage.

Prolonged abuse of ethanol may cause permanent liver, blood and cardiovascular damage.

Animal studies have shown that chronic exposure to styrene may cause injury to the lungs, liver and kidneys. Studies in rats and humans have shown that styrene has caused reproductive effects.

Human evidence has indicated that Benzoyl Peroxide can cause skin sensitization.

Section VII - Preventive Measures

Steps To Be Taken in Case Material is Released Or Spilled: Remove all sources of ignition. Avoid breathing vapors, ventilate confined area. Dike to reduce extent of spill. Remove with inert absorbent using non-sparking tools. If necessary report to applicable government agency.

Waste Disposal Method: Dispose of in accordance with federal, state and local pollution requirements. In addition, rags, spray booth filters, paint suits, empty cans, etc., contaminated with product may be hazardous waste. Determine whether contaminated items are hazardous and dispose of as appropriate.

Respiratory Protection: Adequate ventilation is required. In confined areas use NIOSH/MSHA approved air supplied respirator. If monitoring demonstrates levels below TLV or PEL wear a NIOSH/MSHA approved respirator device. In

cases where no noting for airborne contaminants has been carried out, assume maximum exposure and use paint suit, goggles, gloves, and air supplied respiratory equipment. See safety equipment supplier for evaluation and recommendation.

Ventilation: Provide sufficient ventilation to keep vapor concentration below the given TLV and/or PEL. Remove decomposition products formed during welding or flame cutting of surfaces coated with this product.

Protective Gloves: Required for prolonged or repeated contact. Refer to safety equipment supplier for effective glove recommendations.

Eye Protection: Use safety goggles designed to protect against splash of liquids when spraying or when working with open liquids such as during mixing or pouring.

Other Protective Equipment: Eye bath and shower should be available. Use chemical resistant apron, boots or other clothing if needed to avoid repeated or frequent contact. Liquid may penetrate shoes and leather causing delayed irritation. Hyglenic Practices: Wash hands before eating, smoking, or using the washroom. Launder clothing before reuse. Precautions To Be Taken In Handling And Storing: Store

containers out of sun and away from heat, sparks, and open flames. Close all containers after each use. Consult NFPA and local codes for additional storage requirements.

Other Precautions: Do not take internally. Use approved bonding and grounding procedures if warranted. Observe label precautions. Keep closures tight and container upright to prevent leakage. Avoid breathing sanding dust.

Section VIII - First Aid Measures

Emergency and First Aid Procedures:

Inhalation - move to fresh air, give artificial respiration if necessary; skin contact - wash with soap and water, not solvent.

Eye contact - flush with water for at least 15 minutes, consult a physician.

Ingestion - drink one or two glasses of water to dilute. Do not induce vomiting. Consult a physician or poison control center immediately. Treat symptomatically.

Medical Conditions Prone to Aggravation: Pulmonary conditions, skin disorders.

Section IX - Regulatory Information:

OSHA: These products are considered hazardous under the Federal OSHA Hazard Communication Standard. WHMIS: B2;D2A (Kombi Putty, Polysurfacer hardener and

bodyfiller hardener B2;D2B).

SARA Title III:

Section 302 Extremely Hezerdous Substances: None Section 311 / 312 Hezerd Categories: Immediate health, delayed health, fire hazard.

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals: xylene, n-butanol, styrene, toluene, lithopone, 2-butoxy ethyl acetate, ethylbenzene, aluminum, benzoyl peroxide, dibutyl phthalate and formaldehyde. You may be required to submit this MSDS to state and local emergency response agencies (SERC & LEPC) and to your local fire department. Also, you may be affected by other sections of this law, depending on the chemicals and amounts that you inventory at your location. To learn more about your responsibilities, call the EPA Hotline (800) 535-0202 RCRA: When discarded in its supplied form, this product meets the hazard criteria of "ignitability" and must be considered as hazardous waste D001.

TSCA status: All ingredients are TSCA registered. CEPA status: All ingredients are listed on the DSL or NDSL.

