- 1	
1 2 3	Clifford A. Chanler CHANLER LAW GROUP 1700 Montgomery Street, Suite 110 San Francisco, CA 94111 Tel: (415) 391-1122 NOV 9 C 100C
4	Attorneys for Plaintiff NOV 26 1996
5	AS YOU SOW ALAN CARLSON, Clerk SUPERIOR COURT BY: Deputy Clerk
6	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA
7	
8	COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO
9	•
10	AS YOU SOW, a non-profit) Case No. 979398 corporation,)
11	Plaintiff,)
12	PPG INDUSTRIES, INC.) JUDGMENT ON STIPULATION FOR ENTRY OF JUDGMENT
13	Defendants.)
14	
15	
16	In the above-entitled action, plaintiff As You Sow
17	and defendant PPG Industries, Inc., having stipulated through
18	their respective representatives, that judgment be entered
	pursuant to the terms of the settlement agreement entered into
19	by the parties on November, 1996, said stipulation being
20	attached hereto,
21	IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that judgment be entered in
22	accordance with the terms of the stipulation between the
23	parties.
24	
25	Q 1/1/00 0
26	Dated: November 26, 1996
27	Judge of the Superior Court
28	STUART R. POLLAK

1 2 3 4	Clifford A. Chanler CHANLER LAW GROUP 1700 Montgomery Street, Suite 110 San Francisco, CA 94111 Tel: (415) 391-1122 Attorneys for Plaintiff NOV 26 1996				
5	AS YOU SOW ALAN CARLSON, Clerk SUPERIOR COURT				
6	BY: Daputy Clerk				
7	SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA				
	COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO				
8					
9	AS YOU SOW, a non-profit) Case No. 979398				
10	corporation,) Plaintiff,)				
11)) STIPULATION FOR				
12	PPG INDUSTRIES, INC.) <u>ENTRY OF JUDGMENT</u>)				
13	Defendants.)				
14					
15					
16	IT IS HEREBY STIPULATED, by and between plaintiff As				
17					
18					
19					
20					
21	settlement agreement between the parties, which is attached				
22	hereto as Exhibit A.				
23	Dated: November 18, 1996 by: Clifford Chanler				
24	Attorneys for Plaintiff AS YOU SOW				
25					
26	Dated: November 15, 1996 by:				
27	Attorney For Defendant				

Exhibit A

SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT

This Settlement Agreement (the "Agreement") is entered into by and between As You Sow, a California non-profit corporation ("AYS"), and PPG Industries, Inc., a Pennsylvania corporation ("PPG"), as of October 31, 1996 (the "Effective Date").

WHEREAS:

AYS is a not-for-profit public interest foundation dedicated to promoting consumer and worker awareness of exposure to toxic chemicals, protecting the environment and improving human health;

PPG sells in the State of California the following straight bulk chemicals listed pursuant to Proposition 65: trichloroethylene, perchloroethylene, methylene chloride, paradichlorobenzene and ethyl chloride ("Bulk Chemicals");

The Bulk Chemicals have been sold by PPG for use in California since July 1, 1992 mostly in tanker truckloads ("Bulk Shipments") to industrial users and other customers, some of whom repack certain of the Bulk Chemicals in 55-gallon drums or other similarly-sized containers that bear labels provided by PPG ("Drums");

PPG asserts that it has provided Proposition 65 warnings to its industrial users and other customers in the Material Safety Data Sheet for each Bulk Chemical;

On November 8, 1995, AYS first served PPG and all of the requisite public enforcement agencies with a document entitled "60-Day Notice" which provided PPG and such public enforcers with notice that PPG was allegedly in violation of Health & Safety Code §25249.6 for failing to warn purchasers that certain Bulk Chemicals it sells in California expose users to Proposition 65-listed chemicals; and

On July 1, 1996, AYS filed a complaint entitled As You Sow v. PPG Industries, et al. (No. 979398) in the San Francisco Superior Court ("Complaint"), naming PPG as a defendant and alleging violations of Business & Professions Code §17200 and Health & Safety Code §25249.6 on behalf of individuals in California who allegedly are exposed to the Bulk Chemicals.

On September 4, 1996, PPG filed an Answer in the abovereferenced action denying any and all of the allegations in the Complaint and asserting various affirmative defenses;

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AYS and PPG desire to completely resolve all disputes related to the Bulk Chemicals at issue in lieu of incurring any further litigation costs;

NOW, THEREFORE, THE PARTIES AGREE AS FOLLOWS:

1. Drum Labeling. Beginning immediately, PPG shall initiate revisions to its current labels for Drums and other containers. However, PPG agrees that, as of January 1, 1997, it shall not provide to any of its customers in California any PPG labels for use on Drums containing any of the Bulk Chemicals unless each such PPG label contains the following warning statement:

"WARNING: This product is a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

The warning statement shall be prominent and displayed with such conspicuousness, as compared with other words, statements, or designs as to render it likely to be read and understood by an ordinary individual. Additionally, the warning statement shall be contained within a graphic box (surrounded by a borderline of four connected lines). The parties agree that the sample labels attached hereto as Exhibit Al-A3 satisfy this requirement.

2. Warnings for Bulk Shipments. "Bulk Shipments" is defined as containers with a capacity of greater than 55 gallons of Bulk Chemicals. As of January 1, 1997, PPG agrees that it shall not ship (or cause to be shipped) for sale or use in California, any Bulk Shipments of the Bulk Chemicals, unless PPG has furnished each California customer of Bulk Shipments of the Bulk Chemicals with a notice letter setting forth the requirements of Proposition 65 and how they may apply to those customers ("Notice Letter"). The Notice Letter shall be sent by certified mail and shall further explain that such California customers should create adhesive labels or other affixed warnings with language as set forth above in paragraph 1 of this Agreement for the vessels that store or containers that package such customers' products. An example of this Notice Letter is attached hereto as Exhibit B.

After January 1, 1997, the Notice Letter shall be sent to each California customer of Bulk Shipments of the Bulk Chemicals along with an appropriate Material Safety Data Sheet ("MSDS") (as set forth in paragraph 4 of this Agreement) at least once in the course of each PPG fiscal year. Within 60 days of the mutual execution of this Agreement, and again at the end of PPG's 1997 fiscal year, PPG shall provide AYS with written certification, under oath, from a PPG officer or employee having the requisite personal knowledge and authority, stating that each customer of Bulk Shipments of the Bulk Chemicals has been sent a copy of the Notice Letter and the most recent MSDS for each Bulk Chemical purchased.

- 3. Warnings for Out-of-State Shipments. As of the date of this Agreement, PPG agrees that, upon receipt of any inquiry regarding Proposition 65 from any customers of the Bulk Chemicals located outside of California, PPG shall provide such customer with a letter setting forth the requirements of Proposition 65 as they may apply to such customer (an "Inquiry Response Letter"). An example of the Inquiry Response Letter is attached hereto as Exhibit C.
- 4. MSDS Revisions. PPG agrees that the Material Safety Data Sheets ("MSDS") pertaining to each of the Bulk Chemicals it provides its customers shall include the applicable warning language set forth in ¶1 of this Agreement, in bolded type, and at the beginning of each section entitled, "Health Hazard Data." The parties agree that the sample MSDSs attached hereto as Exhibits D-1 through D-5 satisfy this requirement.
- 5. Restitution. PPG agrees to pay \$47,000 to AYS within five (5) days of written notice of entry of judgment pursuant to ¶ 12, below. This payment, which is made pursuant to Business & Professions Code §17203, shall be forwarded by AYS to California non-profit groups working to reduce exposures to toxic chemicals and to increase consumer, worker, and community awareness of the health hazards posed by toxic chemicals.
- 6. Penalty. Pursuant to Health & Safety Code §25249.7(b), PPG shall pay, within five (5) days of written notice of entry of judgment pursuant to ¶ 12, below, a civil penalty of \$8,000. Penalty monies shall be apportioned by AYS in accordance with Health & Safety Code §25192, with 75% of these funds remitted to the State of California.
- 7. Reimbursement of Fees and Costs. Within five (5) days of written notice of entry of judgment pursuant to ¶ 12, below, PPG shall pay AYS \$54,000.00 as full and complete reimbursement of its investigation fees, attorney fees and other fees (including expert fees) and costs incurred in this matter.
- 8. AYS Release. AYS, by this Agreement, waives and releases all rights to institute any form of legal action against PPG, its distributors or customers, or its officers, directors, attorneys and representatives, whether under Proposition 65 or Business & Profession Code \$\$17200 et seq., based on or arising from PPG's and only PPG's failure to warn about exposure to the Bulk Chemicals manufactured on or prior to the Effective Date.
- 9. PPG Release. PPG, by this Agreement, waives and releases all rights to institute any form of legal action against AYS, its members, officers, directors, attorneys and representatives (the "AYS Releasees") for all actions or statements made by the AYS Releasees in the course of seeking

enforcement of Proposition 65 or Business & Profession Code §§17200 et seq. against PPG.

10. Customer Information. PPG agrees to provide AYS with the names and addresses of its California customers for the Bulk Chemicals since July 1, 1994. For each customer listed, PPG agrees to provide the specific Bulk Chemical sold to each customer, the amount paid by the customer along with the volume (in pounds or gallons) and quantity of units sold for such Bulk Chemical, and to identify any MSDS, label or any other health hazard warning material which was provided to the customer in conjunction with the sale of the Bulk Chemical.

PPG shall also provide AYS with an affidavit from an employee of PPG having the requisite personal knowledge and authority to state that the Bulk Chemicals, amount paid, volume, quantity, MSDSs, labels and other health hazard warning materials were in fact provided to each such customer of Proposition 65 chemicals and that all supporting documentation is attached to the affidavit. This affidavit shall be provided to AYS by December 15, 1996.

Both parties acknowledge that paragraph 10 of this agreement and the dates on which PPG is to provide this information are material terms of this settlement. AYS agrees that PPG's customer list and sales information are confidential and will not be turned over to any third party unless they are subject to a formal discovery request or subpoena. In the event that AYS receives a discovery request or subpoena seeking production of such information, it shall provide PPG with notice of such request within ten (10) days of service of the request and prior to producing documents or otherwise complying with the request or subpoena.

- 11. Warranties and Representations. The parties make the following representations and warranties:
 - 11.1 PPG represents and warrants as follows:
- 11.1.1 PPG understands that the "total tons sold" data provided to counsel for AYS by PPG in letters through its counsel, including those dated August 9, 1996 and August 27, 1996, was a material factor upon which AYS has relied to determine the amount of penalties and restitution in ¶¶5 and 6 of this Agreement. The data on total tons sold provided in the above-referenced letters is true and accurate. PPG acknowledges that, in the event AYS finds that the data on total tons sold is materially inaccurate, all other parts of this Agreement notwithstanding, AYS will have the right to rescind this Agreement and re-institute an enforcement action against PPG. In such a case, all applicable statutes of limitation shall be deemed tolled for the period between July 1, 1996 (the date AYS filed the instant action) and the date

AYS notifies PPG that it is rescinding this Agreement pursuant to this subpart.

- 12. Stipulated Judgment. The parties shall file a stipulated judgment to be approved pursuant to CCP §664.6 by the San Francisco Superior Court ("Court") in accordance with the terms of this agreement. In the event that the Court does not approve the stipulated judgment, this Agreement shall be null and void.
- 13. Severability. In the event that any of the provisions of this Agreement are held by a court to be unenforceable, the validity of the enforceable provisions shall not be adversely affected.
- 14. Attorneys' Fees. In the event that a dispute arises with respect to any provision(s) of this Agreement, the prevailing party shall be entitled to recover costs and reasonable attorneys' fees.
- 15. Governing Law. The terms of this Agreement shall be governed by the laws of the State of California.
- 16. Notices. All correspondence to AYS shall be mailed to:

Lisa Wiggins, Esq. As You Sow 330 19th Street, #71 Oakland, California 94612

All correspondence to PPG shall be mailed to:

Christine W.S. Byrd Irell & Manella 1800 Avenue of the Stars, Suite 900 Los Angeles, CA 90067-4276

Either party may change its address for receipt of mailed notices by giving written notice to the other party at any time during the term of this Agreement.

- 17. No Admissions. Nothing in this Agreement shall be construed as an admission by PPG of any fact, finding, issue of law, or violation of law, nor shall compliance with this Agreement constitute or be construed as an admission by PPG of any fact, finding, conclusion, issue of law, or violation of law. However, this Section shall not diminish or otherwise affect the obligation, responsibilities, and duties of PPG under this Agreement.
- 18. Counterparts. This Agreement may be executed in counterparts, each of which shall be deemed an original, and

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all of which, when taken together, shall constitute one and the same document.

- 19. Change in Law. In the event that any law, rule, regulation or final decision of any legislative, judicial or executive body becomes effective or is entered that renders the warning requirements of ¶¶ 1, 2, 3 or 4 of the Agreement unnecessary, unlawful, or inappropriate to comply with other applicable laws, PPG is released from its obligations under those paragraphs; provided, however, that PPG shall continue to provide any warnings that continue to be required under the applicable laws, rules and regulations. Notwithstanding the terms of this paragraph, AYS shall not be required under any circumstances to refund or return any amounts paid pursuant to ¶¶ 5, 6 and 7.
- 20. Sole and Entire Agreement. This Agreement represents the sole and entire agreement between the parties with respect to the subject matter hereof and supersedes any and all prior and contemporaneous oral and written agreements, understandings, and representations, if any. This Agreement may be amended only by a written agreement signed by both parties.
- 21. Authorization. The undersigned are authorized to execute this Agreement on behalf of their respective parties and have read, understood and agree to all of the terms and conditions of this Agreement.

AGREED TO:	AGREED TO:
AS YOU SOW	PPG INDUSTRIES, INC.
	Xce X. Buton
Printed Name	Rae R. Burton Printed Name
Data	November 15, 1996
Date	Date
	11

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30.9 JRTCT

all of Which, when taken together, shall constitute one and the same document.

19. Change in Law. In the event that any law, rule, regulation or final decision of any legislative, judicial or executive body becomes effective or is entered that renders the varning requirements of §§ 1, 2, 3 or 4 of the Agrosment unnecessary, unlessful, or inappropriate to comply with other applicable laws, PMC is released from its obligations under those paragraphs; provided, however, that PMS shall continue to provide any warnings that continue to be required under the applicable laws, rules and regulations. Notwithstanding the applicable laws, rules and regulations. Notwithstanding the terms of this paragraph, AYS shall not be required under any circumstances to refund or return any assumts paid pursuant to §§ 5, 6 and 7.

30. Sole and Entire Egrement. This Agreement represents the sole and entire agreement between the parties with respect to the subject vator bereof and superandes any and all prior and contemporaneous oral and written agreements, understandings, and representations, if any. This Agreement may be exended only by a written agreement signed by both parties.

21. Embharisation. The undersigned are authorised to execute this Agreement on behalf of their respective parties and have read, understood and scree to all of the terms and conditions of this Agreement.

AS YOU SON THE INDUSTRIES, INC.

USA'S WILLIAM GENERAL COUNSEL

Printed Name

Hovemack 21, 1996

Date

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Principle . Sel

CHARLER LAW THOU

NOV-21-1996 11:10

Exhibit A

EXHIBITS A1 - A3
Exemplary Labels

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EXRIBITS A1-A3

CAS #127-18-4 NOT FOR FOOD, DRUG, CLASSIFIED BY UNDERWRITERS LABORATORIES INC.® AS TO FIRE DRYCLEANING GRADE COSMETIC OR PESTICIDE USE HAZARD ONLY. PERCHLOR. CLASSED AS NONFLAMMABLE. 924 P.

■ KEEP AWAY FROM FOOD ■ VAPOR HARMFUL WARNING

Precautions

- concentrations can cause dizzness, uncon-scousness or death. Long-term overespositin may causes iver kidney injury and possible contral nervous system calmage. DO NOT BREATHE VAPORS, HIGH UDDO
- Ventilation must be sufficient to limit omployed exposure, to Pertina below permissible limits. Observance of lower limits agentsate (OSHA, 25 ppm. 8-hour TWA Time Weighted Averagot), 29 GFR 1910 1000, Table 2-2.) Eye imitation. dizziness and/or drunkenness are signs of over USE ONLY WITH ADEDUATE VENTILATION O'usocxo
- AVOID CONTACT WITH EYES. Will cause ning one notetimi
- AVOID PROLONGED OR REPEATED CON ACT WITH SKIN, Way cause impabon or
- DO NOT SWALLOW. Swallowing may cause
- DO NOT EAT, DRINK, OR SMOKE IN WORK ritury or death
- CANCER INFORMATION. May cause cancer in humans based upon animal data. Pisk depends upon concentration and duration of exposure.
- WARNING: This product is a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancor.

First Aid

- INHALATION: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen Call a physician.
- EYE/SKIN CONTACT: Flush eyes and skin with plenty of water (1800 and water for skin! for at least 15 minutes while removing continumated clothing and shoes II intration occurs, concall: a physician. Thoroughly clean contaminated clothing and shoes and shoes are seen contaminated clothing and shoes before reuse or disord.
- a SWALLOWING: If conscious, drink large quantities of water DO NOT induce vomiting. Take immediately to a hospital or physician If unconscious, or in convulsions, take immediately to a hospital. DO NOT give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.
- NOTES TO PHYSICIAN: Only administer adrenatine after careful consideration following Perchlor overexposure.

Increased sensitivity of the heart to acrem-aline may be caused by overexposure to Perchlor.

Handling and Storage

- Do not use in poorly ventilated or confined areas.
- Perchlor vapors are heavier than air and will collect in law areas
- Store only in closed, properly labeled containers. Keep container closed when not in use.
- This material or its vapors when in contact with flames, hot glowing surfaces or electric arcs can decompose to form hydrogen
 - Liquid oxygen or other strong oxidants may form explosive mixtures with Perchlor chloride gas and traces of phosgene.
- Do not use cutting or welding torches on drums that contained Perchlor unless properly purged and cleaned.
 - Store degreaser sludge in closed, vented containers.
- A chlorinated solvent used as a flashborin suppressant must be added in guificient quantity or the resultant mixture may have a flashborin lower than the flammable component.
- IN CASE OF SPILLS: Immediately evolution to an above the maximum ventitation. Unprotected personnel should move upwind of spill, Only bersonnel equipped with proper respiratory and suint-yee protection should be personnel equipped with proper respiratory and suint-yee protection should be permitted in area. Dike area to contain spill, Take precautions as necessary to prevent containmation of ground and surface waters. Recover spilled material on adsorberits, such as sawdrast or vermedite and sweep into disease containers for disposal. After all visible traces have been removed, including ignitiable viapors, thoroughly were vacuum the area. DO NOT flush to sewer. If area of spill is porous, remove as much containmatice earth and gravel, etc., as necessary and place in closed containers for disposal (See Below). Releases of this material may be repontable under federal or state regulators.

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- WASTE DISPOSAL: Contaminated sawdust, vermiculite or porous surface must be disposed of in a permitted hazardous waste
 management facility. Recovered liquids may be reprocessed or incinerated or must be treated in a permitted hazardous waste
 management facility. Care must be taken when using or disposing of themical materials and/or their containers to prevent
 environmental contamination. It is your dury to dispose of the chemical materials and/or their containers in accordance with
 any applicable federal, state or local laws/regulations regarding disposal.
- AVOID CONTAMINATION OF WATER SUPPLIES: Handling, storage and use procedures must be carefully monitored to
 avoid spills or leids, Any spill or leits has the potential to cause underground water commanismous whech may, it sufficiently
 severe, render a diriking water source until for human consumption. Contamination that does occur cannot be useful corrected.
 - CONTAINER REUSE: This container may be hazardous when empty. Since empty containers may contain product residues, observe all product label precautions. Reuse of this container is not authorized until manufacturer's label is removed, proper reconditioning or cleaning it servicemes and an appropriate new label applied by the reuser. Container reuse is regulated by the U.S. DOT Hazardous Materials Regulation.
 For additional product information, contact PPG Industrias, Inc.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

Independently Repackaged by

Manufactured by PPG Industries, Inc

© 1996 PPG Industries, Inc.

NÉT WEIGHT: 700 Pounds 318 Kilograms

- L41D-696N

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER, PPG INDUSTRIES, INC. (304) 843-1300

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GENERAL SOLVENT GRADE FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY DEGREASING AND

. I COSMETIC OR PESTICIDE USE

CAS #79-01-6

■ KEEP AWAY FROM FOOD VAPOR HARMFUL WARNING

Precautions

I DO NOT BREATHE VAPORS. High vapor concentrations can cause dizziness, uncon sure may cause liver/kidney injury and possciousness or death. Long-term overexposible central nervous system damage.

INHALATION: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Call a physician.

♣ First Aid ♣

- USE ONLY WITH ADEQUATE
- VENTILATION, Venalation must be sufficient to immit employee exposure to Trichlor below permissible limits. Observance of lower limits is advisable. (OSHA: 50 ppm. 8-nour TWA (Time Weighted Average), 200 ppm, STEL 115-minute, Short-Term Exposure Limit), 29 CFR 1910, 1000, Table 2-2.) Eye initation, dizziness and or drunkenness are signs of overexposure

and skin with plenty of water (soap and water for skin) for at least 15 minutes,

■ EYE/SKIN CONTACT: Flush eyes

while removing contaminated clothing and shoes if irritation occurs, consult a physician. Theroughly clean contaminated clothing and shoes before reuse or

- AVOID CONTACT WITH EYES. WIII
- AVOID PROLONGED OR REPEATED CONTACT WITH SKIN, May cause cause irritation and pain.

SWALLOWING: If conscious, drink things countries of water. DO NOT induce vomiting. Take immediately to a resolute or physician if the things conscious, or in convessors, take immediately to a rospital DO NOT give anything by

mouth to an unconscious person.

- B DO NOT SWALLOW. Swallowing may cause injury or death. irritation or dermatitis.
- DO NOT EAT, DRINK, OR SMOKE IN
- cancer in humans based upon animal data. Bisk depends upon concentration ■ CANCER INFORMATION. May cause and duration of exposure.
- WARNING: This product is a chemical known to the State of California to cause

adrenatine after careful consideration following Thichlor overexposure, Increased sensitivity of the heart to adrenatine may be caused by overexposure to Thichlor,

NOTES TO PHYSICIAN: Only administer

Handling and Storage

- Do not use in poorly ventilated or confined areas. Trichlor vapors are heaver than air and will cellicit in low areas.
 KEEP AWAY PROM LEAMES, high energy spark, or high intensity Kouter of heat since vapors concentrated in a confined or poorly ventilated are can be ginised.
 Store only in closed, properly labeled containers. Keep container closed when not in use.
 Liquid oxygen or other strong oxidatism shy form explosive interucts with Trichlor.
 This material or its vapor's when in contact with flames, hig glowing surfaces or electric arcs can decompose to form hydrogen chloride gas and traces of phospine.
 A chlorinated solverly used as a flasspoint suppression must be added in sufficient quantity or the resultant mixture may have a flasspoint lower than the flammable component.
 Do not use cutting or welding torches on drums that contained Trichlor unless proporty purged and
- protection should be permitted in acre to writers. Recover spilled matterial on addedheers, such as sawdusto contamination of ground and surface writters. Recover spilled matterial on addedheers, such as sawdusto vermeulite and sweep into disease containers for associal Atter all wisble traces have been removed including ignitiable vapors, throughly west vacuum the area DO NOT flush to sewer it area of spill is pouch, removes a much contaminated earth and gravel, tert, as necessary and place in dossed containers porous, remove as much contaminated earth and gravel, tert, as necessary and place in dossed containers of or dasposical (see Below). Releases of first matterial may be reported by under federal or state regulations.

 WASTE DISPOSAL: Containmands sawdust, vermeculite or porous surface must be disposed of in a permitted hazardous waste management facility. Care must be transited to management in a purmitted hazardous, waste management facility. Care must be transit or other state of disposed of in a contamination in several responsance in several in several responsance in the system. cleaned

 - Degresser sludge containing frincy dwided aluminum residues should be stored out-of-doors and away from computable materials, in closed, verted container.

 - IN CASE OF SPILLS: Immediately evacuate the area and provide maximum ventilation. Unprotected personnel should move upwind of satis! Only personnel equipped with proper respiratory and skin/eye protection should be permitted in area. Dike area to according to prepartions as necessary to prevent

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lederal, state or local laws/regulations regarding disposal.

AVOID CONTAMINATION OF WATER SUPPLIES: Handling, storage and use procedures must be carefully monitored to avoid spills or leak. Any spill or leak has the potential to cause underground water contamination which may, it sufficiently server, render a drinking water source until for human consumption. Contamination that does occur cannot be easily corrected.

duty to dispose of the chemical materials and/or their containers in accordance with any applicable

disposing of chemical materials and/or their containers to prevent environr

- CONTAINER REUSE: This container may be hazardous when empty. Since empty containers may contain product residues, observe all product label precautions, Reuse of this containers not authorized until manufacturer's label is removed, proper reconditioning or cleaning is performed and an appropriate new label applied by the reuser. Container reuse is regulated by the U.S. DOT Hazardous Materials Regulation.
 - For additional product information, contact PPG Industries, Inc
- New Jersey Right-to-Know: Trichlor also contains Butylene Oxide (CAS #106-88-7).

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

Independently Repackaged by

PPG Industries, Inc

Manufactured by

© 1996 PPG Industries, Inc. NET WEIGHT: 660 Pounds 299 Kilog

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TRICHLOROETH

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER, PPG INDUSTRIES, INC. (304) 843-1300.



rage

re heavier than air and will collect in low areas. y source of heat since vapors concentrated in a

ilasset when not in use mixtures with Trichlor. glowing surfaces or electric arcs can

it be added in sufficient quantity or the nmable component.
ned Trichlor unless properly purged and

yewe and be stored out-of-doors and away

peed with proper respiratory and skin/tye ii! Take predations as necessary to revent material on adsorbents, such as sawdist or the fall wishe traces have been removed. DO NOT flush to sewer. If area of spills as necessary and place in closed containers sportable under feefand or state regulations. I porous surface must be disposed of in a required may be reprocessed or incinerated or facility. Chre must be taken when using or went environmental containmentation it is your annexity.

ding, storage and use procedures must be 3s the potential to cause undergroundwater infixing water source unfit for human sily corrected.

in empty. Since empty containers may ions. Reuse of this container is not conditioning or cleaning is performed and is is regulated by the U.S. DOT

3 Oxide (CAS #106-88-7).



EXHIBIT A2 STOW AWAY FROM **FOODSTUFFS** HARMFI **41111**

TRICHLOROETHYLENE

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NOT FOR FOOD, DRUG, COSMETIC OR PESTICIDE USE TECHNICAL GRADE — FOR INDUSTRIAL USE ONLY

■ KEEP AWAY FROM FOOD ■ VAPOR HARMFUL WARNING

Precautions

concentrations can cause dizziness, unconscioussess or death. Long-term over-oxposure may cause liver/kidney injury and possible central nervous system damage. DO NOT BREATHE VAPORS. HIGH VAPOR

■ INHALATION: Remove to fresh air. If not breathing, give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth. If breathing is difficult, give oxygen. Call a physician.

First Aid 🖶

and skin with plenty of water (soap and water for skin) for at least 15 minutes

■ EYE/SKIN CONTACT: Flush eves

- M USE ONLY WITH ADEQUATE VENTILATION. Ventilation must be sufficient to limit employee exposure to Methylene Chloride below permissible limits. Obsevance of lower limits is anivable (CRAF, 500 ppm, Bhour TWA (Time Weignted Averages). Celling—1000 ppm; Maximum Postk—2000 ppm (5-minutes in any 2 hours), 29 CFR 1910,1000, Table Z2, AGGIH: 50 ppm, 8-nour TWA, Eye Inflation, oraziness and/or drunkenness are signs of overexposure.
- AVOID CONTACT WITH EYES. WIII cause

retation and pain.

AVOID PROLONGED OR REPEATED CONTACT WITH SKIN, May cause initiation or

SWALLOWING: If conscious, drink large quantities of water DO NOT induce vorniting. Take immediately to a hospital or physician. I funconscious, or in convulsions, take immediately to a hospital DO NOT give anything by mouth to an unconscious person.

- DO NOT SWALLOW. Swallowing may cause minny or death
- DO NOT EAT, DRINK, OR SMOKE IN WORK AREAS.

NOTES TO PHYSICIAN: Only administer adrenatine after careful consideration following Methydrene Chloride overexposure, increased sensitivity of the heart to adrenatine may be caused by overexposure to Methylene Chloride.

- 1 CANCER INFORMATION. Has caused cancer

in certain laboratory animals.

WARNING: This product is a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

Handling and Storage

- Do not use in poorly wentilated or confined areas. Metrylene Chloride vapors are heaver than air and will collect in low areas.
 KEEP AWAY FROM FLAMES, high neergy safet, or high intensity source of heat since vapors concentrated in a confined or poorly ventilated area don be ignited.
 Reep container alosed when not in use. Store only in closed, properly latheled containers.
 Leaud oxygen or other strong exidants may form explosive matures, with Methylene Chlorides.
 Example oxygen not to use in pressurrated or rotality endosed system of aluminum construction. Example point or

- adhrisws spray system

 adhrisws spray system

 Do not store or stack aluminum in contact with Methylene Chloride to prevent stacking corrosson

 This material or its valoads when in contact with filmes, hat glowing suifaces or electric arcs can decompose to form hydrogen calciforing as a and phosper in Archagon calciforing size and phospers.

 A chlorinatic solvent used as a flashbourt suppressant must be added in sufficient quantity or the resultant inviture may have a flashbourt lower than the flashmanble component.

 Do not use cutting or welding torches on drums that contained Methylene Chloride unless properly purged and clayned.

 Dogresser sludge containing finely davided aluminum residues should be stored out-of-doors and away from combustible. while removing contaminated clothing and shoes. If irritation occurs, consult a physician. Thoroughly clean contaminated clothing and shoes before reuse or discard.
- materials, in a closed, vehiled container.

 NGASE OF SPLUS; immediately evaluate the area and provide maximum ventilation. Unprotected personnel should move up-wind of soil (Dniv personnel-equipped vivia) and skin-eye protection Should be seen to contain spull. The precautions as necessary to prevent contamination and surface waters Recover spulled to a soil of soil (Dniv personnel-equipped vivia) prevent contamination and surface waters Recover spulled material on addorberits, such as sawdats of verification and sold soil of DNI flush to sewer it average traces have been removed, including ignitiable vapors, thoroughly wet vacuum the area DO NOT flush to sewer it are dispulsions abords, removed, including ignitiable vapors, thoroughly wet vacuum the area DO NOT flush to sewer it are dispulsions before, and soften containment of may be reportable under feetand or state regulations.

 * WASTE DISPOSAL: Commanded sawdust, vermeditel or accoust surface must be disposed on a permitted hazardous waste management facility. Care must be taken when using or disposing of chemical materials and or their containers in accordance with any applicable levels is also disposing or disposing disposal and or their containers in accordance with any applicable feed. State of including must be approached to the chemical materials and or their containers in secondance with any applicable feed. State of including water containers and secondance with any applicable feed. State of including water containment on that does occur cannot be sufficiently severe. Lender a drinking water source until for human consumption. Containment on that does occur cannot be sufficiently severe.
- CONTAINER REUSE: This container may be navardous when empty. Since empty containers may contain product residues, observe all product label researtions. Reuse of this container is not authorized until manufacturer's base is removed, proper reconditioning or cleaning is performed and an appropriate new label applied by the U.S. DOT Hazardous Materials Regulation.
 - information, contact PPG Industries, Inc.

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN

NET WEIGHT: 600 Pounds 272 Kilograms © 1996 PPG Industries, Inc. tured for:

Independently Repackaged by

EMERGENCY TELEPHONE NUMBER, PPG INDUSTRIES, INC. (304) 843-1300.