Autocryl Hardeners

Date of Preparation: November, 1994

Section 1 - Product Information

Manufacturer:

Akzo Nobel Coatings Inc.

5555 Spalding Drive

Canadian Supplier:

Norcross, GA 30092

USA

Akzo Nobel Coatings Ltd. 110 Woodbine Downs Blvd. Unit #4 Etobicoke, Ontario

Canada M9W 5S6

Emergency Telephone:

For US transportation

emergencies call -

Chemtrec: 800-424-9300

For Canadian transportation emergencies call -

Canutec: 613-996-6666

For poison information

call -

Polsindex 303-832-3332

Product Class:

Isocyanate Hardeners

Product Codes (item numbers US-Canadian):

Autocryl 1.2.3 Hardener 004050/004052 - 1035850/1035851 Autocryl MS Fast Flardener 004035/004036 - 1063750/1063751

Autocryl MS Standard Hardener 004033/004034 - 1063650/1063651

Autocryl MS Slow Hardener 004037/004038 - 1034950/1034951

Autocryl MS Extra Slow Hardener 004043/004044 - NA

Autocryl XT Hardener 004066/004068 - 1035350/1035351

Autocryl Hardener MS 10

Autocryl Hardener MS 20 004081/004084 - 1065503/1065506

Autocryl Hardener MS 30 004097/004086 - 1065603/1065604

Autocryl Hardener MS 40 004088/004089 - 1065703/1065704

Autocryl Hardener MS 50 004092/004093 - 1065505/1065507 Autocryl 3+1 Filler Hardener 004040/004042 - 1035050/1035051

Section II - Hazardous Ingredients

	% by		Vapor	ACGIH	OSHA	LD ₅₀	LD ₅₀	LC ₅₀	
Hazardous Ingredient	welght	CAS No.	Press.	TLV	PEL	Ora	Derm	Inhal.	LEL
1.2.3 Hardener contains:									
Xylene (SARA313)	19.1%	1330-20-7	9.5	100ppm	100ppm	4300	14100	5000	1.5
Propylene Glycol Methyl Ether Acetate	5-10%	108-65-6	3.8	n. av.	n. av.	8532	5000	n. av.	1,5
N-butyl Acetate	20-40%	123-86-4	8.0	150ppm	150ppm	14000	ก. av.	2000	1.7
Polyhexamethylene Dilsoc ranate	20-40%	28182-81-2	n, ap.	0.5mg/m ³	n. av.	n. av.	n. av.	n. av,	n.ap
Ethylbenzene(SARA313)	4.2%	100-41-4	10,0	100ppm	100ppm	3500	5000	4000	1.0