DICHLOROMET

L278-796K



FROM FOOD **AMFUL**

EXHIBIT A3

andling and Storage

ed areas. Methylene Chlorido vapors are heaver than air and will collect in low areas energy spark, or high intensity source of heat since vapors concentrated in a

be ignited as governous containers.

a. Store only in closed, property labeled containers.

in your corn explosive mixtures with Methylene Chloride.

in your corn totally enclosed system of aluminum construction. Example, paint or

ntiat with Methylene Chloride to prevent stacking corrosion infact with flamus, hot glowing surfaces or electric arcs can decompose to form

oint suppressant must be added in sufficient quantity or the resultant mixture may

mable component. on drums that contained (Methylene Chloride unless properly purged and cleaned. ided aluminum residues should be stored out-of-doors and away from combustible.

aduate the area and provide maximum ventilation. Unprotected personnel should dupped with proper respiratory and skin feve protection should be permitted in area, ions as necessary to prevent contamination of ground and surface waters. Recover is sawdust or wirmiculite and sweep into closed containers for disposal. After all value, generale vapors, thoroughly wit viduoum the user DO NOT flush to sewer. If it containmance earth and gravel, etc., as necessary and place in closed containers for it materia, may be reportable under federal or state regulations.

awdust, wirmiculite or porous surface must be disposed of in a permitted hazardous of licutes may be reprocessed or incinerated or must be treated in a permitted. Care must be taken when using or disposing of chemical materials and/or their contamination it is your duty to dispose of the chemical materials and/or their pileable recercification its your duty to dispose of the chemical materials and/or their pileable recercification and or their pileable recercification of their pileable recercification of their pileable and use procedures must be carefully monitored when source unfit for human consumption. Contamination that does occur cannot be

STOW AWAY FROM **FOODSTUFFS**

HARMF

may be hazardous when empty. Since empty containers may contain product sociations. Reuse of this container is not authorized until manufacturer's label is secontainer as actionmed and an appropriate new label applied by the reuser. Container transcous Materials Regulation.

ntied PPG Industries, Inc.

REN

00 Pounds 272 Kilograms

304) 843-1300

DICHLOROMETHANE

UN1593

в тівінхэ

Printed on Recycled Paper 20% Post Consumer Waste

EXHIBIT B Notice Letter

[PPG Letterhead]

IMPORTANT LEGAL NOTICE

Date:

Attention:

Customers of PPG Industries, Inc.

Subject:

California Proposition 65 Warnings

This letter is to advise you that the chemicals listed below are known to the State of California to cause cancer:

Trichloroethylene Perchloroethylene Methylene Chloride Paradichlorobenzene Ethyl Chloride

Pursuant to the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 ("Proposition 65"), the purchasers and/or users of the above chemicals <u>must</u> be given clear and reasonable warning that the chemicals are known to the State of California to cause cancer.

PPG has begun revising labels for its customers who use PPG labels. You may have in your possession certain chemicals in stock that were manufactured and distributed before the new labeling was implemented. You should take certain actions to ensure that purchasers of the chemicals receive Proposition 65 warnings. If you have any of the above chemicals in stock, you should affix the enclosed warning stickers to the drum, container, cap, label or package of each listed chemical which does not already have a Proposition 65 warning on its label. The sticker must be affixed so that it is conspicuous and likely to be read and understood by an ordinary individual under customary conditions of purchase. Enclosed for your use are:

- (1) One hundred (100) Warning Stickers; and
- (2) A return postcard indicating that you have received the enclosed materials and will comply with the warning requirements of Proposition 65 for the listed products.

If you do not sell or resell any of the above chemicals using a PPG label, then it is your legal obligation to ensure

BYRD0260.WP

81RD0260.WP

-6-

Proposition 65. that your label complies with the warning requirements of

listed chemicals may subject you to legal action by the California Attorney General or various environmental groups, wherein monetary penalties of up to \$2,500 per violation could be county. Failure to provide a Proposition 65 warning for the

You should return the enclosed postcard affirming your pe sondyf.

compliance with Proposition 65's warning requirements for the

Should you have any questions or concerns about this listed chemicals.

at 1-XXX-XXX-XXXX by phone, or by mail at the above address. In addition, we will be glad to supply additional warning stickers if requested. matter, please do not hesitate to contact

Sincerely,

Title

RETURN POSTCARD FROM CUSTOMERS

. . . .

The undersigned certifies that this customer of PPG Industries, Inc. has received (a) the Important Legal Notice letter regarding Proposition 65 warning requirements, and (b) 100 warning stickers, if applicable. The undersigned further certifies that it will comply with Proposition 65 warning requirements by affixing the warning stickers provided to them in the manner directed, if applicable.

		[Name & Title]	-
		[Company]	
		[Address]	
Please se	nd me	_ additional stickers.	

BYRD0260.WP

Printed on Recycled Paper 20% Post Consumor Waste

EXHIBIT C

Inquiry Response Letter

[PPG Letterhead]

IMPORTANT LEGAL NOTICE

Date:

Attention:

Purchasers of Trichloroethylene,

Perchloroethylene, Methylene Chloride,

Paradichlorobenzene and Ethyl Chloride From PPG

Industries, Inc.

Subject:

California Proposition 65 Warnings

Pursuant to your inquiry, this letter is to advise you that the chemicals identified above are chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer. Pursuant to the Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 ("Proposition 65"), the purchasers and/or users of the chemicals <u>must</u> be given clear and reasonable warning that a chemical is or a particular product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

Although you are not located in California, you are subject to the requirements of Proposition 65 for any listed chemical products you sell in California that contain any of the above chemicals. You thus must take certain actions to ensure that your California purchasers of products containing substances listed pursuant to Proposition 65 receive adequate warnings.

You may be in compliance with Proposition 65 for the above listed chemicals if you provide the following warning on the label and Material Safety Data Sheet for each of your products that includes one of the above chemicals as a component:

"WARNING: This product contains a chemical(s) known to the State of California to cause cancer."

The warning statement must be prominent and displayed with such conspicuousness, as compared with other words, statements, or designs as to render it likely to be read and understood by an ordinary individual.

BYRD0260.WP

-11-

EXHIBIT C

A list of all the chemicals regulated under Proposition 65 may be found in the California Code of Regulations, Title 22, Section 12000.

Failure to provide a Proposition 65 warning for products containing listed chemicals and sold in California may subject you to legal action by the California Attorney General or various environmental groups, wherein monetary penalties of up to \$2,500 per violation could be sought.

Should you have any questions or concerns about this matter, please do not hesitate to contact at 1-XXX-XXXX by phone, or by mail at the above address.

Sincerely,

Title

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EXHIBITS DI-DS

-13-

BYRD0260.4P

EXHIBITS DI - DS



PPG INDUSTRIES, INC.

ONE PPG PLACE

PITTSBURGH, PA 15272

CAS NUMBER: 000075 09 2

METHYLENE CHLORIDE

MSDS NUMBER:

DATE:

05/31/94

EDITION:

012

TRADE NAME:

METHYLENE CHLORIDE

CHEMICAL NAME/SYNONYMS:

DICHLOROMETHANE

CHEMICAL FAMILY:

HALOGENATED HYDROCARBON

FORMULA

CH2CL2

DICHLOROMETHANE

U.S. DOT SHIPPING NAME: U.S. DOT HAZARD CLASS:

6.1 (HARMFUL - STOW AWAY FROM FOODSTUFFS)

SUBSIDIARY RISK:

N/A

I.D. NUMBER:

UN1593 111

PACKING GROUP: REPORTABLE QUANTITY:

1000 LBS/454 KG

DO NOT SHIP IN ALUMINUM TRAILERS.

SECTION 1 * PHYSICAL DATA

BOILING POINT @ 760 MM HG:

39.8 C

VAPOR DENSITY (AIR=1):

2.93 @ 20 C

SPECIFIC GRAVITY (H20=1):

1.32 @ 25/25 C

PH OF SOLUTIONS:

NEUTRAL

FREEZING/MELTING POINT: SOLUBILITY (WEIGHT % IN WATER):

-96.7 C 2 G/100 G

BULK-DENSITY:

11.15 LBS/GAL @ 20 C

VOLUME % VOLATILE:

100

VAPOR PRESSURE: EVAPORATION RATE: 349 MM HG @ 20 C (ETHYL ETHER=1): 0.71

HEAT OF SOLUTION:

APPEARANCE AND ODOR:

CLEAR, COLORLESS LIQUID WITH ETHER-LIKE ODOR

SECTION 2 * INGREDIENTS

MATERIAL

PERCENT

METHYLENE CHLORIDE (STABILIZED)

>99

* * * 24-HOUR EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE, (304) 843-1300 * * *

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Page 1 Of 7

EXHIBIT D-1

Page 2 of 7

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

* * * 54-HOUR EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE, (304) 843-1300 * * *

NONE KNOMN

MEDICYT CONDILIONS CENERALLY AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE:

ON - WHSO IYEC - XES N.L. - LES

IS CHEMICAL LISTED AS A CARCINOGEN OR POTENTIAL CARCINOGEN?

SECTION 5 * EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

NOT DETERMINED

SLIGHTLY TOXIC INCESTION:

MILDLY IRRITATING / IRRITANT SKIN/EXE:

MODERATELY TOXIC SKINS

: NOITAJAHNI SLIGHTLY TOXIC

CLASSIFICATION:

EISH'TC20 (FETHAL CONCENTRATION) NOT DETERMINED

(RAT) 2136 MG/KG PD20 INCESTION: SEE SECLION 2

SKIN/EYE IRRITATION LD50 DERMAL:

ТСГО (НОМАИ) 500 РРМ/6 НВS TCFO (COLINER PIG) 5000 PPM/2 HRS LC50 INHALATION:

TOXICITY DATA:

WARNING: This product is a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

SECTION 4 * HEALTH HAZARD DATA

OR BURNING CAN PRODUCE HYDROGEN CHLORIDE OR POSSIBLE TRACES OF PHOSGENE. THIS CAN OCCUR AT CONCENTRATIONS RANGING BETWEEN 12-193 BY VOL. DECOMPOSITION UPON CONTACT WITH A HIGH ENERGY SPARK, FLAME, OR HIGH INTENSITY SOURCE OF HEAT. VAPORS CONCENTRATED IN A CONFINED OR POORLY VENTILATED AREA CAN BE IGNITED UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:

APPARATUS FOR POSSIBLE EXPOSURE TO HYDROSEN CHLORIDE AND PHOSGENE. FIRE FIGHTERS SHOULD WEAR MIOSH/MSHA APPROVED, SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES:

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: WATER, DRY CHEMICALS, OR CARDON DIOXIDE

NEF: 188

FLAMMABLE LIMITS IN AIR (% BY VOLUME)

: (GREW GOHTAM) THIOG HEALT

NONE (BY DOT TEST METHOD)

SECTION 3 * FIRE/EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

PPG INDUSTRIES, INC.

ONE PPG PLACE

PITTSBURGH, PA 15272



Page 3 Of 7

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

* * * 24-HOUR EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE, (304) 843-1300 * * *

SEVERAL CHRONIC INHALATION STUDIES REPORTED BY NIOSH REVEALED THAT THOM TO INCREASE THE RATE OF SPONTANEOUSLY OCCURRING MALIGHANT TUMORS IN ONE STRAIN OF LABORATORY MICE (1000, 2000, 4000 PPM) MALIGHANT TUMORS IN ONE STRAIN OF LABORATORY MICE (1000, 2000, 4000 PPM) MALIGHANT TUMORS IN ONE STRAIN OF LABORATORY MICE (1000, 2000, 4000 PPM) MALIGHANT TUMORS IN ONE STRAIN OF LABORATORY MICE (1000, 2000, 4000 PPM)

CHEONIC:

CASTROINTESTINAL TRACT.

INGESTION: METHYLENE CHLORIDE HAS A LOW ACUTE ORAL TOXICITY IN SHORTLY AFTER ORAL DOSING, INDICATING RAPID ABSORPTION FROM THE SHORTLY AFTER ORAL DOSING, INDICATING RAPID ABSORPTION FROM THE

АИВ ЗКІИ АВЗОВРТІОИ САИ ОССИВ,

EXEVARIN: LIQUID SPLASHED IN THE SKIN BY CONTAMINATED CLOTHING AND SHOES, PECONING TRAPPED AGAINST THE PROBLEM MAY BE ACCENTUATED BY LIQUID ON THE PROBLEM WAS BEACENTUATED BY LIQUID ON THE PROBLEM WAS BEACENTUATED BY LIQUID ON THE PROBLEM WAS BEAUT IN DISCOMPORT,

PHYSICIAN.

NOT BE ALLOWED TO WORK WITH METHYLENE CHLORIDE UNLESS APPROVED BY A SEPECT IS ADDITIVE IN NATURE WITH THE RISK OF EXPOSURE BEING GREATER THIS EFFECT IS ADDITIVE IN NATURE WITH THE RISK OF EXPOSURE BEING GREATER THIS EFFECT IS ADDITIVE IN NATURE WITH THE RISK OF EXPOSURE BEING GREATER THIS ADDITIVE IN NATURE WITH THE RISK OF EXPOSURE BEING GREATER THIS ADDITIVE IN NATURE WITH METHYLENE CHLORIDE UNLESS APPROVED BY A SEPPONDED TO WORK WITH METHYLENE CHLORIDE UNLESS APPR

FIBRILLATION.

INHALATION: THE PRIMARY EFFECT OF NETHYLENE CHLORIDE INHALATION IS POORLY VENTILED AREAS. FATALORS OR EVEN DEATH IN CONFINED OR THE HEAD, SENSE OF WHORNESS, OR EVEN DEATH IN CONFINED OR THE HEAD, SENSE OF WHORNESS OR EVEN DEATH IN CONFINED OR EXPOSURE TO VERY HIGH CONCENTRATIONS MAY LEAD TO POSSIBLE CENTRAL THE HEAD, SENSE OF WHORNESS. THUGHING OR WUMBUESS OR THE EXTREMITIES, SENSE OF FULLHESS IN THE HEAD, SENSE OF FULLHESS IN SENSE OF WARRANT STUDY, STUDY, SENSE OF WARRANT STUDY,

ACUTE:

ACGIH: 50 PPM, 8-KOUR TWA.

PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LIMITS:

OSHA: 500 PPM, 8-HOUR TWA (TIME WEIGHTED AVERAGE).

1000 PPM, ACCEPTABLE CELLING CONCENTRATION.

SOND PPM, ACCEPTABLE MAXIMUM PEAK ABOVE THE CELLING CONCENTRATION.

SOND PPM, ACCEPTABLE MAXIMUM PEAK ABOVE THE CELLING CONCENTRATION.

SOND PPM, ACCEPTABLE MAXIMUM PEAK ABOVE THE CELLING CONCENTRATION.

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SOND PPM, ACCEPTABLE CELLING CONCENTRATION.

SOND PPM, ACCEPTABLE CHLORIDE IN NOVEMBER 1986.)

PPG INDUSTRIES, INC.

ONE DEC PLACE

PITTSBURGH, PA 15272





PPG INDUSTRIES, INC.

ONE PPG PLACE

PITTSBURGH, PA 15272

AND BENIGN TUMORS IN LABORATORY RATS (2000, 4000 PPM). OTHER ANIMAL STUDIES, AS WELL AS SEVERAL HUMAN EPIDEMIOLOGY STUDIES, HAVE INDICATED A NEGATIVE RESPONSE. METHYLENE CHLORIDE IS NOT BELIEVED TO POSE A CARCINOGENIC RISK TO MAN WHEN HANDLED AS RECOMMENDED.

METHYLENE CHLORIDE IS LISTED UNDER IARC AS A 2B.

* EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES

INHALATION:

REMOVE TO FRESH AIR. IF NOT BREATHING, GIVE ARTIFICIAL RESPIRATION, PREFERABLY MOUTH-TO-MOUTH. IF BREATHING IS DIFFICULT, GIVE OXYGEN. CALL A PHYSICIAN.

EYE OR SKIN CONTACT:

IMMEDIATELY FLUSH EYES AND SKIN WITH PLENTY OF WATER (SOAP AND WATER FOR SKIN) FOR AT LEAST 15 MINUTES WHILE REMOVING CONTAMINATED CLOTHING AND SHOES. IF IRRITATION OCCURS, CONSULT A PHYSICIAN. THOROUGHLY CLEAN CONTAMINATED CLOTHING AND SHOES BEFORE REUSE OR DISCARD.

INGESTION:

IF CONSCIOUS, DRINK LARGE QUANTITIES OF WATER. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. TAKE IMMEDIATELY TO A HOSPITAL OR PHYSICIAN. IF UNCONSCIOUS, OR IN CONVULSIONS, TAKE IMMEDIATELY TO A HOSPITAL. DO NOT ATTEMPT TO GIVE ANYTHING BY MOUTH TO AN UNCONSCIOUS PERSON.

NOTES TO PHYSICIAN (INCLUDING ANTIDOTES):
ONLY ADMINISTER ADRENALINE AFTER CAREFUL CONSIDERATION FOLLOWING METHYLENE
CHLORIDE OVEREXPOSURE. INCREASED SENSITIVITY OF THE HEART TO ADRENALINE
MAY BE CAUSED BY OVEREXPOSURE TO METHYLENE CHLORIDE.

SECTION 6 * REACTIVITY DATA

STABLLITY: STABLE CONDITIONS TO AVOID: AVOID OPEN FLAMES, HOT GLOWING SURFACES OR ELECTRIC ARCS. HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: WILL NOT OCCUR. CONDITIONS TO AVOID: NONE

INCOMPATIBILITY (MATERIALS TO AVOID):
OXIDIZING MATERIALS, ALUMINUM, POTASSIUM, SODIUM, MAGNESIUM, ALUMINUM
SPRAY EQUIP. AROMATIC SOLVENTS OR 1,1,1-TCE SHOULD NOT BE MIXED WITH
METH.CHL. IN CONTACT W/ALUMINUM BECAUSE OF POSSIBLE DECCMP. REACTION.
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:
HYDROGEN CHLORIDE AND PHOSGENE.

* * * 24-HOUR EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE, (304) 843-1300 * * *

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

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bage 5 of 7

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MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

* * * 24-HOUR EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE, (304) 843-1300 * * *

FOR LIMITED SERVICE ONLY: VITON(R), SILVER SHIELD(R), Crones:

SPLASHPROOF GOGGLES

EYE PROTECTION:

EXPOSURES TO RELOW PERMISSIBLE LIMITS.

USE LOCAL EXHAUST OR DILUTION VENTILATION AS APPROPRIATE TO CONTROL ARMITPALION (LISE):

29 CFR 1910,134

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION PROGRAMS MUST BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH BE OBSERVED. OTHER CONFINED AREAS. RESPIRATORS MUST BE APPROVED BY MIOSH OR MAINT RESPIRATOR USE LIMITATIONS MADE BY MIOSH/MSHA AND BY THE MANUFACTURER MUST RESPIRATOR USE LIMITATIONS MADE BY MIOSH/MSHA AND BY THE MANUFACTURER MUST RESPIRATOR USE LIMITATIONS MADE BY MIOSH AND BY THE MANUFACTURER MUST RESPIRATOR USE LIMITATIONS MADE BY MIOSH AND BY THE MANUFACTURER MUST RESPIRATOR OF MADE BY MIOSH AND BY THE MANUFACTURER MUST RESPIRATOR OF MADE BY MIOSH AND BY THE MANUFACTURER MUST RESPIRATOR OF MADE BY MICHAEL MADE BY MIOSH AND BY THE MANUFACTURER MUST RESPIRATOR OF MADE BY MICHAEL MADE BY MIOSH AND BY THE MANUFACTURER MUST RESPIRATOR OF MADE BY MIOSH AND BY THE MANUFACTURER MUST RESPIRATOR OF MADE BY MIOSH AND BY THE MANUFACTURER MUST RESPIRATOR OF MADE BY MIOSH AND BY THE MANUFACTURER MUST RESPIRATOR OF MADE BY MIOSH AND BY THE MANUFACTURER MUST RESPIRATOR OF MADE BY MIOSH AND BY THE MANUFACTURER MUST RESPIRATOR OF MADE BY MICHAEL MADE BY MIOSH AND BY THE MANUFACTURER MADE BY MICHAEL MADE BY MIOSH AND BY THE MANUFACTURER MADE BY MICHAEL MADE BY MIOSH AND BY THE MANUFACTURER MADE BY MICHAEL MADE BY MICHAE AND FOR ALL WORK PERFORMED IN STORAGE VESSELS, POORLY VENTILATED ROOMS, AND CONCENTRATIONS OF METHYLENE CHLORIDE EXCEED PERMISSIBLE LIMITS. USE SELF-WITH AUXILIARY SCBA OPERATED IN THE PRESSURE-DEMAND MODE FOR EMERGENCIES WITH AUXILIARY SCBA OPERATED IN THE PRESSURE-DEMAND MODE FOR EMERGENCIES USE AIRLINE RESPIRATOR OR SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS WHEN RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:

SECTION 8 * SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

OR LOCAL LAWS/REGULATIONS REGARDING DISPOSAL. IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CLEAN AIR ACT, THE CLEAN WATER ACT, THE RESOURCE ALL ACCORDANCE WITH THE CLEAN AIR ACT, AS MELL AS ANY OTHER RELEVANT FEDERAL, STATE, IT IS YOUR DUTY TO DISPOSE OF THE CHEMICAL MATERIALS AND/OR THEIR CONTAINERS MATERIALS AND/OR THEIR CONTAINERS TO PREVENT ENVIRONMENTAL CONTAMINATION. MANAGEMENT FACILITY. CARE MUST BE TAKEN WHEN USING OR DISPOSING OF CHEMICAL REPROCESSED OR INCINERATED OR MUST BE TREATED IN A PERMITTED HAZARDOUS WASTE IN A PERMITTED HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT FACILITY. RECOVERED LIQUIDS MAY BE CONTAMINATED SAWDUST, VERMICULITE, SOIL OR POROUS SURFACE MUST BE DISPOSED OF WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD:

AS NECESSARY AND PLACE IN CLOSED CONTAINERS FOR DISPOSAL. IE PREA OF SPILL IS POROUS, REMOVE AS MUCH CONTAMINATED EARTH, GRAVEL, ETC. HAVE BEEN REMOVED, THOROUGHLY WET VACUUM THE AREA. DO NOT FLUSH TO SEWER. TAINERS FOR DISPOSAL. AFTER ALL VISIBLE TRACES, INCLUDING IGNITABLE VAPORS ON ADSORBENTS, SUCH AS SAWDUST OR VERMICULITE, AND SWEEP INTO CLOSED CON-VENT CONTAMINATION OF GROUND AND SURFACE WATERS. RECOVER SPILLED MATERIAL PERSONNEL SHOULD MOVE UPWIND OF SPILL. ONLY PERSONNEL EQUIPPED WITH PROPER RESPIRATORY AND SKIN/EYE PROTECTION (SEE SECTION 8) SHOULD BE PERMITTED IN TAKE PRECAUTIONS AS NECESSARY TO PRE-IMMEDIATELY EVACUATE THE AREA AND PROVIDE MAXIMUM VENTILATION. **ПИРКОТЕСТЕР** STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS SPILLED OR RELEASED:

SECTION 7 * SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

PPG INDUSTRIES, INC.

ONE PPC PLACE

PITTSBURGH, PA 15272



Page 6 Of 7

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

* * * 24-HOUR EMERCENCY ASSISTANCE, (304) 843-1300 * * *

- * AVOID PROLONGED OR REPEATED CONTACT WITH SKIN. MAY CAUSE IRRITATION OR
 - AVOID CONTACT WITH EYES. WILL CAUSE IRRITATION AND PAIN.
- LIMITS. OBSERVANCE OF LOWER LIMITS (OUTLINED IN SECTION 5) IS ADVISABLE.
- TERM OVEREXPOSURE MAY CAUSE LIVER/KIDNEY DAMAGE.

 USE ONLY WITH ADEQUATE VEHTLATION. VEHTLATION MUST BE SUFFICIENT TO
- UNCONSCIONSNESS, POSSIBLE CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM DAMAGE OR DEATH. LONG-
- OTHER PRECAUTIONS: HIGH VAPOR CONCENTRATIONS CAN CAUSE DISSINESS,
 - DO NOT SHIP IN ALUMINUM TRAILERS.
 - CHLORIDE UNLESS PROPERLY PURGED AND CLEANED.
- * DO NOT USE CUTTING OR WELDING TORCHES ON DRUMS THAT CONTAINED METHYLENE
 - IN SUFFICIENT QUANTITY OR THE RESULTANT MIXTURE MAY HAVE A FLASHPOINT
 - ASTEM.

 A CHLORINATED SOLVENT USED AS A FLASHPOINT SUPPRESSANT MUST BE ADDED
 - SYSTEM OF ALUMINUM CONSTRUCTION, EXAMPLE: PAINT OR ADHESIVE SPRAY
 - PREVENT POSSIBLE SOLVENT DECOMPOSITION (STACKING CORROSION).
 - FOR HUMBN CONSUMPTION. CONTAMINATION THAT DOES OCCUR CANNOT BE EASILY
 - MHICH WAY, IF SUFFICIENTLY SEVERE, RENDER A DRINKING WATER COUTAMINATION PAOID CONTAMINATION OF WATER SUPELLY MONITORED TO AVOID SPILLS OR LEAKS. ANY A AVOID CONTAMINATION OF WATER SUPELLY WONTORED TO AVOID SPILLS OR LEAKS. ANY A AVOID CONTAMINATION OF WATER SUPELLY WONTONER AND USE
 - · VAOID CONTAMINATION OF WATER SUPPLIES. HANDLING, STORAGE AND USE AND TRACES OF PHOSGENE.
 - METHYLENE CHLORIDE.

 * THIS MATERIAL OR ITS VAPORS WHEN IN CONTACT WITH FLAMES, HOT GLOWING SURFACES OR ELECTRIC ARCS CAN DECOMPOSE TO FORM HYDROGEN CHLORIDE GAS
- * LIQUID OXYGEN OR OTHER STRONG OXIDANTS MAY FORM EXPLOSIVE MIXTURES WITH
 - * STORE ONLY IN CLOSED, PROPERLY LABELED CONTAINERS.
 - KEEP CONTAINER CLOSED WHEN NOT IN USE.
- PREADLY PROTECTION (SEE SECTION 8).

 * METHYLENE CHLORIDE VAPORS ARE HEAVIER THAN AIR AND WILL COLLECT IN LOW
- DO NOT USE IN POORLY VEHICLED OR CONFINED SPACES WITHOUT PROPER
- * CYNCES INEOBNATION: HAS CAUSED CANCER IN CERTAIN LABORATORY ANIMALS.

SECTION 9 * SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

IN ACCORDANCE WITH 29 CRF 1910.132 AND 29 CFR 1910.133.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH 29 CRF 1910.132 AND 29 CFR 1910.133.

IN ACCORDANCE WITH 29 CRF 1910.132 AND 29 CFR 1910.133.

POLYVINYL ALCOHOL (DEGR

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ONE PPC PLACE

PITTSBURGH, PA 15272

2dd

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MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

* * * 24-HOUR EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE, (304) 843-1300 * * *

MANAGER, PRODUCT SAFETY R. KENNETH LEE

ALUMINUM TRAILERS ADDED TO PAGE I AND HANDLING PRECAUTIONS (PAGE 7). REVISIONS MADE TO 7/12/93, 11TH EDITION - DATE, EDITION, NOTE REGARDING

NEW JERSEY RICHT-TO-KNOW - GREATER THAN 993 PURE, NO COMPONENT INFORMATION

261.7(B)(3) FOR CLEANING REQUIREMENTS FOR EMPTY CONTAINERS. BE DISPOSED OF ACCORDINGLY UNDER RCRA. SEE 40 CFR 261.33(C) AND

SPILL CLEANUP ARE UDGO HAZARDOUS WASTE AS PER 40 CFR 261.33 AND MUST RCRA - WASTE METHYLENE CHLORIDE AND CONTAMINATED SOLLS/MATERIALS FROM

800-424-880Z.

WATER WHICH EXCEED THE RQ MUST BE REPORTED TO THE WATIOUAL RESPONSE CENTER WITH A REPORTABLE QUANTITY OF 1000 POUNDS. RELEASES TO AIR, LAND, OR CERCLA - LISTED IN TABLE 302.4 OF 40 CFR PART 302 AS A HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE

зиватьисе им зестіом зог.

SECTION 313 AS DICHLOROMETHANE, C) NOT LISTED AS AN EXTREMELY HAZARDOUS SARA TITLE III - A) 311/312 CATEGORIES - ACUTE AND CHRONIC, B) LISTED IN

TSCA - METHYLENE CHLORIDE IS ON THE TSCA INVENTORY UNDER CAS NO. 75-09-2.

- DO NOT EAT, DRINK OR SMOKE IN WORK AREAS.
- DO NOT SWALLOW. SWALLOWING MAY CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.

DERMATITIS.

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PARA-DICHLOROBENZENE

MSDS NUMBER:

0039

DATE:

05/18/95

EDITION:

013

TRADE NAME:

PARA-DICHLOROBENZENE

CHEMICAL NAME/SYNONYMS:

1,4-DICHLOROBENZENE, PARA, P-DCB, PDCB

CHEMICAL FAMILY:

AROMATIC CHLOROHYDROCARBON

FORMULA

CAS NUMBER: 000106 46 7

ELEVATED TEMPERATURE LIQUID, FLAMMABLE, NOS

U.S. DOT SHIPPING NAME: U.S. DOT HAZARD CLASS:

SUBSIDIARY RISK:

3 (FLAMMABLE LIQUID) N/A

I.D. NUMBER:

UN3256

PACKING GROUP:

III

REPORTABLE QUANTITY:

100 LBS/45.4 KG

DOT SHIPPING DESCRIPTION FOR SOLID PARA IN DRUMS: RQ ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, NOS (PARADICHLOROBENZENE), 9, UN3077, PGIII,

MARINE POLLUTANT.

TECHNICAL NAME: PARADICHLOROBENZENE THIS PRODUCT IS A MARINE POLLUTANT.

SECTION 1 * PHYSICAL DATA

174 C

BOILING POINT @ 760 MM HG: VAPOR DENSITY (AIR=1):

5.07 1.248 @ 55 C

SPECIFIC GRAVITY (H20=1): PH OF SOLUTIONS:

NEUTRAL

FREEZING/MELTING POINT:

SOLUBILITY (WEIGHT % IN WATER):

53 C

77 PPM @ 30 C

BULK-DENSITY:

10 LBS/GAL. (LIQ.@ 55 C)

VOLUME & VOLATILE: VAPOR PRESSURE:

100

EVAPORATION RATE:

0.59 MM HG @ 20 C

HEAT OF SOLUTION:

N/A

APPEARANCE AND ODOR:

WHITE CRYSTALLINE SOLID OR CLEAR LIQUID WITH PENETRATING AROMATIC ODOR

SECTION 2 * INGREDIENTS

MATERIAL

PERCENT

PARA-DICHLOROBENZENE

99.9

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MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

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EXHIBIT D-2



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SECTION 3 * FIRE/EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLASH POINT (METHOD USED):

148 F (TAG CLOSED CUP)

FLAMMABLE LIMITS IN AIR (% BY VOLUME)

LEL: UNKNOWN UEL: UNKNOWN

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: CARBON DIOXIDE, DRY CHEMICAL

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES:

FIRE FIGHTERS MUST WEAR NIOSH/MSHA APPROVED, SELF-CONTAINED PRESSURE DEMAND

BREATHING APPARATUS.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:

BURNS TO FORM TOXIC, CORROSIVE HYDROGEN CHLORIDE AND POSSIBLE TRACES OF

PHOSGENE.

SECTION 4 * HEALTH HAZARD DATA

WARNING: This product is a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

TOXICITY DATA:

LC50 INHALATION:

NO EFFECT LEVEL 158 PPM

LD50 DERMAL:

> 6000 MG/KG

SKIN/EYE IRRITATION

2.9/8.0, 13.7/110 (DRAIZE)

LD50 INGESTION: (RATS) 3827 MG/KG FISH, LC50 (LETHAL CONCENTRATION) TLM96: 10 - < 1 PPM

CLASSIFICATION:

INHALATION: SLIGHTLY IRRITATING

SKIN: SKIN/EYE: PRACTICALLY NONTOXIC SLIGHTLY IRRITATING/SEVERE

INGESTION:

MODERATELY TOXIC

AQUATIC:

TOXIC

SECTION 5 * EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

IS CHEMICAL LISTED AS A CARCINGGEN OR POTENTIAL CARCINGGEN?

NTP - YES

IARC - NO

OSHA - NO

MEDICAL CONDITIONS GENERALLY AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE: NONE KNOWN

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MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

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PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LIMITS:
OSHA: 75 PPM, 8-HOUR TWA (TIME WEIGHTED AVERAGE;
110 PPM, 15-MINUTE STEL (SHORT-TERM EXPOSURE LIMIT);
29 CFR 1910.1000, (REV. 3/1/89).
ACGIH: 10 PPM, 8-HOUR TWA.
PPG INTERNAL PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LIMIT (IPEL): 10 PPM, 8-HOUR TWA

ACUTE:

INHALATION: INHALATION OF PARA-DICHLOROBENZENE AT CONCENTRATIONS IN EXCESS OF THE PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LIMITS CAN CAUSE DEPRESSION OF THE CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM. EFFECTS OF SUCH OVEREXPOSURE INCLUDE HEADACHE, DIZZINESS, EYE, NOSE AND THROAT IRRITATION, NAUSEA, FEELING OF DRUNKENNESS, UNCONSCIOUSNESS AND EVEN DEATH - IN CONFINED OR POORLY VENTILATED AREAS. CARDIAC SENSITIZATION, LEADING TO VENTRICULAR FIBRILLATION, MAY OCCUR IN SOME INDIVIDUALS.