HexamethyleneDiisocyanatel fono (SARA313)	0.6%	822-06-6	n. ap.	.005mg/m ³	n. av.	710	570	n. av.	ก.ชอ
3+1 Filler Hardener contains:									
N-butyl Acetate	40-70%	123-86-4	8.0	150ppm	150ppm	14000	n. av.	2000	1.7
2-butoxy Ethyl Acetate(SARA313)	1.0%	112-07-2	0.5	n. ay.	n. av.	2400	1500	n, av.	0.8
HexamethyleneDiisocyanatel Aono (SARA313)	0.28%	822-06-6	n. ap.	.005mg/m ³	л. ау.	710	570	n, av,	n.ap
Polyhexamethylene Dilsocranate	5-10%	28182-81-2	n, ap.	0.5mg/m ³	n, av.	n. av.	n. av.	ก. av.	n.ap
Propylene Glycol Methyl Ether Acetate	1-5%	108-65-6	3.8	n. av.	n. av.	8532	5000	n. av.	1.5
Polyisocyanate Resin	20-40%	000	n. ap.	n, av,	п. аv.	n. av.	n. av.	n. av.	n.ap
Toluene Dilsocyanate	0.18%	26471-62-5	n. ap.	.005mg/m ³	.01mg/m ³	5800	10000	66	n.ap
Monomers (SARA313) (P65)									
Xylene (SARA313)	1.1%	1330-20-7	9.5	100ppm	100ppm	4300	14100	5000	1.5
XT Hardener contains:									
Polyhexamethylene Dirsocyanate	20-40%	28182-81-2	п. ар.	0.5mg/m ³	n. av.	n. av.	n. av.	n. av.	n.ap
HexamethyleneDilsocyanatel/lono.(SARA313)	0.32%	822-06-6	n. ap.	.005mg/m ³	n. av.	710	570	n. av.	n.ap
Ethyl Acetate	40-70%	141-78-6	72.8	400ppm	400ppm	11300	n. av.	1600	2.2
Ethylbenzene (SARA313)	1.0%	100-41-4	10,0	100ppm	100ppm	3500	5000	4000	1.0
Xylene (SARA313)	4.6%	1330-20-7	9.5	100ppm	100ppm	4300	14100	5000	1,5
MS Fast contains:	•								
Aromatic Naphtha 100	1-5%	64742-95-6	3.0	50ppm	500ppm	4700	n. av.	3670	0.9
N-butyl Acetate	1-5%	123-86-4	8.0	150ppm	150ppm	14000	n. av.	2000	1.7
Ethyl Acetate	20-40%	141-78-6	72.8	400ppm	400ppm	11300	n, av.	1600	2.2
Polyhexamethylene Dilsocyanate	20-40%	28182-81-2	n. ap.	0.5mg/m ³	n. av.	n, av.	n. av.	n. av.	n.ap
HexamethyleneDiisocyanatel fono.(SARA313)	0.08%	822-06-6	n. ap.	.005mg/m ³	n. av.	710	570	n. av.	n.ap
Ethylbenzene(SARA313)	3.2%	100-41-4	10.0	100ppm	100ppm	3500	5000	4000	1.0
Xylene(SARA313)	14.3%	1330-20-7	9.5	100ppm	100ppm	4300	14100	5000	1.5