EYE/SKIN: IN ANIMAL TESTS, PARA-DICHLOROBENZENE WAS SEVERELY IRRITATING TO THE EYES, WITH IRRITATION CLEARING BY 13 DAYS AFTER EXPOSURE. CONTACT OF SOLID PARTICLES OF PARA-DICHLOROBENZENE WITH THE EYES CAN CAUSE SEVERE IRRITATION AND PAIN. SOLID PARA-DICHLOROBENZENE HAS A SLIGHTLY IRRITATING EFFECT ON THE SKIN, WHEN HELD IN CLOSE CONTACT FOR EXCESSIVE PERIODS OF TIME.

INGESTION: ALTHOUGH INGESTION IS NOT A LIKELY ROUTE OF EXPOSURE IN INDUSTRIAL APPLICATIONS, ACCIDENTAL INGESTION OF LARGE AMOUNTS OF PARA-DICHLOROBENZENE CAN CAUSE ILLNESS SIMILAR TO THOSE LISTED ABOVE FOR INHALATION, OR DEATH.

CHRONIC:

VARIOUS LONG-TERM CHRONIC INHALATION STUDIES INVOLVING SEVERAL SPECIES OF EXPERIMENTAL ANIMALS HAVE REVEALED LIVER AND, TO A LESSER EXTENT, KIDNEY DAMAGE IN THE EXPOSED ANIMALS. SIMILAR LIVER AND KIDNEY EFFECTS WERE NOTED IN ORAL STUDIES IN RATS AND RABBITS. A TWO-YEAR GAVAGE STUDY BY NTP INDICATED CLEAR EVIDENCE FOR CARCINOGENICITY IN MALE AND FEMALE MICE (LIVER ADENOMAS AND CARCINOMAS) AND IN MALE RATS (KIDNEY ADENO-CARCINOMAS). THE FINDINGS FROM THE NTP GAVAGE STUDY IN RATS ARE INCONSISTENT WITH A PREVIOUS INHALATION STUDY, WHICH HAD SHOWN NO EVIDENCE FOR INCREASED INCIDENCE OF TUMORS. OTHER STUDIES HAVE SHOWN PARA-DICHLOROBENZENE TO BE WITHOUT TERATOGENIC (BIRTH DEFECTS) OR MUTAGENIC EFFECTS. PARA-DICHLOROBENZENE IS NOT LISTED BY IARC OR OSHA AS A CARCINOGEN. BASED ON THE NTP STUDY, PARA-DICHLOROBENZENE WOULD BE AN ANIMAL CARCINOGEN. THE RELEVANCE OF THE FINDINGS FROM THE NTP STUDY TO HUMAN HEALTH ARE NOT KNOWN, BUT THE KIDNEY TUMORS IN MALE RATS HAVE BEEN DETERMINED TO BE CAUSED BY A MECHANISM UNIQUE TO THE MALE RAT AND UNLIKELY TO PRESENT A HUMAN CANCER RISK.

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MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

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ONE PPG PLACE

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* EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES

THAT ATTON:

REMOVE TO FRESH AIR. IF NOT BREATHING, GIVE ARTIFICIAL RESPIRATION, PREFERABLY MOUTH-TO-MOUTH. IF BREATHING IS DIFFICULT, GIVE OXYGEN. CALL A PHYSICIAN.

EYE OR SKIN CONTACT:

FOR EYE CONTACT, FLUSH THOROUGHLY WITH PLENTY OF WATER, AND CALL A PHYSICIAN. FOR SKIN CONTACT, FLUSH THOROUGHLY WITH SOAP AND WATER. IF IRRITATION OR DISCOMFORT OCCURS, CONSULT A PHYSICIAN.

INGESTION:

IF CONSCIOUS, DRINK LARGE QUANTITIES OF WATER. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. TAKE IMMEDIATELY TO A HOSPITAL OR PHYSICIAN. IF UNCONSCIOUS, OR IN CONVULSIONS, TAKE IMMEDIATELY TO A HOSPITAL. DO NOT ATTEMPT TO INDUCE VOMITING OR GIVE ANYTHING BY MOUTH TO AN UNCONSCIOUS PERSON.

NOTES TO PHYSICIAN (INCLUDING ANTIDOTES):
ADMINISTRATION OF ADRENALINE MAY BE CONTRAINDICATED FOR OVEREXPOSURES
TO PARA-DICHLOROBENZENE.

SECTION 6 * REACTIVITY DATA

STABILITY: STABLE

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: OPEN FLAMES, HOT GLOWING SURFACES OR ELECTRIC ARCS

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: WILL NOT OCCUR

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: NONE

INCOMPATIBILITY (MATERIALS TO AVOID):

NONE

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

HYDROGEN CHLORIDE AND POSSIBLE TRACES OF PHOSGENE

SECTION 7 * SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS SPILLED OR RELEASED: REMOVE UNPROTECTED PERSONNEL FROM AREA OF SPILL, PROVIDE MAXIMUM VENTILATION AND REMOVE ALL IGNITION SOURCES. ONLY PERSONNEL EQUIPPED WITH NIOSH/MSHA

APPROVED, SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS OR FULL FACEPIECE AIRLINE RESPIRATORS WITH AUXILIARY SCBA'S OPERATED IN THE PRESSURE-DEMAND MODE AND EYE/SKIN PROTECTION SHOULD BE PERMITTED IN AREA. CAREFULLY SHOVEL OR SWEEP

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MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

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UP SPILLED MATERIAL AND PLACE INTO CLOSED CONTAINERS. MAINTAIN VENTILATION UNTIL ALL VAPORS HAVE BEEN ELIMINATED. THEN THOROUGHLY FLUSH AREA OF SPILL

WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD:

PPG RECOMMENDS MATERIAL TO BE RECOVERED AND/OR REPROCESSED. OTHERWISE, IT MUST BE DISPOSED OF BY BURNING IN AN APPROVED INCINERATOR OR DISPOSAL IN AN APPROVED HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT FACILITY. PESTICIDE WASTES ARE TOXIC. IMPROPER DISPOSAL OF EXCESS PESTICIDE, SPRAY MIXTURE, OR RINSATE IS A VIOLATION OF FEDERAL LAW. IF THESE WASTES CANNOT BE DISPOSED OF BY USE ACCORDING TO LABEL INSTRUCTIONS, CONTACT YOUR STATE PESTICIDE OR ENVIRON-MENTAL CONTROL AGENCY, OR THE HAZARDOUS WASTE REPRESENTATIVE AT THE NEAREST EPA REGIONAL OFFICE FOR GUIDANCE.

SECTION 8 * SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:

USE NIOSH/MSHA APPROVED ORGANIC VAPOR CARTRIDGE OR CANISTER RESPIRATOR FOR ROUTINE WORK PURPOSES WHEN AIR CONCENTRATIONS EXCEED THE PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LIMITS. IF DUST IS PRESENT, USE A PARTICULATE PREFILTER. SECTION 7 FOR RESPIRATORY PROTECTION DURING SPILLS OR LEAKS. THE RESPIRATOR USE LIMITATIONS MADE BY NIOSH/MSHA OR THE MANUFACTURER MUST BE OBSERVED. RESPIRATORY PROTECTION PROGRAMS MUST BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH 29CFR 1810.134. VENTILATION (TYPE):

LOCAL EXHAUST VENTILATION SUFFICIENT TO MAINTAIN WORKPLACE CONCENTRATION BELOW PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LIMITS.

EYE PROTECTION:

CHEMICAL SAFETY GOGGLES

GLOVES:

VITON. FOR LIMITED SERVICE ONLY: NITRILE,

POLYVINYL ALCOHOL (DEGRADES IN WATER).

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:

IMPERVIOUS BOOTS, APRONS, OR CHEMICAL SUITS SHOULD BE USED WHEN NECESSARY TO PREVENT SKIN CONTACT. PERSONAL PROTECTIVE CLOTHING AND USE OF EQUIPMENT MUST BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH 29 CFR 1910.132 AND 29 CFR 1910.133.

SECTION 9 * SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN DURING HANDLING AND STORING:

- STORE IN A COOL PLACE BUT NOT BELOW 32 F.
- KEEP CONTAINERS TIGHTLY CLOSED WHEN NOT IN USE.
- STORE ONLY IN CLOSED, PROPERLY LABELED CONTAINERS. DO NOT USE IN CONFINED OR POORLY VENTILATED AREAS.
- PARA-DICHLOROBENZENE VAPORS ARE HEAVIER THAN AIR AND WILL COLLECT IN
- - THIS MATERIAL OR ITS VAPORS WHEN IN CONTACT WITH FLAMES, HOT GLOWING

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MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

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SURFACES OR ELECTRIC ARCS, CAN DECOMPOSE TO FORM HYDROGEN CHLORIDE GAS AND POSSIBLE TRACES OF PHOSGENE.

- * DO NOT CONTAMINATE WATER, FOOD, OR FEED BY STORAGE OR DISPOSAL.
- * THIS PRODUCT IS TOXIC TO FISH. KEEP OUT OF LAKES, PONDS OR STREAMS. DO NOT CONTAMINATE WATER BY CLEANING OF EQUIPMENT OR DISPOSAL OF WASTES.
- * AVOID CONTAMINATION OF WATER SUPPLIES: HANDLING, STORAGE, AND USE PROCEDURES MUST BE CAREFULLY MONITORED TO AVOID SPILLS OR LEAKS. ANY SPILL OR LEAK HAS THE POTENTIAL TO CAUSE UNDERGROUND WATER CONTAMINATION WHICH MAY, IF SUFFICIENTLY SEVERE, RENDER A DRINKING WATER SOURCE UNFIT FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION. CONTAMINATION THAT DOES OCCUR CANNOT BE EASILY
- * COMPLETELY EMPTY DRUM BY SHAKING AND TAPPING SIDES AND BOTTOM TO LOOSEN CLINGING PARTICLES. DRUM REUSE IS LIMITED TO THE SAME CLASS OF PESTICIDE OR TO NONPESTICIDE PRODUCTS, PROVIDING REUSE IS IN COMPLIANCE WITH ALL APPLICABLE GOVERNMENT REGULATIONS. EMPTY DRUM MAY BE DISPOSED OF IN A SANITARY LANDFILL OR BY INCINERATION, IF ALLOWED BY STATE AND LOCAL AUTHORITIES. IF DRUM IS CONTAMINATED AND CANNOT BE REUSED, DISPOSE OF IN THE SAME MANNER.

OTHER PRECAUTIONS:

- * LIQUID MATERIAL IS SHIPPED HOT (155-188 F). AVOID SKIN CONTACT -- CAN CAUSE THERMAL BURNS.
- * DO NOT BREATHE VAPORS.
- * USE ONLY WITH VENTILATION SUFFICIENT TO KEEP EMPLOYEE EXPOSURE BELOW PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LIMIIS (SEE SECTION 5).
- * AVOID CONTACT WITH EYES OR SKIN.
- * DO NOT SWALLOW.
- . KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN.
- * DO NOT EAT, DRINK, OR SMOKE IN WORK AREA.

COMMENTS:

TSCA - PARADICHLOROBENZENE IS ON THE TSCA INVENTORY UNDER CAS #106-46-7.

SARA TITLE III - A) 311/312 CATEGORIES - ACUTE, CHRONIC AND FLAMMABILITY, B) LISTED IN SECTION 313 UNDER 1,4 DICHLOROBENZENE, C) NOT LISTED AS AN EXTREMELY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE IN SECTION 302.

CERCLA - LISTED IN TABLE 302.4 OF 40 CFR PART 302 AS A HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE WITH A REPORTABLE QUANTITY OF 100 POUNDS. RELEASES TO AIR, LAND OR WATER WHICH EXCEED THE RQ MUST BE REPORTED TO THE NATIONAL RESPONSE CENTER, 800-424-8802.

RCRA - WASTE PARADICHLOROBENZENE AND CONTAMINATED SOILS/MATERIALS FROM SPILL CLEANUP ARE U072 HAZARDOUS WASTE AS PER 40 CFR 261.33 AND MUST BE DISPOSED OF ACCORDINGLY UNDER RCRA. SEE 40 CFR 261.33(C) AND 261.7(B)(3) FOR CLEANING REQUIREMENTS FOR EMPTY CONTAINERS.

FIFRA - PARADICHLOROBENZENE IS REGISTERED AS A PESTICIDE WITH EPA FOR MANUFACTURING USE ONLY, EPA REG. NO. 748-68.

CANADIAN WHMIS - A) SENSITIZATION TO PRODUCT: NONE KNOWN, B) REPRODUC-

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TIVE TOXICITY: NONE KNOWN, C) ODOR THRESHOLD: NOT KNOWN, D) PRODUCT USE: URINAL BLOCKS, MOTH CONTROL.

REVISIONS MADE TO 9/28/93, 12TH EDITION - DATE, EDITION, DOT INFORMATION UPDATED.

R. KENNETH LEE MANAGER, PRODUCT SAFETY

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ONE PPG PLACE

PITTSBURGH, PA 15272

PERCHLOROETHYLENE

MSDS NUMBER:

0041

DATE:

12/18/95

EDITION:

018

TRADE NAME:

PERCHLOROETHYLENE

CHEMICAL NAME/SYNONYMS: CHEMICAL FAMILY:

TETRACHLOROETHYLENE, PERCHLORETHYLENE, PERCHLOR

HALOGENATED HYDROCARBON

FORMULA

CCL2=CCL2

CAS NUMBER: 000127 18 4

U.S. DOT SHIPPING NAME:

TETRACHLOROETHYLENE

U.S. DOT HAZARD CLASS:

6.1 (HARMFUL - STOW AWAY FROM FOODSTUFFS)

SUBSIDIARY RISK:

N/A UN1897

I.D. NUMBER: PACKING GROUP:

III

REPORTABLE QUANTITY:

100 LBS/45.4 KG

THIS PRODUCT IS A MARINE POLLUTANT.

* DO NOT SHIP LIGHTLY STABILIZED GRADES IN ALUMINUM TRAILERS.

SECTION 1 * PHYSICAL DATA

BOILING POINT @ 760 MM HG:

VAPOR DENSITY (AIR=1):

121 C 5.83

SPECIFIC GRAVITY (H20=1):

1.6 @ 20/20 C

PH OF SOLUTIONS:

6.8 TO 8.4

FREEZING/MELTING POINT: SOLUBILITY (WEIGHT % IN WATER): -22.3 C

BULK-DENSITY:

0.015% @ 25 C

VOLUME % VOLATILE:

13.6 LBS/GAL @ 20 C

VAPOR PRESSURE:

100

EVAPORATION RATE:

14.2 MM HG @ 20 C (ETHYL ETHER=1): 0.09

HEAT OF SOLUTION:

APPEARANCE AND ODOR:

CLEAR, COLORLESS LIQUID WITH ETHER-LIKE ODOR.

SECTION 2 * INGREDIENTS

MATERIAL

PERCENT

PERCHLOROETHYLENE (STABILIZED)

> 99

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MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

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EXHIBIT D-3



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SECTION 3 * FIRE/EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLASH POINT (METHOD USED):

NONE (BY DOT TEST METHOD)

FLAMMABLE LIMITS IN AIR (% BY VOLUME)

LEL: NONE UEL: NONE

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: WATER, DRY CHEMICALS, OR CARBON DIOXIDE

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES:

FIRE FIGHTERS SHOULD WEAR NIOSH/MSHA APPROVED PRESSURE DEMAND SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS FOR POSSIBLE EXPOSURE TO HYDROGEN CHLORIDE AND POSSIBLE TRACES OF PHOSGENE.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:

PERCHLOR INVOLVED IN FIRES CAN DECOMPOSE TO HYDROGEN CHLORIDE AND POSSIBLE TRACES OF PHOSGENE.

SECTION 4 * HEALTH HAZARD DATA

WARNING: This product is a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

TOXICITY DATA:

LC50 INHALATION:

(RAT) 4000 PPM (4 HOURS)

LD50 DERMAL:

NOT DETERMINED SEE SECTION 5

SKIN/EYE IRRITATION

LD50 INGESTION:

(RABBIT) 5000 MG/KG

FISH, LC50 (LETHAL CONCENTRATION) 96 HR TLM: 100-10 PPM

CLASSIFICATION:

INHALATION: MODERATELY TOXIC

SKIN: SKIN/EYE: NOT DETERMINED

INGESTION:

MILDLY IRRITATING / IRRITANT

SLIGHTLY TOXIC TOXIC

AQUATIC:

SECTION 5 * EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

IS CHEMICAL LISTED AS A CARCINOGEN OR POTENTIAL CARCINOGEN? NTP - YES IARC - YES OSHA - YES

MEDICAL CONDITIONS GENERALLY AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE: PROLONGED EXPOSURE ABOVE THE OSHA PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LIMIT MAY COMPLICATE EXISTING LIVER AND KIDNEY DISEASES.

* * * 24-HOUR EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE, (304) 843-1300 * * *

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ONE PPG PLACE

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PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LIMITS:
OSHA: 25 PPM, 8-HOUR TWA (TIME WEIGHTED AVERAGE); 29 CFR 1910.1000,
TABLE Z-2, REV. 3/1/89. NOTE: THE 1971 LIMIT IS 100 PPM, 8-HOUR TWA.
ACGIH: 25 PPM, 8-HOUR TWA; 100 PPM, 15-MINUTE STEL (SHORT-TERM EXPOSURE

LIMIT).
PPG INTERNAL PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LIMIT: 25 PPM, 8-HOUR TWA; 100 PPM, STEL.

ACUTE:

INHALATION: PERCHLOROETHYLENE IS PRIMARILY A CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM DEPRESSANT AND CAN CAUSE POSSIBLE CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM DAMAGE WITH OVEREXPOSURE. INHALATION CAN CAUSE IRRITATION OF THE RESPIRATORY TRACT, DIZZINESS, NAUSEA, HEADACHE, LOSS OF COORDINATION AND EQUILIBRIUM, UNCONSCIOUSNESS AND EVEN DEATH IN CONFINED OR POORLY VENTILATED AREA. FATALITIES FOLLOWING SEVERE ACUTE EXPOSURE TO VARIOUS CHLORINATED SOLVENTS HAVE BEEN ATTRIBUTED TO VENTRICULAR FIBRILLATION.

EYE/SKIN: LIQUID SPLASHED IN THE EYE CAN RESULT IN DISCOMFORT, PAIN AND IRRITATION. PROLONGED OR REPEATED CONTACT WITH LIQUID ON THE SKIN CAN CAUSE IRRITATION AND DERMATITIS. THE PROBLEM MAY BE ACCENTUATED BY LIQUID BECOMING TRAPPED AGAINST THE SKIN BY CONTAMINATED CLOTHING AND SHOES, AND SKIN ABSORPTION CAN OCCUR.

INGESTION: SWALLOWING OF THIS MATERIAL MAY RESULT IN IRRITATION OF THE MOUTH AND GI TRACT ALONG WITH OTHER EFFECTS AS LISTED ABOVE FOR INHALATION. VOMITING AND SUBSEQUENT ASPIRATION INTO THE LUNGS MAY LEAD TO CHEMICAL PNEUMONIA AND PULMONARY EDEMA WHICH IS A POTENTIALLY FATAL CONDITION.

CHRONIC:

PROLONGED EXPOSURE ABOVE THE OSHA PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LIMITS MAY RESULT IN LIVER AND KIDNEY DAMAGE. PERCHLOROETHYLENE HAS BEEN EXTENSIVELY STUDIED FOR ITS CANCER POTENTIAL. A RECENT NTP STUDY HAS DETERMINED THAT THERE IS CLEAR EVIDENCE OF CARCINOGENICITY (LIVER) IN BOTH MALE AND FEMALE MICE, CLEAR EVIDENCE OF LEUKEMIA IN MALE AND FEMALE RATS AND SOME EVIDENCE OF ANIMAL CARCINOGENICITY (KIDNEY TUMORS) IN MALE RATS. THE NTP STUDY EXPOSED RATS TO 200 AND 400 PPM AND MICE TO 100 AND 200 PPM IN A LIFETIME STUDY. PRUDENT HANDLING PRACTICES SHOULD BE FOLLOWED TO MINIMIZE HUMAN EXPOSURE.

PERCHLOROETHYLENE IS LISTED UNDER IARC AS A 2A.

* EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES

: NOITAJAHNI

REMOVE TO FRESH AIR. IF NOT BREATHING, GIVE ARTIFICIAL RESPIRATION, PREFERABLY MOUTH-TO-MOUTH. IF BREATHING IS DIFFICULT, GIVE OXYGEN.

* * * 24-HOUR EMERGENCY ASSISTANCE, (304) 843-1300 * * *

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

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CALL A PHYSICIAN.
EYE OR SKIN CONTACT:
FLUSH EYES AND SKIN WITH PLENTY OF WATER (SOAP AND WATER FOR SKIN) FOR
AT LEAST 15 MINUTES, WHILE REMOVING CONTAMINATED CLOTHING AND SHOES. IT
IRRITATION OCCURS, CONSULT A PHYSICIAN. THOROUGHLY CLEAN CONTAMINATED
CLOTHING AND SHOES BEFORE REUSE OR DISCARD.

INGESTION:
IF CONSCIOUS, DRINK LARGE QUANTITIES OF WATER. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING.
TAKE IMMEDIATELY TO A HOSPITAL OR PHYSICIAN. IF UNCONSCIOUS, OR IN
CONVULSIONS, TAKE IMMEDIATELY TO A HOSPITAL. DO NOT ATTEMPT TO GIVE
ANYTHING BY MOUTH TO AN UNCONSCIOUS PERSON.

NOTES TO PHYSICIAN (INCLUDING ANTIDOTES):
ONLY ADMINISTER ADRENALINE AFTER CAREFUL CONSIDERATION FOLLOWING PERCHLOROETHYLENE OVEREXPOSURE. INCREASED SENSITIVITY OF THE HEART TO ADRENALINE
MAY BE CAUSED BY OVEREXPOSURE TO PERCHLOROETHYLENE.

SECTION 6 * REACTIVITY DATA

STABILITY: STABLE
CONDITIONS TO AVOID: OPEN FLAMES, HOT GLOWING SURFACES OR ELECTRIC ARCS HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: WILL NOT OCCUR
CONDITIONS TO AVOID: NONE
INCOMPATIBILITY (MATERIALS TO AVOID):
NONE
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:
HYDROGEN CHLORIDE AND POSSIBLE TRACES OF PHOSGENE

SECTION 7 * SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS SPILLED OR RELEASED:
IMMEDIATELY EVACUATE THE AREA AND PROVIDE MAXIMUM VENTILATION. UNPROTECTED
PERSONNEL SHOULD MOVE UPWIND OF SPILL. ONLY PERSONNEL EQUIPPED WITH PROPER
RESPIRATORY AND SKIN/EYE PROTECTION (SEE SECTION 8) SHOULD BE PERMITTED IN
AREA. DIKE AREA TO CONTAIN SPILL. TAKE PRECAUTIONS AS NECESSARY TO PREVENT
CONTAMINATION OF GROUND AND SURFACE WATERS. RECOVER SPILLED MATERIAL ON
ADSORBENTS, SUCH AS SAWDUST OR VERMICULITE, AND SWEEP INTO CLOSED CONTAINERS
FOR DISPOSAL. AFTER ALL VISIBLE TRACES, INCLUDING IGNITABLE VAPORS, HAVE
BEEN REMOVED, THOROUGHLY WET VACUUM THE AREA. DO NOT FLUSH TO SEWER. IF
AREA OF SPILL IS POROUS, REMOVE AS MUCH EARTH AND GRAVEL, ETC. AS NECESSARY
AND PLACE IN CLOSED CONTAINERS FOR DISPOSAL.
WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD:

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CONTAMINATED SAWDUST, VERMICULITE, SOIL OR POROUS SURFACE MUST BE DISPOSED OF IN A PERMITTED HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT FACILITY. RECOVERED LIQUIDS MAY BE REPROCESSED OR INCINERATED OR MUST BE TREATED IN A PERMITTED HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT FACILITY. CARE MUST BE TAKEN WHEN USING OR DISPOSING OF CHEMICAL MATERIALS AND/OR THEIR CONTAINERS TO PREVENT ENVIRONMENTAL CONTAMINATION. IT IS YOUR DUTY TO DISPOSE OF THE CHEMICAL MATERIALS AND/OR THEIR CONTAINERS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CLEAN AIR ACT, THE CLEAN WATER ACT, THE RESOURCE CONSERVATION AND RECOVERY ACT, AS WELL AS ANY OTHER RELEVANT FEDERAL, STATE, OR LOCAL LAWS/REGULATIONS REGARDING DISPOSAL.

SECTION 8 * SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:

ATMOSPHERIC LEVELS SHOULD BE MAINTAINED BELOW THE EXPOSURE GUIDELINE. WHEN RESPIRATORY PROTECTION IS REQUIRED FOR CERTAIN OPERATIONS, USE AN APPROVED AIR PURIFYING RESPIRATOR. THE EFFECTIVENESS OF AN AIR PURIFYING RESPIRATOR IS LIMITED. USE ONLY FOR A SINGLE SHORT-TERM EXPOSURE. USE SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS (SCBA) OR FULL FACEPIECE AIRLINE RESPIRATOR WITH AUXILIARY SCBA OPERATED IN THE PRESSURE DEMAND MODE FOR EMERGENCIES AND FOR ALL WORK PERFORMED IN STORAGE VESSELS, POORLY VENTILATED ROOMS, AND OTHER CONFINED AREAS. RESPIRATORS MUST BE APPROVED BY NIOSH OR MSHA. THE RESPIRATOR USE LIMITATIONS MADE BY NIOSH/MSHA AND BY THE MANUFACTURER MUST BE OBSERVED. RESPIRATORY PROTECTION PROGRAMS MUST BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH VENTILATION (TYPE):

USE LOCAL EXHAUST OR DILUTION VENTILATION AS APPROPRIATE TO CONTROL EXPOSURES TO BELOW PERMISSIBLE LIMITS.

EYE PROTECTION:
SPLASHPROOF GOGGLES
GLOVES:
VITON(R), SILVER SHIELD(R).
FOR LIMITED SERVICE ONLY: NITRILE AND
POLYVINYL ALCOHOL (DEGRADES IN WATER).
OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:
BOOTS, APRONS, OR CHEMICAL SUITS SHOULD BE USED WHEN NECESSARY TO PREVENT
SKIN CONTACT. PERSONAL PROTECTIVE CLOTHING AND USE OF EQUIPMENT MUST BE
IN ACCORDANCE WITH 29 CFR 1910.132 AND 29 CFR 1910.133.

SECTION 9 * SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN DURING HANDLING AND STORING:
* CANCER INFORMATION: MAY CAUSE CANCER IN HUMANS BASED UPON ANIMAL DATA.
RISK DEPENDS UPON CONCENTRATION AND DURATION OF EXPOSURE.

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- * DO NOT USE IN POORLY VENTILATED OR CONFINED SPACES WITHOUT PROPER RESPIRATORY PROTECTION (SEE SECTION 8).
- * PERCHLOROETHYLENE VAPORS ARE HEAVIER THAN AIR AND WILL COLLECT IN LOW AREAS.
- * KEEP CONTAINER CLOSED WHEN NOT IN USE.
- * STORE ONLY IN CLOSED, PROPERLY LABELED CONTAINERS.
- * THIS MATERIAL OR ITS VAPORS WHEN IN CONTACT WITH FLAMES, HOT GLOWING SURFACES OR ELECTRIC ARCS CAN DECOMPOSE TO FORM HYDROGEN CHLORIDE GAS AND TRACES OF PHOSGENE.
- * AVOID CONTAMINATION OF WATER SUPPLIES. HANDLING, STORAGE AND USE PROCEDURES MUST BE CAREFULLY MONITORED TO AVOID SPILLS OR LEAKS. ANY SPILL OR LEAK HAS THE POTENTIAL TO CAUSE UNDERGROUND WATER CONTAMINATION WHICH MAY, IF SUFFICIENTLY SEVERE, RENDER A DRINKING WATER SOURCE UNFIT FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION. CONTAMINATION THAT DOES OCCUR CANNOT BE EASILY CORRECTED.
- * A CHLORINATED SOLVENT USED AS A FLASHPOINT SUPPRESSANT MUST BE ADDED IN SUFFICIENT QUANTITY OR THE RESULTANT MIXTURE MAY HAVE A FLASHPOINT LOWER THAN THE FLAMMABLE COMPONENT.
- * DO NOT USE CUTTING OR WELDING TORCHES ON DRUMS THAT CONTAINED PERCHLORO-ETHYLENE UNLESS PROPERLY PURGED AND CLEANED.
- * DO NOT SHIP LIGHTLY STABILIZED GRADES (TYPE 209) IN ALUMINUM TRAILERS. OTHER PRECAUTIONS:
- * DO NOT BREATHE VAPORS. HIGH VAPOR CONCENTRATIONS CAN CAUSE DIZZINESS, UNCONSCIOUSNESS, POSSIBLE CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM DAMAGE OR DEATH. LONG-TERM OVEREXPOSURE MAY CAUSE LIVER/KIDNEY INJURY.
- * USE ONLY WITH ADEQUATE VENTILATION. VENTILATION MUST BE SUFFICIENT TO LIMIT EMPLOYEE EXPOSURE TO PERCHLOROETHYLENE BELOW PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LIMITS. OBSERVANCE OF LOWER LIMITS (OUTLINED IN SECTION 5) IS ADVISABLE.
- * AVOID CONTACT WITH EYES. WILL CAUSE IRRITATION AND PAIN.
- * AVOID PROLONGED OR REPEATED CONTACT WITH SKIN. MAY CAUSE IRRITATION OR DERMATITIS.
- * DO NOT SWALLOW. SWALLOWING MAY CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.
- * DO NOT EAT, DRINK, OR SMOKE IN WORK AREA.

COMMENTS:

 ${ t TSCA}$ - PERCHLOROETHYLENE IS LISTED ON THE ${ t TSCA}$ INVENTORY UNDER CAS NO. 127-18-4.

SARA TITLE III - A) 311/312 CATEGORIES - ACUTE, CHRONIC, B) LISTED IN SECTION 313 UNDER TETRACHLOROETHYLENE, C) NOT LISTED AS AN EXTREMELY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE IN SECTION 302.

CERCLA - LISTED IN TABLE 302.4 OF 40 CFR PART 302 AS A HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE WITH A REPORTABLE QUANTITY OF 100 POUNDS. RELEASES TO AIR, LAND OR WATER WHICH EXCEED THE RQ MUST BE REPORTED TO THE NATIONAL RESPONSE CENTER, 800-424-8802.

RCRA - WASTE PERCHLOROETHYLENE AND CONTAMINATED SOILS/MATERIALS FROM SPILL CLEAN-UP ARE U210 HAZARDOUS WASTE AS PER 40 CFR 261.33 AND MUST BE DISPOSED OF ACCORDINGLY UNDER RCRA. SEE 40 CFR 261.33(C) AND 261.7(B)(3)

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FOR TRIPLE RINSING REQUIREMENTS FOR EMPTY DRUMS.

NEW JERSEY RIGHT-TO-KNOW - GREATER THAN 99% PURE, NO COMPONENT INFORMATION REQUIRED.

CANADA WHMIS - SENSITIZATION TO PRODUCT: NONE KNOWN; B) REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY: NONE KNOWN; C) ODOR THRESHOLD: APPROXIMATELY 50 PPM; D) PRODUCT USE: DRY CLEANING SOLVENT; E) REQUIRES POISON SYMBOL (CLASS D.1).

REVISIONS MADE TO 4/17/95, 17TH EDITION - DATE, EDITION, IARC UPDATED PERCHLOR AS A 2A VERSUS 2B, CANCER STATEMENT UPDATED UNDER PRECAUTIONS (PAGE 6).

R. KENNETH LEE MANAGER, PRODUCT SAFETY

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PPG INDUSTRIES, INC.