MS Standard contains:									
Aromatic Naphtha 100	1-5%	64742-95-6	3.0	50ppm	500ppm	4700	n. av.	3670	0,9
N-buiyl Acetate	20-40%	123-86-4	8.0	150ppm	150ppm	14000	n, av.	2000	1.7
Ethyl-3-Ethoxypropionate	5-10%	763-69-9	1.1	n, av.	n. av.	5000	18880	1000	n.ap
Polyhevamethylene Dilsocyanate	20-40%	28182-81-2	n, ap,	0.5mg/m ³	n, av.	n. av.	n. av.	n. av.	n.ap
HexamethyleneDiisocyanateMono.(SARA313)	0.08%	822-06-8	n, ap.	.005mg/m ³	n. av.	710	570	n. av.	n.ap
Tetrahydronaphthalene	1-5%	119-64-2	0.3	10mg/m ³	n, av.	2860	17000	n. av.	0,8
Ethylbenzene(SARA313)	3.2%	100-41-4	10.0	100ppm	100ppm	3500	5000	4000	1,0
Xylene (SARA313)	14.8%	1330-20-7	9.5	100ppm	100ppm	4300	14100	5000	1.5
MS Slow contains:		.,,,,		Т	, чорри,	7000			
Aromatic Naphtha 100	5-10%	64742-95-6	3.0	50ppm	500ppm	4700	n. av.	3670	0.9
N-butyl Acetate	10-20%	123-86-4	8.0	150ppm	150ppm	14000	n. av.	2000	1.7
2-butoxy Ethyl Acetate(SAR'A313)	20.0%	112-07-2	0.5	n. av.		2400	1500		0.8
	20-40%	28182-81-2	n. ap.	0.5mg/m ³	n, av.			n. av.	
Polyhexamethylene Diisocyanate Hexamethylene DiisocyanateMono.(SARA313)	0.08%	822-06-6		.005mg/m ³	n, av.	n. av.	ภ, av. 570	n. av.	n.ap
	1-5%	108-65-6	л. ар. 3.8		n. av.	8532	5000	n. av.	n.ap
Propylene Glycol Methyl Ether Acetate	3.6%	100-41-4	10.0	n. av. 100ppm	n, av. 100ppm	3500	5000	n. av. 4000	1.5
Ethylbenzene(SARA313)	16.4%	1330-20-7	9.5			4300	14100	5000	1.0
Xylene(SARA313)	10.476	1330-20-1	9.5	100ppm	100ppm	4500	14100	3000	1.5
MS Extra Slow contains:	1 4 400 1								T
Aromatic Petroleum 150	1-5%	64742-94-5	1.0	50ppm	500ppm	n. av.	n, av,	n. av.	1.0
Aromatic Naphtha 100	1-5%	64742-95-6	3.0	50ppm	500ppm	4700	n. av.	3870	0.9
2-butoxy Ethyl Acetate(SARA313)	13.3%	112-07-2	0.5	n. av.	n. av.	2400	1500	n. av.	0.8
N-butyl Acetate	10-20%	123-86-4	0.8	150ppm	150ррт	14000	n. av.	2000	1.7
Polyhexamethylene Diisocyanate	40-70%	28182-81-2	п. ар.	0.5mg/m ³	n, av.	n. av.	n. av.	n. av.	n.ap
HexamethyleneDilsocyanateMono.(SARA313)	0.09%	822-06-6	n. ap.	.005mg/m ³	n. av.	710	570	n. av.	n.ap
Propylene Glycol Methyl Ether Acetate	20-40%	108-65-6	3.8	n, av,	h. av.	8532	5000	n. av.	1.5
MS10 contains:									
Aromatic Naphtha 100	1-5%	64742-95-6	3.0	50ppm	500ppm	4700	n. ay.	3670	0.9
N-butyl Acetate	1-5%	123-86-4	8.0	150ppm	150ppm	14000	n, ay,	2000	1.7
Polyhexamethylene Diisocyanate	20-40%	28182-81-2	n, ap.	0.5mg/m ³	n, av.	n. av,	n. av.	n. av.	n,ap
HexamethyleneDilsocyanateNono.(SARA313)	0.06%	822-06-6	n. ap.	.005mg/m ³	n. av.	710	570	n. av.	n.ap
EthyleneGlycolMonobutylEther(SARA313)	2.1%	111-76-2	0.6	25ppm	25ppm	1480	490	700	1.1
Toluene(SARA313)(P65)	56.1%	108-88-3	22.0	50ppm	100ppm	5000	14000	4000	1.2