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TRICHLOROETHYLENE

MSDS NUMBER:

0085

DATE:

12/18/95

EDITION:

014

TRADE NAME:

TRICHLOROETHYLENE

CHEMICAL NAME/SYNONYMS:

TRICHLOROETHENE, TRICHLORETHYLENE, TRICHLOR

CHEMICAL FAMILY:

HALOGENATED HYDROCARBONS

FORMULA

CHCL=CCL2

CAS NUMBER: 000079 01 6

U.S. DOT SHIPPING NAME:

TRICHLOROETHYLENE

U.S. DOT HAZARD CLASS:

6.1 (HARMFUL - STOW AWAY FROM FOODSTUFFS)

SUBSIDIARY RISK: I.D. NUMBER:

N/A UN1710

PACKING GROUP: REPORTABLE QUANTITY:

III 100 LBS/45.4 KG

* DO NOT SHIP LIGHTLY STABILIZED GRADES IN ALUMINUM TRAILERS.

SECTION 1 * PHYSICAL DATA

BOILING POINT @ 760 MM HG:

86-88 C

VAPOR DENSITY (AIR=1): SPECIFIC GRAVITY (H20=1): 4.54

PH OF SOLUTIONS:

1.465 @ 20/20 C 6.7 TO 7.5

FREEZING/MELTING POINT:

-86.4 C

SOLUBILITY (WEIGHT % IN WATER):

0.11

BULK-DENSITY:

12.2 LBS/GAL @ 20 C

VOLUME % VOLATILE:

100

VAPOR PRESSURE: EVAPORATION RATE: 57.8 MM HG @ 20 C (ETHYL ETHER=1): 0.28

HEAT OF SOLUTION:

N/A

APPEARANCE AND ODOR:

CLEAR, COLORLESS LIQUID WITH ETHER-LIKE ODOR.

SECTION 2 * INGREDIENTS

MATERIAL

PERCENT

TRICHLOROETHYLENE (STABILIZED)

NOTE: TESTED MIXTURE

> 99

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EXHIBIT D-4



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SECTION 3 * FIRE/EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLASH POINT (METHOD USED):

NONE (BY DOT TEST METHOD)

FLAMMABLE LIMITS IN AIR (% BY VOLUME)

LEL: 7.8% UEL: 528

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: WATER, DRY CHEMICALS OR CARBON DIOXIDE

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES:

FIRE FIGHTERS SHOULD WEAR NIOSH/MSHA APPROVED PRESSURE DEMAND, SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS FOR POSSIBLE EXPOSURE TO HYDROGEN CHLORIDE

AND POSSIBLE TRACES OF PHOSGENE.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS: VAPORS CONCENTRATED IN A CONFINED OR POORLY VENTILATED AREA CAN BE IGNITED UPON CONTACT WITH A HIGH ENERGY SPARK, FLAME, OR HIGH INTENSITY SOURCE OF HEAT. THIS CAN OCCUR AT CONCENTRATIONS RANGING BETWEEN 7.8-52% BY VOL. DECOMPOSI-TION OR BURNING CAN PRODUCE HYDROGEN CHLORIDE OR POSSIBLE TRACES OF PHOSGENE.

SECTION 4 * HEALTH HAZARD DATA

WARNING: This product is a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

TOXICITY DATA:

LC50 INHALATION:

LCLO(RATS) 8000 PPM/4 HOUR

LD50 DERMAL:

NOT DETERMINED

SKIN/EYE IRRITATION

SEE SECTION 5

LD50 INGESTION:

(RAT) 4900-7000 MG/KG

FISH, LC50 (LETHAL CONCENTRATION) SEE SECTION 5

CLASSIFICATION:

INHALATION:

SLIGHTLY TOXIC

SKIN:

NOT DETERMINED

SKIN/EYE:

SKIN-MILDLY IRRITATING/EYE-IRRITANT

INGESTION:

SLIGHTLY TO MODERATELY TOXIC

AQUATIC:

SEE SECTION 5

SECTION 5 * EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

IS CHEMICAL LISTED AS A CARCINOGEN OR POTENTIAL CARCINOGEN?

IARC - YES

OSHA - NO

MEDICAL CONDITIONS GENERALLY AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE: NONE KNOWN

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PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LIMITS:
OSHA: 50 PPM, 8-HOUR TWA (TIME WEIGHTED AVERAGE); 200 PPM, 15-MINUTE STEL
(SHORT-TERM EXPOSURE LIMIT); 29 CFR 1910.1000, TABLE 2.2, REV. 3/1/89.
NOTE: THE 1971 LIMIT IS 100 PPM, 8-HOUR TWA.
ACGIH: 50 PPM, 8-HOUR TWA; 100 PPM, 15-MINUTE STEL.
PPG INTERNAL PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LIMIT: 50 PPM, 8-HOUR TWA.

ACUTE

INHALATION: TRICHLOROETHYLENE IS A CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM DEPRESSANT WHICH CAN CAUSE IRRITATION OF THE RESPIRATORY TRACT, DIZZINESS, NAUSEA, HEADACHE, LOSS OF COORDINATION AND EQUILIBRIUM, POSSIBLE CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM DAMAGE, UNCONSCIOUSNESS AND DEATH IN CONFINED OR POORLY VENTILATED AREAS. FATALITIES FOLLOWING SEVERE ACUTE EXPOSURE HAVE BEEN ATTRIBUTED TO VENTRICULAR FIBRILLATION RESULTING IN CARDIAC FAILURES.

EYE/SKIN: LIQUID SPLASHED IN THE EYE CAN RESULT IN DISCOMFORT, PAIN AND IRRITATION. PROLONGED OR REPEATED CONTACT WITH LIQUID ON THE SKIN CAN CAUSE IRRITATION AND DERMATITIS. THE PROBLEM MAY BE ACCENTUATED BY LIQUID BECOMING TRAPPED AGAINST THE SKIN BY CONTAMINATED CLOTHING AND SHOES, AND SKIN ABSORPTION CAN OCCUR.

INGESTION: SWALLOWING OF THIS MATERIAL MAY RESULT IN IRRITATION OF THE MOUTH AND GI TRACT ALONG WITH OTHER EFFECTS AS LISTED ABOVE FOR INHALATION. VOMITING AND SUBSEQUENT ASPIRATION INTO THE LUNGS MAY LEAD TO CHEMICAL PNEUMONIA AND PULMONARY EDEMA WHICH IS A POTENTIALLY FATAL CONDITION.

CHRONIC:

PROLONGED EXPOSURE ABOVE THE OSHA PERMISSIBLE LIMITS MAY RESULT IN LIVER AND KIDNEY DAMAGE. TRICHLOROETHYLENE HAS BEEN EXTENSIVELY STUDIED FOR CHRONIC EFFECTS IN ANIMALS. WHILE THERE ARE STUDIES IN WHICH TUMORS WERE INDUCED IN MICE, THERE IS NO DOCUMENTED EVIDENCE THAT EXPOSURE TO TRICHLOROETHYLENE PRODUCES CANCER IN HUMANS. TRICHLOROETHYLENE IS LISTED IN GROUP 2A BY LARC BUT IS NOT LISTED BY NTP OR OSHA.

TOXICITY DATA - AQUATIC DATA:
SHEEPSHEAD MINNOWS - 96-HOUR LC50 - 52 MG/L - SLIGHTLY TOXIC
MYSID SHRIMP - 96-HOUR LC50 - 14 MG/L - SLIGHTLY TOXIC
MARINE ALGA - 96-HOUR EC50 - 95 MG/L -SLIGHTLY TOXIC

* EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES

INHALATION:

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REMOVE TO FRESH AIR. IF NOT BREATHING, GIVE ARTIFICIAL RESPIRATION, PREFERABLY MOUTH-TO-MOUTH. IF BREATHING IS DIFFICULT, GIVE OXYGEN. CALL A PHYSICIAN.

EYE OR SKIN CONTACT:

FLUSH EYES AND SKIN WITH PLENTY OF WATER (SOAP AND WATER FOR SKIN) FOR AT LEAST 15 MINUTES WHILE REMOVING CONTAMINATED CLOTHING AND SHOES. IF IRRITATION OCCURS, CONSULT A PHYSICIAN. THOROUGHLY CLEAN CONTAMINATED CLOTHING AND SHOES BEFORE REUSE OR DISCARD.

INGESTION:

IF CONSCIOUS: DRINK LARGE QUANTITIES OF WATER. DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING. TAKE IMMEDIATELY TO A HOSPITAL OR PHYSICIAN.

IF UNCONSCIOUS: OR IN CONVULSIONS, TAKE IMMEDIATELY TO A HOSPITAL. DO NOT ATTEMPT TO GIVE ANYTHING BY MOUTH TO AN UNCONSCIOUS PERSON.

NOTES TO PHYSICIAN (INCLUDING ANTIDOTES):
ONLY ADMINISTER ADRENALINE AFTER CAREFUL CONSIDERATION FOLLOWING TRICHLOROETHYLENE OVEREXPOSURE. INCREASED SENSITIVITY OF THE HEART TO ADRENALINE MAY
BE CAUSED BY OVEREXPOSURE TO TRICHLOROETHYLENE.

SECTION 6 * REACTIVITY DATA

STABILITY: STABLE.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: AVOID OPEN FLAMES, HOT GLOWING SURFACES OR ELECTRIC ARCS.

HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: WILL NOT OCCUR.

CONDITIONS TO AVOID: NONE.

INCOMPATIBILITY (MATERIALS TO AVOID):

AVOID CONTAMINATION WITH CAUSTIC SODA, CAUSTIC POTASH OR OXIDIZING

MATERIALS. SHOCK SENSITIVE COMPOUNDS MAY BE FORMED.

HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:

HYDROGEN CHLORIDE AND POSSIBLE TRACES OF PHOSGENE.

SECTION 7 * SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS SPILLED OR RELEASED:
IMMEDIATELY EVACUATE THE AREA AND PROVIDE MAXIMUM VENTILATION. UNPROTECTED
PERSONNEL SHOULD MOVE UPWIND OF SPILL. ONLY PERSONNEL EQUIPPED WITH PROPER
RESPIRATORY AND SKIN/EYE PROTECTION (SEE SECTION 8) SHOULD BE PERMITTED IN
AREA. DIKE AREA TO CONTAIN SPILL. TAKE PRECAUTIONS AS NECESSARY TO PREVENT
CONTAMINATION OF GROUND AND SURFACE WATERS. RECOVER SPILLED MATERIALS ON
ADSORBENTS, SUCH AS SAWDUST OR VERMICULITE, AND SWEEP INTO CLOSED CONTAINERS
FOR DISPOSAL. AFTER ALL VISIBLE TRACES, INCLUDING IGNITABLE VAPORS, HAVE
BEEN REMOVED, THOROUGHLY WET VACUUM THE AREA. DO NOT FLUSH TO SEWER. IF

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AREA OF SPILL IS POROUS, REMOVE AS MUCH CONTAMINATED EARTH, GRAVEL, ETC. AS NECESSARY AND PLACE IN CLOSED CONTAINERS FOR DISPOSAL. WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD:

CONTAMINATED SAWDUST, VERMICULITE OR POROUS SURFACE MUST BE DISPOSED OF IN A PERMITTED HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT FACILITY. RECOVERED LIQUIDS MAY BE REPROCESSED OR INCINERATED OR MUST BE TREATED IN A PERMITTED HAZARDOUS WASTE MANAGEMENT FACILITY. CARE MUST BE TAKEN WHEN USING OR DISPOSING OF CHEMICAL MATERIALS AND/OR THEIR CONTAINERS TO PREVENT ENVIRONMENTAL. CONTAMINATION. IT IS YOUR DUTY TO DISPOSE OF THE CHEMICAL MATERIALS AND/OR THEIR CONTAINERS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CLEAN AIR ACT, THE CLEAN WATER ACT, THE RESOURCE CONSERVATION AND RECOVERY ACT, AS WELL AS ANY OTHER RELEVANT FEDERAL, STATE, OR LOCAL LAWS/REGULATIONS REGARDING DISPOSAL.

SECTION 8 * SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:

USE A HALF OR FULL FACEPIECE ORGANIC VAPOR CHEMICAL CARTRIDGE OR CANISTER RESPIRATOR WHEN CONCENTRATIONS EXCEED THE PERMISSIBLE LIMITS. USE SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS (SCBA) OR FULL FACEPIECE AIRLINE RESPIRATOR WITH AUXILIARY SCBA OPERATED IN THE PRESSURE-DEMAND MODE FOR EMERGENCIES AND FOR ALL WORK PERFORMED IN STORAGE VESSELS, POORLY VENTILATED ROOMS, AND OTHER CONFINED AREAS. RESPIRATORS MUST BE APPROVED BY NIOSH/MSHA. THE RESPIRATOR USE LIMITATIONS MADE BY NIOSH/MSHA AND BY THE MANUFACTURER MUST BE OBSERVED. RESPIRATORY PROTECTION PROGRAMS MUST BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH 29 CFR 1910.134. VENTILATION (TYPE):

USE LOCAL EXHAUST OR DILUTION VENTILATION AS APPROPRIATE TO CONTROL EXPOSURES TO BELOW PERMISSIBLE LIMITS.

EYE PROTECTION:

SPLASHPROOF GOGGLES

GLOVES:

VITON(R), SILVER SHIELD(R),

POLYVINYL ALCOHOL (DEGRADES IN WATER). OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:

BOOTS, APRONS, OR CHEMICAL SUITS SHOULD BE USED WHEN NECESSARY TO PREVENT SKIN CONTACT. PERSONAL PROTECTIVE CLOTHING AND USE OF EQUIPMENT MUST BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH 29 CFR 1910.132 AND 29 CFR 1910.133.

SECTION 9 * SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN DURING HANDLING AND STORING:
* CANCER INFORMATION: MAY CAUSE CANCER IN HUMANS BASED UPON ANIMAL DATA. RISK
DEPENDS UPON CONCENTRATION AND DURATION OF EXPOSURE.

* TRICHLOROETHYLENE VAPORS ARE HEAVIER THAN AIR AND WILL COLLECT IN LOW

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AREAS.

- * KEEP CONTAINER CLOSED WHEN NOT IN USE.
- * STORE ONLY IN CLOSED, PROPERLY LABELED CONTAINERS.
- * LIQUID OXYGEN OR OTHER STRONG OXIDANTS MAY FORM EXPLOSIVE MIXTURES WITH TRICHLOROETHYLENE.
- * THIS MATERIAL OR ITS VAPORS WHEN IN CONTACT WITH FLAMES, HOT GLOWING SURFACES OR ELECTRIC ARCS CAN DECOMPOSE TO FORM HYDROGEN CHLORIDE GAS AND TRACES OF PHOSGENE.
- * AVOID CONTAMINATION OF WATER SUPPLIES. HANDLING, STORAGE AND USE PROCEDURES MUST BE CAREFULLY MONITORED TO AVOID SPILLS OR LEAKS. ANY SPILL OR LEAK HAS THE POTENTIAL TO CAUSE UNDERGROUND WATER CONTAMINATION WHICH MAY, IF SUFFICIENTLY SEVERE, RENDER A DRINKING WATER SOURCE UNFIT FOR HUMAN CONSUMPTION. CONTAMINATION THAT DOES OCCUR CANNOT BE EASILY CORRECTED.
- * A CHLORINATED SOLVENT USED AS A FLASHPOINT SUPPRESSANT MUST BE ADDED IN SUFFICIENT QUANTITY OR THE RESULTANT MIXTURE MAY HAVE A FLASHPOINT LOWER THAN THE FLAMMABLE COMPONENT.
- * DO NOT USE CUTTING OR WELDING TORCHES ON DRUMS THAT CONTAINED TRICHLORGETHYLENE UNLESS PROPERLY PURGED AND CLEANED.
- * DO NOT SHIP LIGHTLY STABILIZED GRADES IN ALUMINUM TRAILERS. THE ONLY EXCEPTION IS TYPE 145 VAPOR DEGREASING GRADE.
- * DO NOT USE IN POORLY VENTILATED OR CONFINED SPACES WITHOUT PROPER RESPIRATORY PROTECTION (SEE SECTION 8).
 OTHER PRECAUTIONS:
- * DO NOT BREATHE VAPORS. HIGH VAPOR CONCENTRATIONS CAN CAUSE DIZZINESS, UNCONSCIOUSNESS OR DEATH. LONG-TERM OVEREXPOSURE MAY CAUSE LIVER/KIDNEY INJURY AND POSSIBLE CENTRAL MERVOUS SYSTEM DAMAGE.
- * USE ONLY WITH ADEQUATE VENTILATION. VENTILATION MUST BE SUFFICIENT TO LIMIT EMPLOYEE EXPOSURE TO TRICHLOR BELOW PERMISSIBLE LIMITS. OBSERVANCE OF LOWER LIMITS IS ADVISABLE (OUTLINED IN SECTION 5). EYE IRRITATION, DIZZINESS AND/OR DRUNKENNESS ARE SIGNS OF OVEREXPOSURE.
- * AVOID CONTACT WITH EYES. WILL CAUSE IRRITATION AND PAIN.
- * AVOID PROLONGED OR REPEATED CONTACT WITH SKIN. MAY CAUSE IRRITATION OR DERMATITIS.
- * DO NOT SWALLOW. SWALLOWING MAY CAUSE INJURY OR DEATH.
- * DO NOT EAT, DRINK OR SMOKE IN WORK AREAS.

COMMENTS:

TSCA - TRICHLOROETHYLENE IS ON THE TSCA INVENTORY UNDER CAS #79-01-6.

SARA TITLE III - A) 311/312 CATEGORIES - ACUTE AND CHRONIC, B) LISTED IN SECTION 313 UNDER TRICHLOROETHYLENE, C) NOT LISTED AS AN EXTREMELY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE IN SECTION 302.

CERCLA - LISTED IN TABLE 302.4 OF 40 CFR PART 302 AS A HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE WITH A REPORTABLE QUANTITY OF 100 POUNDS. RELEASES TO AIR, LAND OR WATER WHICH EXCEED THE RQ MUST BE REPORTED TO THE NATIONAL RESPONSE CENTER, 800-424-8802.

RCRA - WASTE TRICHLOR AND CONTAMINATED SOILS/MATERIALS FROM SPILL CLEANUP

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AND U228 HAZARDOUS WASTE AS PER 40 CFR 261.33 AND MUST BE DISPOSED OF ACCORDINGLY UNDER RCRA. SEE 40 CFR 261.33(C) AND 261.7(B)(3) FOR CLEANING REQUIREMENTS FOR EMPTY CONTAINERS.

NEW JERSEY RIGHT-TO-KNOW - ALSO CONTAINS BUTYLENE OXIDE (CAS NO. 106-88-7)

CANADIAN WHMIS - A) SENSITIZATION TO PRODUCT: NONE KNOWN, B) REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY: NONE KNOWN, C) ODOR THRESHOLD: NOT KNOWN, D) PRODUCT USE: DEGREASING SOLVENT, E) REQUIRES POISON SYMBOL (CLASS D.1).

REVISIONS MADE TO 5/31/94, 13TH EDITION - DATE, EDITION, IARC CARCINOGEN LISTING CHANGED TO YES, CANCER STATEMENT ADDED TO PRECAUTIONS (PAGE 6).

R. KENNETH LEE MANAGER, PRODUCT SAFETY

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ONE PPG PLACE

PITTSBURGH, PA 15272

CAS NUMBER: 000075 00 3

ETHYL CHLORIDE

MSDS NUMBER:

DATE:

03/31/94

EDITION:

0140 010

TRADE NAME:

ETHYL CHLORIDE

CHEMICAL NAME/SYNONYMS:

MONOCHLOROETHANE

CHEMICAL FAMILY:

CHLORINATED HYDROCARBONS

FORMULA

C2H5CL

ETHYL CHLORIDE

U.S. DOT SHIPPING NAME: U.S. DOT HAZARD CLASS:

2.1 (FLAMMABLE GAS)

SUBSIDIARY RISK: I.D. NUMBER:

N/A UN1037

PACKING GROUP:

N/A

REPORTABLE QUANTITY:

100 LBS/45.4 KG

SECTION 1 * PHYSICAL DATA

BOILING POINT @ 760 MM HG:

54 F 2.23

VAPOR DENSITY (AIR=1): SPECIFIC GRAVITY (H20=1):

0.903 @ 15/4 C

PH OF SOLUTIONS:

ESSENTIALLY NEUTRAL

FREEZING/MELTING POINT:

-217 F

SOLUBILITY (WEIGHT % IN WATER):

0.477 GM/100 ML 7.461 @ 20 C LBS/GAL

BULK-DENSITY: VOLUME & VOLATILE:

100

VAPOR PRESSURE:

464 MM HG @ 32 F

EVAPORATION RATE:

(ETHYL ETHER=1): 1

HEAT OF SOLUTION:

N/A

APPEARANCE AND ODOR:

COLORLESS GAS; LIQUID UNDER PRESSURE; ETHER-LIKE ODOR.

SECTION 2 * INGREDIENTS

MATERIAL

PERCENT

ETHYL CHLORIDE

100

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EXHIBIT D-5



ONE PPG PLACE

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SECTION 3 * FIRE/EXPLOSION HAZARD DATA

FLASH POINT (METHOD USED):

-45 F (OPEN CUP)

FLAMMABLE LIMITS IN AIR (3 BY VOLUME)

LEL: 3.168

HEL.

EXTINGUISHING MEDIA: FOAM, CARBON DIOXIDE, DRY CHEMICALS, WATER SPRAY.

SPECIAL FIRE FIGHTING PROCEDURES:

FIREFIGHTERS MUST WEAR NIOSH/MSHA APPROVED, SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS IN PRESSURE DEMAND MODE. USE WATER SPRAY TO COOL FIRE EXPOSED

CONTAINER.

UNUSUAL FIRE AND EXPLOSION HAZARDS:

EXTREMELY EXPLOSIVE WHEN EXPOSED TO FLAME OR HEAT. CAN REACT VIGOROUSLY WITH OXIDIZING MATERIAL. ETHYL CHLORIDE BURNS WITH A GREEN-EDGED FLAME PROUCING HYDROGEN CHLORIDE, CAPBON DIOXIDE, WATER AND TRACES OF PHOSGENE.

SECTION 4 * HEALTH HAZARD DATA

WARNING: This product is a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

TOXICITY DATA: N/A

LC50 INHALATION:

LD50 DERMAL:

SKIN/EYE IRRITATION

LD50 INGESTION:

FISH, LC50 (LETHAL CONCENTRATION)

(G. PIG) LCLO 4000 PPM/45 MINUTES

NOT APPLICABLE

SEE SECTION 5 NOT APPLICABLE

96-HR. TLM - OVER 1000 PPM

CLASSIFICATION:

SKIN:

INHALATION: ANESTHETIC EFFECTS PRODUCES FROSTBITE

SKIN/EYE:

PRODUCES FROSTBITE

INGESTION:

NOT APPLICABLE

AQUATIC: NOT TOXIC

SECTION 5 * EFFECTS OF OVEREXPOSURE

IS CHEMICAL LISTED AS A CARCINOGEN OR POTENTIAL CARCINOGEN?

IARC - NO

OSHA - NO

MEDICAL CONDITIONS GENERALLY AGGRAVATED BY EXPOSURE: NONE KNOWN.

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PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LIMITS: OSHA: 1000 PPM (2600 MG/CU.M.), 8-HOUR TWA (TIME WEIGHTED AVERAGE), 29 CFR 1910.1000.

PPG INTERNAL PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LIMIT (IPEL): 200 PPM, 8-HOUR TWA (TIME WEIGHTED AVERAGE); 375 PPM, STEL (SHORT-TERM EXPOSURE LIMIT).

INHALATION: CAN PRODUCE VARYING DEGREES OF INTOXICATION, E.G., INCOORDINATION, DRUNKENNESS, POSSIBLE CONVULSIONS, ABDOMINAL CRAMPS, AND IT HAS BEEN REPORTED THAT CONCENTRATED VAPORS CAN PRODUCE COMA. NARCOTIC AND ANESTHETIC EFFECTS IN HUMANS AND MAY PRODUCE DEEP OR EVEN FATAL ANESTHESIA.

SKIN CONTACT: LIQUID SPILLED ON SKIN MAY CAUSE RAPID COOLING AND POSSIBLE FROSTBITE.

EYE CONTACT: NO SPECIFIC KNOWN EFFECTS; HOWEVER, IT CAN BE INFERRED THAT THE SAME WOULD OCCUR AS CONTACT WITH SKIN - THAT IS, TISSUE DAMAGE DUE TO RAPID COOLING (FROSTBITE).

CHRONIC:

THE EFFECTS OF LONG-TERM, LOW LEVEL EXPOSURES TO THIS PRODUCT HAVE NOT BEEN DETERMINED. SAFE HANDLING OF THIS MATERIAL ON A LONG-TERM BASIS SHOULD EMPHASIZE THE AVOIDANCE OF ALL EFFECTS FROM REPETITIVE ACUTE EXPOSURES.

* EMERGENCY AND FIRST AID PROCEDURES

INHALATION:

REMOVE PATIENT TO FRESH AIR. IF NOT BREATHING, GIVE ARTIFICIAL RESPIRTION, PREFERABLY MOUTH-TO-MOUTH. IF BREATHING IS DIFFICULT, GIVE OXYGEN. CALL A PHYSICIAN.

EYE OR SKIN CONTACT:

SKIN CONTACT: IMMEDIATELY PLUNGE SKIN INTO WATER. THEN WASH WITH SOAP AND WATER. BECAUSE OF ETHYL CHLORIDE'S RAPID EVAPORATION RATE, IT CAN PRODUCE FROSTBITE; FOR FROSTBITE, DO NOT RUB. PLACE IN LUKEWARM WATER AND MAKE WARM. GIVE PATIENT A WARM DRINK. EXERCISE AFTER THAWING. IF IRRITATION PERSISTS, CONTACT A PHYSICIAN.

EYE CONTACT: IMMEDIATELY FLUSH EYES WITH PLENTY OF WATER FOR AT LEAST 15

MINUTES. IF IRRITATION OCCURS, CONSULT A PHYSICIAN.

INGESTION:

NOT A LIKELY ROUTE OF EXPOSURE.

NOTES TO PHYSICIAN (INCLUDING ANTIDOTES):

AVOID USE OF ADRENALINE IN ANY CASE WHERE A PERSON HAS BEEN OVERCOME BY

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ONE PPG PLACE

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ETHYL CHLORIDE TO AVOID POTENTIAL ARYTHMIAS.

SECTION 6 * REACTIVITY DATA

STABILITY: STABLE
CONDITIONS TO AVOID: MATERIALS LISTED BELOW.
HAZARDOUS POLYMERIZATION: WILL NOT OCCUR.
CONDITIONS TO AVOID: NONE.
INCOMPATIBILITY (MATERIALS TO AVOID):
ALKALI METALS, ALUMINUM, ALKALINE METALS AND OXIDIZERS
HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS:
BURNING FORMS TOXIC, CORROSIVE HYDROGEN CHLORIDE AND POISONOUS
PHOSGENE GAS. REACTS WITH ALUMINUM AND ALKALINE METALS FORMING
FLAMMABLE AND TOXIC PRODUCTS.

SECTION 7 * SPILL OR LEAK PROCEDURES

STEPS TO BE TAKEN IF MATERIAL IS SPILLED OR RELEASED: EVACUATE AREA AND ELIMINATE ALL SOURCES OF IGNITION. PROVIDE MAXIMUM VENTILATION. ONLY PERSONS EQUIPPED WITH NIOSH/MSHA APPROVED, SELF-CONTAINED BREATHING APPARATUS OR FULL FACEPIECE, AIRLINE RESPIRATORS WITH AUXILIARY SCBA'S OPERATED IN THE PRESSURE DEMAND MODE AND SKIN/EYE PROTECTION PERMITTED IN AREA. ATTEMPT TO SHUT OFF SOURCE OF LEAK. DIKE AREA TO CONTAIN SPILL. ALLOW SPILLED MATERIAL TO EVAPORATE. WASTE DISPOSAL METHOD: PPG RECOMMENDS INCINERATION IN APPROVED, LIQUID BURNING HAZARDOUS WASTE INCINERATOR. SMALL QUANTITIES SHOULD BE ALLOWED TO EVAPORATE. BE TAKEN WHEN USING OR DISPOSING OF CHEMICAL MATERIALS AND/OR THEIR CON-TAINERS TO PREVENT ENVIRONMENTAL CONTAMINATION. IT IS YOUR DUTY TO DISPOSE OF THE CHEMICAL MATERIALS AND/OR THEIR CONTAINERS IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE CLEAN AIR ACT, THE CLEAN WATER ACT, THE RESOURCE CONSERVATION AND RECOVERY ACT AS WELL AS ANY OTHER RELEVANT FEDERAL, STATE, OR LOCAL LAWS/REGULATIONS REGARDING DISPOSAL.

SECTION 8 * SPECIAL PROTECTION INFORMATION

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION:
USE NIOSH/MSHA APPROVED AIRLINE RESPIRATOR FOR ROUTINE WORK PURPOSES WHEN
AIR CONCENTRATIONS EXCEED THE PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LIMITS. SEE SECTION 7
FOR RESPIRATORY PROTECTION DURING SPILLS OR LEAKS. THE RESPIRATOR USE
LIMITATIONS MADE BY NIOSH/MSHA OR THE MANUFACTURER MUST BE OBSERVED. RES-

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PIRATORY PROTECTION PROGRAMS MUST MEET THE REQUIREMENTS OF 29 CFR 1910.134.

GENERAL VENTILATION SUFFICIENT TO MAINTAIN EMPLOYEE EXPOSURE BELOW PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LIMITS AND PREVENT ACCUMULATION OF EXPLOSIVE MIXTURE OF HIGH CONCENTRATIONS OF ETHYL CHLORIDE VAPORS.

EYE PROTECTION:

CLOSE FITTING CHEMICAL SAFETY GOGGLES.

GLOVES:

PVA, VITON, NITRILE

OTHER PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT:

BOOTS, APRONS, OR CHEMICAL SUITS SHOULD BE USED WHEN NECESSARY TO PREVENT SKIN CONTACT. PERSONAL PROTECTIVE CLOTHING AND USE OF EQUIPMENT MUST BE IN ACCORDANCE WITH 29 CFR 1910.132 AND 29 CFR 1910.133.

SECTION 9 * SPECIAL PRECAUTIONS

PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN DURING HANDLING AND STORING:

- * STORE AWAY FROM DIRECT SUNLIGHT AND OTHER SOURCES OF HEAT.
- * DO NOT SKID, DRAG, OR DROP CYLINDERS.
- * BEFORE UNLOADING PURGE AIR FROM UNLOADING SYSTEM.
- * CONTAINER, SYSTEM, AND STORAGE TANK MUST BE ELECTRICALLY GROUNDED BEFORE UNLOADING. STORAGE TANK SHOULD BE GROUNDED AT ALL TIMES.
- * ADEQUATE VENTILATION MUST BE MAINTAINED IN STORAGE AREAS TO REDUCE FIRE HAZARD IN THE EVENT OF A LEAK.
- * ETHYL CHLORIDE IS HEAVIER THAN AIR AND WILL COLLECT IN LOW AREAS IN THE ABSENCE OF VENTILATION.
- * STORE ONLY IN CLOSED, PROPERLY LABELED CONTAINERS.
- OTHER PRECAUTIONS:
- * KEEP AWAY FROM HEAT, SPARKS, FLAME, OR ANY OTHER TYPE OF IGNITION SOURCE.
- * AVOID CONTACT WITH SKIN/EYES. CAN CAUSE FROSTBITE AND/OR TISSUE DAMAGE DUE TO RAPID EVAPORATION.
- * DO NOT BREATHE VAPORS. HIGH VAPOR CONCENTRATION CAN CAUSE UNCONSCIOUSNESS
- * USE ONLY WITH ADEQUATE VENTILATION. VENTILATION MUST BE SUFFICIENT TO LIMIT EMPLOYEE EXPOSURE TO ETHYL CHLORIDE IN WORK AREA BELOW THE PERMISSIBLE EXPOSURE LIMITS.

COMMENTS:

TSCA - ETHYL CHLORIDE IS ON THE TSCA INVENTORY UNDER CAS NO. 75-00-3.

SARA TITLE III - A) 311/312 CATEGORIES - ACUTE, FLAMMABILITY AND SUDDEN PRESSURE RELEASE, B) LISTED IN SECTION 313 UNDER CHLOROETHANE, C) NOT LISTED AS AN EXTREMELY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE IN SECTION 302.

CERCLA - LISTED IN TABLE 302.4 OF 40 CFR PART 302 AS A HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE WITH A REPORTABLE QUANTITY OF 100 POUNDS. RELEASES TO AIR, LAND OR WATER WHICH EXCEED THE RQ MUST BE REPORTED TO THE NATIONAL RESPONSE CENTER,

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800-424-8802.

REVISIONS MADE TO 8/12/93, 9TH EDITION - DATE, EDITION, UPDATED INCOMPATIBILITY STATEMENT (PAGE 4).

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