MS 20 contains:	,				1.1				
N-butyl Acetale	20-40%	123-86-4	8.0	150ppm	150ppm	14000	n. av.	2000	1.7
Polyhexamethylene Diisocyanate	20-40%	28182-81-2	n. ap.	0.5mg/m ³	h. av.	n. av.	n. av.	n, av.	n.ap
HexamethyleneDilsocyanateNono.(SARA313)	0.19%	822-06-6	n. ap.	.005mg/m ³	h. av.	710	570	n, av.	n.ap
Ethylbenzene (SARA313)	3.6%	100-41-4	10.0	100ppm	100ppm	3500	5000	4000	1,0
	16.2%	1330-20-7	9.5	100ppm	100ppm	4300	14100	5000	1.5
Xylene (SARA313)			1.1			5000	18880	1000	+
Ethyl-3-Ethoxypropionate	5-10%	763-69-9		n. av.	h, av.	2860			n.ap
Tetrahydronaphthalene (242424)	1-5%	119-64-2	0,3	10mg/m ³	n, av.		17000	n, av,	0.8
(Saphorone Disocyanate Monomer(SARA313)	0.07%	4098-71-9	n. a <u>p.</u>	.045mg/m ³	.02mg/m ³	n. av.	n. av.	n. av.	n.ap
Polytsocyanate Resin	5-10%	000	n. ap,	n, av.	n. av.	u. av,	u. av.	n, av.	_n.ap
MS 30 contains:									
Aromatic Petroleum 150	5-10%	64742-94-5	1.0	50ppm	500ppm	n. av.	u. av.	n. av.	1.0
N-butyl Acetate	10-20%	123-86-4	8.0	150ppm	150ppm	14000	n. av.	2000	1.7
2-butoxy Ethyl Acetate(SAIRA313)	18.7%	112-07-2	0.5	n, av.	n. av.	2400	1500	n. av.	0.8
Polyhexamethylene Diisocranate	20-40%	28182-81-2	п. ар.	0.5mg/m ³	n, av,	n. av.	n. av.	n, av.	n.ag
HexamethyleneDiisocyanateNono (SARA313)	0.06%	822-06-6	n, ap,	.005mg/m ³	n. av.	710	570	n, av,	n.ap
Ethylbenzene(SARA313)	3.3%	100-41-4	10.0	100ppm	100ppm	3500	5000	4000	1.0
Propylene Glycol Methyl Elher Acetate	1-5%	108-65-6	3.8	n. av.	n, av.	8532	5000	n, av.	1.5
Xylene(SARA313)	15.3%	1330-20-7	9.5	100ppm	100ррт	4300	14100	5000	1,5
Isophorone Diisocyanate Monomer(SARA313)	0.07%	4098-71-9	n. ap.	.045mg/m ³	.02nig/m ³	n. av,	n. av.	n. av.	_ n.ar
Polyisocyanate Resin	10-20%	000	n. ap.	n, av.	n. av.	n. av.	n. av.	n, av.	n.ag
MS 40 contains:	, , , , , ,		***		1,11, = 11	1111111			
Aromatic Naphtha 100	1.50	64742-95-6	3.0	50ppm	500ppm	4700	n. av.	3670	0.9
	1-5%								1.0
Aromatic Petroleum 150	1-5%	64742-94-5	1.0	50ppm	500ppm	n. av,	n. av.	n. av.	
N-butyl Acetate	20-40%	123-86-4	0.8	150ppm	150ppm	14000	n. av.	2000	1.7
2-butoxy Ethyl Acetate (SARA313)	13,3%	112-07-2	0.5	n. av.	n. av.	2400	1500	n, av.	3.0
Polyhexamethylene Dilsocranate	20-40%	28182-81-2	n. ap.	0.5mg/m ³	n. av.	n. av.	n. av.	n. av.	n.a
HexamethyleneDiisocyanateMono.(SARA313)	0.06%	822-06-6	n. ap.	.005mg/m ³	n. av.	710	570	n. av.	n.a
	0.0 (0.0)	100 00 0	3.8	n. av.	n. av.	8532	5000	n. av.	1.5
Propylene Glycol Methyl Ether Acetate	20-40%	108-65-6	3.0					1	
Propylene Glycol Methyl Ether Acetate Isophorone Diisocyanate Moromer(SARA313)	0.07%	4098-71-9	n. ap.	.045mg/m ³	.02mg/m ³	n. av.	n. av.	h, ay.	n.a

MS 50 contains: -5% 64742-94-5 Aromatic Petroleum 150 1.0 50ppm 500ppm л. ау, n, av, n. av. 1.0 1-5% 64742-95-6 3.0 Aromatic Naphtha 100 500ррт 50ppm 4700 n. av. 3670 0,9 2-butaxy Ethyl Acetate(SARA313) 13.3% 0.5 112-07-2 2400 n. av. n. av. 1500 n. av. 8.0 N-butyl Acetate 10-20% 123-86-4 8.0 150ppm 150ppm 14000 n. av. 2000 1,7 Polyhexamethylene Diisocr/anate 40-70% 28182-81-2 n. ap. 0.5mg/m² n, av. n. av. n, av. n, av. n.ap HexamethyleneDissocyanaleNono (SARA313) .005mg/m³ 0.09% 822-06-6 n. ap. 570 n. av. 710 n. av. n.ap Propylene Glycol Methyl Elher Acetate 20-40% 108-65-6 3.8 n. av. 8532 5000 n. av. 1.5

Further Information for Individual Products

	Boiling Range	% Volatile	Wt. per Gal.	Flash		NFPA	Odor
Product		Volume	(Spec, Grav.)	Point	LEL	Flam,	Threshold
Autocryl 1.2.3 Hardenur	168-420F (76-216C)	68.1	8.1 (0.97)	81F (27C)	1.0	1C	0.0063 ppm
Autocryl MS Fast Harcener	168-344F (76-173C)	67.9	8.2 (0.98)	34F (-1C)	0.9	1B	0.0063 ppm
Autocryl MS Standard Hardener	260-550F (127-288C)	67.8	8.2 (0.98)	85F (29C)	0.8	1 C	0.0063 ppm
Autocryl MS Slow Harrlener	133-550F (56-288C)	67.7	7.7 (0.92)	70F (21C)	8.0	1B	mqq E300.0
Autocryl MS Extra Slovy Hardener	260-380F (127-193C)	64.6	8.4 (1.01)	79F (26C)	8.0	10	0.0063 ppm
Autocryl XT Hardener	168-295F (76-146C)	71.0	8.1 (0.97)	28F (-2C)	1.0	18	6.4 ppm
Autocryl 3+1 Filler Handener	260-367F (127-186C)	79 <u>.</u> 7	8,1 (0.97)	82F (28C)	0.8	1C	0.0063 ppm
Autocryl Hardener MS 10	232-343F (111-173C)	69.0	8.2 (0.98)	40F (4C)	1.2	IB	0.0063 ppm
Autocryl Hardener MS:20	260-284F (127-140C)	68.3	8.0 (0.96)	78F (26C)	1.0	1 C	0.0063 ppm
Autocryl Hardener MS30	260-550F (127-288C)	67.6	8.2 (0.98)	78F (26C)	1.0	IC	0.0063 ppm
Autocryl Hardener MS-10	260-550F (127-288C)	67.9	8.2 (0.98)	78F (26C)	1.0	10	0,0063 ppm
Autocryl Hardener MSti0	260-380F (127-193C)	64.6	8.4 (1.01)	79F (26C)	0.8	10	0.0063 ppm

LD₅₀ Oral - rat mg/m³, LD₅₀ Dermal - rabbit mg/m³, LC₅₀ Inhalation - rat mg/m³ unless otherwise specified.

Chemicals marked with (SARA313) are subject to the requirements of Section 313 of the Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act of 1986 (EPCRA); see Section IX - Regulatory Information. Chemicals marked with (P65) are regulated in California by Proposition 65; see Section IX - Regulatory Information.

Section III - Physical Data

Evaporation Rate: Slower than ether Vapor Density: Heavier than air Weight per Gallon: See Section II Boiling Range: See Section II

Percent Volatile by Volume: See Section II

Physical state: Liquid

Odor and Appearance: organic odor, clear liquid

Odor Threshold (ppm): See Section II Vapor Pressure: See Technical Table

Freezing point, Coefficient of water/oil distribution .pH: Not

applicable or not available

Section IV - Fire or Explosion Hazard

Flash Point (SFCC): See Section II Lower Explosive Limit: See Section II NFPA Flammability: See Section II

Extinguishing Media: Foam, carbon dioxide, dry chemicals. Unusual Fire and Explosion Hazards: Keep containers tightly closed, isolate from heat, electrical equipment, sparks and open flame. Closed containers may explode when exposed to extreme heat. Application to hot surfaces requires special precautions. During emergency conditions, overexposure to decomposition products may cause a health hazard. Symptoms may not be immediately apparent. Obtain medical attention.

Special Fire Fighting Procedures: Water should be used to cool containers exposed to fire. Fire fighting personnel should wear self-contained breathing apparatus.

Section V-Reactivity Data

Stability: Stable under non-emergency conditions. Incompatibility (materials to avoid): Alkalis, oxidizers, alkalimetals, water, amines, nitric acid, sodium hypochlorite, metal

compounds.

Hazardous Polymerization: May occur.

Conditions to Avoid: Open flame, heat, sparks, moisture. Hazardous Decomposition Products: Oxides of carbon and

nitrogen, various hydrocarbons, hydrogen cyanide,

hexamethylene diisocyanate (HDI).

Section VI - Toxicological Properties

Threshold Limit Value: None established for this product. For further information, see Section II - Hazardous Ingredients Cancer Risks: Toluene Diisocyanate is listed by NTP as reasonably anticipated to be a carcinogen and by IARC as

possibly carcinogenic to humans (Group 2B). Exposure Effects: Acute and Chronic

Inhalation: Nasal and respiratory irritation, dizziness, weakness, fatigue, nausea, headache, possible unconsciousness, chemical pneumonitis, central nervous system depression and even asphyxiation. Delayed lung damage, kidney, liver, and cardiac disorders, red blood cell and leukocyte disorders which may result in anemia. Skin contact: Extraction of natural oils with resulting dry skin, irritation, redness and dermatitis. Chronic sensitization to skin may occur.

Eye contact: Irritation, redness, pain, blurred vision, sensation of seeing halos around lights.

Ingestion: Gastrointestinal irritation, nausea, vomiting and diarrhea; kidney damage, blood system damage.

Other Health Effects:

Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents may be harmful or fatal. Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Aromatic hydrocarbons have been shown in animal studies to cause adverse effects on blood and blood forming tissues and may in rare cases sensitize the heart causing cardiac arrhythmia.

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2-Butoxyethyl Acetate has been shown in animal studies to cause adverse effects on blood and blood forming tissues.

Butyl acetate may be very toxic. A pur LC₅₀ of 160 ppm in male and female ratis has been reported by 3M (unreviewed). Ethylene Glycol Monobutyl Ether can be absorbed through the skin. Data from animal studies has shown that it may cause blood cell damage.

Overexposure to isocyanates may cause skin and respiratory system sensitization causing bronchitis, bronchial spasms, pulmonary edema and asthmatic conditions.

Section VII - Preventive Measures

Steps To Be Taken In Case Material is Released Or Spilled: Remove all sources of ignition. Avoid breathing vapors, ventilate confined area. Dike to reduce extent of spill. Remove with inert absorbent using non-sparking tools. If necessary report to applicable government agency.

Waste Disposal Method: Dispose of in accordance with federal, state or provincial and local pollution requirements. In addition, rags, spray booth filters, paint suits, empty cans, etc., contaminated with product may be hazardous waste. Determine whether contaminated items are hazardous and dispose of as appropriate.

Respiratory Protection: Adequate ventilation is required. This product contains isocyanates. Use a positive pressure air supply respirator. See safety equipment supplier for evaluation and recommendation. In cases where no monitoring for airborne contaminants has been carried out, assume maximum exposure and use paint suit, goggles, gloves, and air supplied respiratory equipment.

Ventilation: Provide sufficient ventilation to keep vapor concentration below the given TLV and/or PEL. For baking finishes, exhaust vapors emitted during heating. Remove decomposition products formed during welding or flame cutting of surfaces coated with this product.

Protective Gloves: Required for prolonged or repeated contact. Refer to safety equipment supplier for effective glove recommendations.

Eye Protection: Use safety goggles designed to protect against splash of liquids when spraying or when working with open liquids such as during mixing or pouring.

Other Protective Equipment: Eye bath and shower should be available. Use chemical resistant apron, boots or other clothing if needed to avoid repeated or frequent contact. Liquid may penetrate shoes and leather causing delayed irritation. Hygienic Practices: Wash hands before eating, smoking, or using the washroom. Launder clothing before reuse.

Precautions To Be Taken In Handling And Storing: Store containers out of sun and away from heat, sparks, and open flames. Close all containers after each use. Consult NFPA and local codes for additional storage requirements.

Other Precautions: Use approved bonding and grounding procedures. Observe label precautions. Keep closures tight and container upright to prevent leakage. Never use pressure to empty container, drum is not a pressure vessel. Avoid breathing sanding dust. Do not weld or flame cut on empty drum.

Section VIII - First Aid Measures

Emergency and First Aid Procedures:

Inhalation - movements fresh air, give artificial respiration if necessary.

Skin contact - wash with soap and water, not solvent.

Eye contact - flush with water for at least 15 minutes, consult a physician.

Ingestion - drink one or two glasses of water to dilute. Do not induce vomiting. Consult a physician or poison control center immediately. Treat symptomatically.

Medical Conditions Prone to Aggravation: Isocyanate sensitization, skin disorders.

Section IX - Regulatory Information:

OSHA: These products are considered hazardous under the Federal OSHA Hazard Communication Standard.

WHMIS: B2;D2A SARA Title III:

Section 302 Extremely Hazardous Substances: None Section 311 / 312 Hazard Categories: Immediate health, delayed health, fire hazard.

Section 313 Toxic Chemicals: xylene, ethylbenzene, toluene, 2-butoxy ethyl acetate, hexamethylene diisocyanate monomer, isophorone diisocyanate monomer, toluene diisocyanate monomer and ethylene glycol monobutyl ether. You may be required to submit this MSDS to state and local emergency response agencies (SERC & LEPC) and to your local fire department. Also, you may be affected by other sections of this law, depending on the chemicals and amounts that you inventory at your location. To learn more about your responsibilitles, call the EPA Hotline (800) 535-0202

RCRA: When discarded in its supplied form, these products meet the hazard criteria of "ignitability" and must be considered as hazardous waste D001.

TSCA status: All ingredients are TSCA registered.

CEPA status: All ingredients are listed on the DSL or NDSL.

Proposition 65: MS10 contains toluene. WARNING: This

product contains a chemical known to the State of California to
cause birth defects or other reproductive harm. 3+1 Filler

Hardener contains toluene diisocyanate. WARNING: This
product contains a chemical known to the State of California to
cause cancer.

Transportation:

Ground Shipments:

Proper Shipping Name: Paint Related Material

Hazard Class or Division: 3 UN Identification Number: UN1263

Packaging Group: III

Hazard Label: Flammable Liquid IMO / IMDG (Ocean) Shipments:

Proper Shipping Name: Paint Related Material

Hazard Class or Division: 3,3 UN Identification Number: UN1263

Packaging Group: III

Hazard Label: Flammable Liquid IMDG Page (English translation): 3372

Marine Pollutant: No

ICAO / IATA (Aircraft) Shipments:

Proper Shipping Name: Paint Related Material

Hazard Class or Division: 3 UN Identification Number: UN1263

Packaging Group: III

Hazard Label: Flammable Liquid

Packaging Instructions Passenger Aircraft (IATA English

translation): 309 or Y309

Packaging Instructions Cargo Aircraft (IATA English

translation): 310

Special Provisions:A3, A7, A72

Autocryl 1,2,3 Hardener

Autocryl MS Standard Hardener

Autocryl MS Extra Slow Hardener

Autocryl 3+1 Filler Hardener

Autocryl Hardener MS20 Autocryl Hardener MS30

Autocryl Hardener MS40

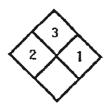
Autocryl Hardener MS50

Autocryl MS Fast Hardener Autocryl XT Hardener Autocryl Hardener MS10 Autocryl MS Slow Hardener

NFPA 704

NFPA 704





Section X - Preparation Information

Prepared by Akzo Nobel Coatings Car Refinish Manufacturing Operations Department.

Phone: 404-441-8628

Reference sources used in addition to raw material supplier

MSDS information:

American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, 1993-1994 Threshold Limit Values for Chemical Substances and Physical Agents and Biological Exposure Indices, ACGIH, Cincinnati, OH 1993.

Lewis, Richard J. Sr., Hazardous Chemicals Desk Reference, Third Edition, Van Nostrand Reinhold, New York, 1993, U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Centers for Disease Control, NIOSH Pocket Guide to Chemical Hazards, NIOSH, Cincinnati, OH, 1990.

DO NOT HANDLE LINTIL THE MANUFACTURER'S SAFETY PRECAUTIONS HAVE BEEN READ AND UNDERSTOOD. REGULATIONS REQUIRE THAT ALL EMPLOYEES BE TRAINED ON MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEETS FOR ALL PRODUCTS WITH WHICH THEY COME IN CONTACT.

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